

GreenTrol[®]

Automation Inc.



AIRFLOW MEASUREMENT AND CONTROL PRODUCT CATALOG

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Thermal Dispersion Airflow and Airflow/Temperature Measurement

The GF Series use the principal of thermal dispersion to determine the airflow rate. Thermal dispersion is ideal for HVAC applications that typically require measurement of low air velocities. Each sensing node uses two thermistors to determine airflow. One thermistor is self-heated above ambient while a second thermistor determines the ambient air temperature. The power dissipated into the airstream is directly related to the airflow rate.

The GF Series is available with integral or remote transmitters. Remote transmitters accept GreenTrol IAT integrated airflow/temperature sensors. IAT integrated airflow/temperature sensors are also compatible with many GreenTrol controllers.

GF-A1000-DI Airflow Measurement Device

The GF-A1000-DI airflow measurement device is a low cost, high performance, solution for airflow measurement in smaller round ducts. Designed for insertion mounting, the GF-A1000-DI is provided with an integral transmitter. Simply provide 24 VAC/DC power and connect the output cable wires to a BAS or other analog input device to determine the airflow rate. Available in aluminum or stainless steel. Fits 4 to 16 inch round ducts.



GF-A1001-DI Airflow/Temperature Measurement Device

The GF-A1001-DI airflow/temperature measurement device is essentially the GF-A1000-DI with an additional analog output signal for temperature..



GF-N1000-DI Airflow/Temperature Measurement Device

The GF-N1000-DI airflow/temperature measurement device is functionally the same as the GF-A1001-DI with the exception that the BAS connection is via RS-485 field selectable BACnet MS/TP or Modbus RTU. In addition to airflow and temperature capability, device status is also available via the network.



IAT-DI Airflow/Temperature Probe

The IAT-DI integrated probe is compatible with GF Series remote transmitters and various GreenTrol application specific controllers. The probe is designed for insertion into small round ducts and is available with a 3, 10, 25 or 50 foot plenum rated cable with connector plug. Available in aluminum or stainless steel. Fits 4 to 16 inch round ducts.



IAT-UI Airflow/Temperature Probe

The IAT-UI integrated probe is compatible with GF Series remote transmitters and various GreenTrol application specific controllers. The probe is designed for insertion into ducts or other air paths and is available with a 3, 10, 25 or 50 foot plenum rated cable with connector plug. Available in aluminum only. Universal, adjustable length tube, is available in 6, 8 and 16 inch probe lengths. Applicable for ducts or other openings up to 8 sq ft.



IAT-US Airflow/Temperature Probe

The IAT-US integrated probe is compatible with GF Series remote transmitters and various GreenTrol application specific controllers. The probe is designed for insertion into outdoor air intakes, plenums or other air paths and is available with a 3, 10, 25 or 50 foot plenum rated cable with connector plug. Available in aluminum only. Universal, adjustable length tube can be rotated on its mounting bracket. Probes are available in 6, 8 and 16 inch lengths. Applicable for outdoor air intakes, plenums or other openings up to 8 sq ft.



GF-A2000 Transmitter for IAT Probes

The GF-A2000 transmitter accepts one IAT-DI probe or up to two IAT-UI/US probes. The transmitter has two analog output signals. One output signal can be assigned to the average airflow of the connected probes or the airflow of the individual probe connected to "P1" when two IAT-UI/DI probes are used. The second output signal can be assigned to the probe connected to "P2" or the average temperature of the connected probes. A contact closure relay is also provided that can be assigned to one or more of the built-in alarms.



GF-N3000 Transmitter for IAT Probes

The GF-N3000 transmitter is functionally the same as the GF-A2000 with the exception that the BAS connection is via RS-485 field selectable BACnet MS/TP or Modbus RTU. In addition to airflow, temperature and alarm capability, device status is also available via the network.



Analog Output Insertion Mount Thermal Dispersion Airflow Measurement Device (AMD) for Round Ducts



- Built-in transmitter provides a linear analog airflow output signal
- Can be configured to provide the equivalent velocity pressure output in lieu of airflow
- Thermal dispersion technology
- Calibrated from 0 to 3,000 FPM
- Stable bead-in-glass thermistor sensors
- NIST traceable airflow and temperature measurement
- Calibrated to volumetric airflow standards
- Accurate and repeatable
- Field calibration is not required
- Fits standard 4 to 16 inch round ducts
- Easy to install insertion probe design
- Available in aluminum or stainless steel

Typical Installations:

- Hospital, laboratory and clean room ducts
- Terminal boxes
- Outdoor air intakes to fan coils
- Makeup air ducts to air handlers

The GF-A1000-DI airflow measurement device is a low cost, high performance, solution for airflow measurement in smaller round ducts. The GF-A1000-DI is provided with an integral transmitter. Simply provide 24 VAC/DC power and connect the output cable wires to a BAS or other analog input device to determine the airflow rate.

The GF-A1000-DI airflow measurement device is designed for duct insertion applications. Probes are available with one or two sensor nodes. Installed airflow accuracy is $\pm 4\%$ of reading to NIST traceable standards when installed in accordance to published placement guidelines.

The GF-A1000-DI measurement device uses the principal of thermal dispersion to determine the airflow rate. Thermal dispersion is ideal for HVAC applications that typically require

measurement of low air velocities. Each sensing node uses two thermistors to determine airflow. One thermistor is self-heated above ambient while a second thermistor determines the ambient air temperature. The power dissipated into the airstream is directly related to the airflow rate.

Each thermistor body is a hermetically sealed bead-in-glass probe. Bead-in-glass thermistors have demonstrated extreme stability and superior performance over chip type thermistors used by other manufacturers. The bead-in-glass sensor used has been time tested for over 35 years by GreenTrol's sister company, EBTRON. Thermistors are potted in a waterproof sensor assembly and are designed for years of trouble-free operation.

Each sensing node is individually calibrated at 7 points in high-performance wind tunnels. The transmitter processes each individual sensor node independently. The result is the true average airflow rate when more than one sensing node is applied.

GF-A1000-DI Technical Specifications

Functionality

Airflow Measurement: Provides the average airflow rate in FPM [m/s] to analog output AO1.

User Interface

Output Scaling: Set by DIP switch

Airflow Measurement Probe

Type: -DI Duct Insertion Thermal Dispersion Airflow Measurement Probe

Available Configurations

4 inch [102 mm]: 1 probe x 1 sensor node

5 to 16 inch [127 to 406 mm]: 1 probe x 2 sensor nodes

Sensing Node Sensors

Self-heated sensor: Precision, hermetically sealed, bead-in-glass thermistor probe

Temperature sensor: Precision, hermetically sealed, bead-in-glass thermistor probe

Probe Tube

Material: Mill finish 6063 aluminum (optional: 316 SS)

Probe Mounting Brackets

Material: 304 stainless steel

Probe Mounting:

Insertion

Sensing Node Housing

Material: Glass-filled Polypropylene

Sensor Potting Materials: Waterproof marine epoxy

Sensing Node Internal Wiring

Material: Kynar® coated copper

Airflow Measurement

Averaging Method: Independent, arithmetic average

Installed Accuracy: Better than $\pm 4\%$ of reading to NIST traceable airflow standards

Calibrated Range: 0 to 3,000 fpm [0 to 15.24 m/s]

Calibration Points: 7

Analog Output

AO1

Assignment: Linear airflow output signal or equivalent velocity pressure

Configurable Ranges: 0-5V/1-5V or 0-10V/2-10V- specify at time of order

Note: The VDC output circuit can drive the input circuit of devices designed to measure 4-wire, 4-20mA, current loops with a resistive load ≥ 250 ohms

Environmental Limits & Power Requirements

Environmental Limits

Temperature: -20 to 120 °F [-28.9 to 48.9 °C]

Humidity: 5 to 95%

Important: Not recommended for outdoor use

Power Requirement: 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @5V-A

Analog Output Insertion Mount Thermal Dispersion Airflow/Temperature Measurement Device (ATMD) for Round Ducts



- Built-in transmitter provides linear analog airflow and temperature output signals
- Can be configured to provide the equivalent velocity pressure output in lieu of airflow
- Thermal dispersion technology
- Calibrated from 0 to 3,000 FPM
- Stable bead-in-glass thermistor sensors
- NIST traceable airflow and temperature measurement
- Calibrated to volumetric airflow standards
- Accurate and repeatable
- Field calibration is not required
- Fits standard 4 to 16 inch round ducts
- Easy to install insertion probe design
- Available in aluminum or stainless steel

Typical Installations:

- Hospital, laboratory and clean room ducts
- Terminal boxes
- Outdoor air intakes to fan coils
- Makeup air ducts to air handlers

The GF-A1001-DI airflow/temperature measurement device is a low cost, high performance, solution for airflow and temperature measurement in smaller round ducts. The GF-A1001-DI is provided with an integral transmitter. Simply provide 24 VAC/DC power and connect the output cable wires to a BAS or other analog input device to determine the airflow rate and temperature.

The GF-A1001-DI airflow/temperature measurement device is designed for duct insertion applications. Probes are available with one or two sensor nodes. Installed airflow accuracy is $\pm 4\%$ of reading to NIST traceable standards when installed in accordance to published placement guidelines.

The GF-A1001-DI measurement device uses the principal of thermal dispersion to determine the airflow rate. Thermal

dispersion is ideal for HVAC applications that typically require measurement of low air velocities. Each sensing node uses two thermistors to determine airflow. One thermistor is self-heated above ambient while a second thermistor determines the ambient air temperature. The power dissipated into the airstream is directly related to the airflow rate.

Each thermistor body is a hermetically sealed bead-in-glass probe. Bead-in-glass thermistors have demonstrated extreme stability and superior performance over chip type thermistors used by other manufacturers. The bead-in-glass sensor used has been time tested for over 35 years by GreenTrol's sister company, EBTRON. Thermistors are potted in a waterproof sensor assembly and are designed for years of trouble-free operation.

Each sensing node is individually calibrated at 7 points in high-performance wind tunnels. The transmitter processes each individual sensor node independently. The result is the true average airflow rate and temperature when more than one sensing node is applied.

GF-A1001-DI Technical Specifications

Functionality

Airflow Measurement: Provides the average airflow rate in FPM [m/s] to analog output AO1.

Temperature Measurement: Provides the velocity weighted temperature in °F [°C] to analog output AO2

User Interface

Output Scaling: Set by DIP switch

Airflow/Temperature Measurement Probe

Type: -DI Duct Insertion Thermal Dispersion Airflow and Temperature Measurement Probe

Available Configurations

4 inch [102 mm]: 1 probe x 1 sensor node

5 to 16 inch [127 to 406 mm]: 1 probe x 2 sensor nodes

Sensing Node Sensors

Self-heated sensor: Precision, hermetically sealed, bead-in-glass thermistor probe

Temperature sensor: Precision, hermetically sealed, bead-in-glass thermistor probe

Probe Tube

Material: Mill finish 6063 aluminum (optional: 316 SS)

Probe Mounting Brackets

Material: 304 stainless steel

Probe Mounting: Insertion

Sensing Node Housing

Material: Glass-filled Polypropylene

Sensor Potting Materials: Waterproof marine epoxy

Sensing Node Internal Wiring

Material: Kynar® coated copper

Airflow Measurement

Averaging Method: Independent, arithmetic average

Installed Accuracy: Better than ±4% of reading to NIST traceable airflow standards

Calibrated Range: 0 to 3,000 fpm [0 to 15.24 m/s]

Calibration Points: 7

Temperature Measurement

Averaging Method: Independent, velocity weighted

Accuracy: ±0.15°F [0.08 °C]

Analog Outputs

A01

Assignment: Linear airflow output signal or equivalent velocity pressure

Configurable Ranges: 0-5V/1-5V or 0-10V/2-10V- specify at time of order

A02

Assignment: Temperature output signal

Configurable Ranges: 0-5V/1-5V or 0-10V/2-10V- must be same as A01

Note: The VDC output circuit can drive the input circuit of devices designed to measure 4-wire, 4-20mA, current loops with a resistive load ≥250 ohms

Environmental Limits & Power Requirements

Environmental Limits

Temperature: -20 to 120 °F [-28.9 to 48.9 °C]

Humidity: 5 to 95%

Important: Not recommended for outdoor use

Power Requirement: 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @5V-A

RS-485 BACnet/Modbus Insertion Mount Thermal Dispersion Airflow/ Temperature Measurement Device (ATMD) for Round Ducts



- Built-in transmitter provides one RS-485 BACnet MS/TP or Modbus RTU network connection for airflow, equivalent velocity pressure and temperature
- Thermal dispersion technology
- Calibrated between 0 and 3,000 FPM
- Stable bead-in-glass thermistor sensors
- NIST traceable airflow and temperature measurement
- Calibrated to volumetric airflow standards
- Accurate and repeatable
- Field calibration is not required
- Fits standard 4 to 16 inch round ducts
- Easy to install insertion probe design
- Available in aluminum or stainless steel

Typical Installations:

- Hospital, laboratory and clean room ducts
- Terminal boxes
- Outdoor air intakes to fan coils
- Makeup air ducts to air handlers

The GF-N1000-DI airflow/temperature measurement device is a low cost, high performance, solution for airflow and temperature measurement in smaller round ducts. The GF-N1000-DI is provided with an integral transmitter. Simply provide 24 VAC/DC power and connect the network connection to a BAS or other RS-485 device to determine the airflow rate and temperature.

The GF-N1000-DI airflow/temperature measurement device is designed for duct insertion applications. Probes are available with one or two sensor nodes. Installed airflow accuracy is $\pm 4\%$ of reading to NIST traceable standards when installed in accordance to published placement guidelines.

The GF-N1000-DI measurement device uses the principal of thermal dispersion to determine the airflow rate. Thermal

dispersion is ideal for HVAC applications that typically require measurement of low air velocities. Each sensing node uses two thermistors to determine airflow. One thermistor is self-heated above ambient while a second thermistor determines the ambient air temperature. The power dissipated into the airstream is directly related to the airflow rate.

Each thermistor body is a hermetically sealed bead-in-glass probe. Bead-in-glass thermistors have demonstrated extreme stability and superior performance over chip type thermistors used by other manufacturers. The bead-in-glass sensor used has been time tested for over 35 years by GreenTrol's sister company, EBTRON. Thermistors are potted in a waterproof sensor assembly and are designed for years of trouble-free operation.

Each sensing node is individually calibrated at 7 points in high-performance wind tunnels. The transmitter processes each individual sensor node independently. The result is the true average airflow rate and temperature when more than one sensing node is applied.

GF-N1000-DI Technical Specifications

Functionality

Airflow Measurement: Provides the average airflow rate in FPM [m/s] or CFM [LPS] via the network connection

Temperature Measurement: Provides the velocity weighted temperature in °F [°C] via the network connection

User Interface

Baud Rate, Protocol and Addressing: DIP switch

End of Line Termination: Jumper

Important: Modification of the factory default settings requires that power is cycled to the device. It is recommended that each device is bench configured prior to installation OR settings are provided at the time of order so that the device can be factory configured prior to shipment.

Airflow/Temperature Measurement Probe

Type: -DI Duct Insertion Thermal Dispersion Airflow and Temperature Measurement Probe

Available Configurations

4 inch [102 mm]: 1 probe x 1 sensor node

5 to 16 inch [127 to 406 mm]: 1 probe x 2 sensor nodes

Sensing Node Sensors

Self-heated sensor: Precision, hermetically sealed, bead-in-glass thermistor probe

Temperature sensor: Precision, hermetically sealed, bead-in-glass thermistor probe

Probe Tube

Material: Mill finish 6063 aluminum (optional: 316 SS)

Probe Mounting Brackets

Material: 304 stainless steel

Probe Mounting: Insertion

Sensing Node Housing

Material: Glass-filled Polypropylene

Sensor Potting Materials: Waterproof marine epoxy

Sensing Node Internal Wiring

Material: Kynar® coated copper

Airflow Measurement

Averaging Method: Independent, arithmetic average

Installed Accuracy: Better than ±4% of reading to NIST traceable airflow standards

Calibrated Range: 0 to 3,000 fpm [0 to 15.24 m/s]

Calibration Points: 7

Temperature Measurement

Averaging Method: Independent, velocity weighted

Accuracy: ±0.15°F [0.08 °C]

Network Connection

N1

Type: Non-isolated, field selectable MS/TP BACnet master or Modbus RTU connection (provide separate transformer to each GF-N1000-DI or an RS-485 network isolator if isolation is required)

B.A.S. Object/Register Read/Write Access: Yes

Device Load: 1/8 load

Supported Baud Rates: 9.6, 19.2, 38.4 and 76.8 kbaud

Environmental Limits & Power Requirements

Environmental Limits

Temperature: -20 to 120 °F [-28.9 to 48.9 °C]

Humidity: 5 to 95%

Important: Not recommended for outdoor use

Power Requirement: 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @5V-A

Insertion Mount Thermal Dispersion Airflow/Temperature Measurement Probe for Round Ducts



- Compatible with GreenTrol transmitters and controllers that accept IAT integrated sensors
- Thermal dispersion technology
- Calibrated from 0 to 3,000 FPM
- Stable bead-in-glass thermistor sensors
- NIST traceable airflow and temperature measurement
- Calibrated to volumetric airflow standards
- Accurate and repeatable
- Field calibration is not required
- Fits standard 4 to 16 inch round ducts
- Easy to install insertion probe design
- Available in aluminum or stainless steel
- FEP plenum rated cable with terminal DIN connector plug provided

Typical Installations:

- Hospital, laboratory and clean room ducts
- Terminal boxes
- Outdoor air intakes to fan coils
- Makeup air ducts to air handlers

IAT (integrated airflow/temperature) sensors reduce cost by eliminating the redundancy of a separate transmitter for airflow and temperature measurement. The processing circuitry and firmware is integrated into one of GreenTrol's microprocessor-based transmitters or application specific controllers.

The IAT-DI airflow/temperature sensor is designed for duct insertion applications. Probes are available with one or two sensor nodes. Installed airflow accuracy is $\pm 4\%$ of reading to NIST traceable standards when installed in accordance to published placement guidelines.

The IAT-DI sensor probe uses the principal of thermal dispersion to determine the airflow rate. Thermal dispersion is ideal for HVAC applications that typically require measurement of low air velocities. Each sensing node uses two thermistors to

determine airflow. One thermistor is self-heated above ambient while a second thermistor determines the ambient air temperature. The power dissipated into the airstream is directly related to the airflow rate.

Each thermistor body is a hermetically sealed bead-in-glass probe. Bead-in-glass thermistors have demonstrated extreme stability and superior performance over chip type thermistors used by other manufacturers. The bead-in-glass sensor used has been time tested for over 35 years by GreenTrol's sister company, EBTRON. Thermistors are potted in a waterproof sensor assembly and are designed for years of trouble-free operation.

Each sensing node is individually calibrated at 7 points in high-performance wind tunnels. Transmitters and controllers measure and process each individual sensor node independently. The result is the true average airflow rate and temperature when more than one sensing node is applied.

IAT-DI Technical Specifications

Functionality

Airflow Measurement: Provides individual sensor node airflow rates to compatible GreenTrol transmitters and controllers

Temperature Measurement: Provides individual sensor node temperatures to compatible GreenTrol transmitters and controllers

Airflow/Temperature Measurement Probe

Type: -DI Duct Insertion Thermal Dispersion Airflow and Temperature Measurement Probe

Available Configurations

4 inch [102 mm]: 1 probe x 1 sensor node

5 to 16 inch [127 to 406 mm]: 1 probe x 2 sensor nodes

Sensing Node Sensors

Self-heated sensor: Precision, hermetically sealed, bead-in-glass thermistor probe

Temperature sensor: Precision, hermetically sealed, bead-in-glass thermistor probe

Probe Tube

Material: Mill finish 6063 aluminum (optional: 316 SS)

Probe Mounting Brackets

Material: 304 stainless steel

Probe Mounting: Insertion

Sensing Node Housing

Material: Glass-filled Polypropylene

Sensor Potting Materials: Waterproof marine epoxy

Sensing Node Internal Wiring

Material: Kynar® coated copper

Probe to Transmitter Cables

Material: FEP jacket, plenum rated CMP/CL2P, UL/cUL listed, -67 to 392 °F [-55 to 200 °C], UV tolerant

Standard Lengths: 3, 10, 25 and 50 ft. [0.91, 3.1, 7.6 and 15.2 m]

Connecting Plug: 0.60" [15.24 mm] nominal diameter

Airflow Measurement

Averaging Method: Independent, arithmetic average

Installed Accuracy: Better than ±4% of reading to NIST traceable airflow standards

Calibrated Range: 0 to 3,000 fpm [0 to 15.24 m/s]

Calibration Points: 7

Temperature Measurement

Averaging Method: Independent, velocity weighted

Accuracy: ±0.15°F [0.08 °C]

Environmental Limits & Power Requirements

Environmental Limits

Temperature: -20 to 160 °F [-28.9 to 71.1 °C]

Note: Temperature limits for operation may be limited by the transmitter or controller selected

Humidity: 0 to 100%

Power Requirement: Power is provided by the transmitter or controller and is included in the transmitter/controller power requirement specification

Universal Insertion Mount Thermal Dispersion Airflow/Temperature Measurement Probe for Ducts



- Compatible with GreenTrol transmitters and controllers that accept IAT integrated sensors
- Thermal dispersion technology
- Calibrated from 0 to 3,000 FPM
- Stable bead-in-glass thermistor sensors
- NIST traceable airflow and temperature measurement
- Accurate and repeatable
- Designed for openings up to 8 square feet
- Universal mounting design facilitates ordering and installation
- Three probe lengths available
- Aluminum probe construction
- FEP plenum rated cable with terminal DIN connector plug provided

Typical Installations:

- Rectangular, round and oval interior supply, return, exhaust and outdoor air intake ducts

IAT (integrated airflow/temperature) sensors reduce cost by eliminating the redundancy of a separate transmitter for airflow and temperature measurement. The processing circuitry and firmware is integrated into one of GreenTrol's microprocessor-based transmitters or application specific controllers.

The IAT-UI airflow/temperature sensor is designed for insertion mounting into interior ducts (ducts protected from rain and/or snow). One or two probes with a single sensor node are typically used. Sensor node airflow accuracy is $\pm 3\%$ of reading to NIST traceable standards. An installed accuracy of $\pm 10\%$ of reading or better can often be achieved without field adjustment. A field adjust wizard built into GreenTrol's transmitters and application specific controllers facilitate field setup when conditions warrant.

The IAT-UI sensor probe uses the principal of thermal dispersion to determine the airflow rate. Thermal dispersion is ideal for HVAC applications that typically require measurement

of low air velocities. Each sensing node uses two thermistors to determine airflow. One thermistor is self-heated above ambient while a second thermistor determines the ambient air temperature. The power dissipated into the airstream is directly related to the airflow rate.

Each thermistor body is a hermetically sealed bead-in-glass probe. Bead-in-glass thermistors have demonstrated extreme stability and superior performance over chip type thermistors used by other manufacturers. The bead-in-glass sensor used has been time tested for over 35 years by GreenTrol's sister company, EBTRON. Thermistors are potted in a waterproof sensor assembly and are designed for years of trouble-free operation.

Each sensing node is individually calibrated at 7 points in high-performance wind tunnels. Transmitters and controllers measure and process each individual sensor node independently. The result is the true average airflow rate and temperature when more than one sensing node is applied.

IAT-UI Technical Specifications

Functionality

Airflow Measurement: Provides individual sensor node airflow rates to compatible GreenTrol transmitters and controllers
Temperature Measurement: Provides individual sensor node temperatures to compatible GreenTrol transmitters and controllers

Airflow/Temperature Measurement Probe

Type: -US Universal Insertion Mount Thermal Dispersion Airflow and Temperature Measurement Probe

Available Configurations

Single Probe: 1 probe x 1 sensor node/probe
Dual Probe: 2 probes x 1 sensor node/probe

Sensing Node Sensors

Self-heated sensor: Precision, hermetically sealed, bead-in-glass thermistor probe
Temperature sensor: Precision, hermetically sealed, bead-in-glass thermistor probe

Probe Tube

Material: Mill finish 6063 aluminum

Probe Mounting Brackets

Material: 304 stainless steel

Probe Length: 6, 8 or 16 in. [152.4, 203.2 or 406.4 mm] (adjustable)

Sensing Node Housing

Material: Glass-filled Polypropylene
Sensor Potting Materials: Waterproof marine epoxy

Sensing Node Internal Wiring

Material: Kynar® coated copper

Probe to Transmitter Cables

Material: FEP jacket, plenum rated CMP/CL2P, UL/cUL listed, -67 to 392 °F [-55 to 200 °C], UV tolerant
Standard Lengths: 10, 25 and 50 ft. [3.1, 7.6 and 15.2 m]
Connecting Plug: 0.60" [15.24 mm] nominal diameter

Airflow Measurement

Sensor Accuracy: ±3% of reading to NIST-traceable airflow standards
Averaging Method: Independent, arithmetic average
Installed Accuracy: Typically better than ±10% of reading in ducts/ openings ≤ 8 sq ft [0.74 sq m]
Calibrated Range: 0 to 2,000 fpm [0 to 10.16 m/s]
Calibration Points: 7

Temperature Measurement

Averaging Method: Independent, velocity weighted
Accuracy: ±0.15°F [0.08 °C]

Environmental Limits & Power Requirements

Environmental Limits

Temperature: -20 to 160 °F [-28.9 to 71.1 °C]

Note: Temperature limits for operation may be limited by the transmitter or controller selected

Humidity: 0 to 100%

Power Requirement: Power is provided by the transmitter or controller and is included in the transmitter/controller power requirement specification

Universal Standoff Mount Thermal Dispersion Airflow/Temperature Measurement Probe for Outdoor Intakes, Plenums and Fan Cabinets



- Compatible with GreenTrol transmitters and controllers that accept IAT integrated sensors
- Thermal dispersion technology
- Calibrated from 0 to 3,000 FPM
- Stable bead-in-glass thermistor sensors
- NIST traceable airflow and temperature measurement
- Accurate and repeatable
- Designed for openings up to 8 square feet
- Universal mounting design facilitates ordering and installation
- Three probe lengths available
- Aluminum probe construction
- FEP plenum rated cable with terminal DIN connector plug provided

Typical Installations:

- Rooftop air handler outdoor air intakes
- Fan cabinets and powered exhaust boxes
- Unit ventilator outdoor air intakes
- ERV cabinet and wheel intake/exhaust paths

IAT (integrated airflow/temperature) sensors reduce cost by eliminating the redundancy of a separate transmitter for airflow and temperature measurement. The processing circuitry and firmware is integrated into one of GreenTrol's microprocessor-based transmitters or application specific controllers.

The IAT-US airflow/temperature sensor is designed for mounting inside of plenums or other openings where airflow measurement is desired. One or two probes with a single sensor node are typically used. Sensor node airflow accuracy is $\pm 3\%$ of reading to NIST traceable standards. An installed accuracy of $\pm 10\%$ of reading or better can often be achieved without field adjustment. A field adjust wizard built into GreenTrol's transmitters and application specific controllers facilitate field setup when conditions warrant.

The IAT-US sensor probe uses the principal of thermal dispersion to determine the airflow rate. Thermal dispersion is ideal for HVAC applications that typically require measurement of low air velocities. Each sensing node uses two thermistors to determine airflow. One thermistor is self-heated above ambient while a second thermistor determines the ambient air temperature. The power dissipated into the airstream is directly related to the airflow rate.

Each thermistor body is a hermetically sealed bead-in-glass probe. Bead-in-glass thermistors have demonstrated extreme stability and superior performance over chip type thermistors used by other manufacturers. The bead-in-glass sensor used has been time tested for over 35 years by GreenTrol's sister company, EBTRON. Thermistors are potted in a waterproof sensor assembly and are designed for years of trouble-free operation.

Each sensing node is individually calibrated at 7 points in high-performance wind tunnels. Transmitters and controllers measure and process each individual sensor node independently. The result is the true average airflow rate and temperature when more than one sensing node is applied.

IAT-US Technical Specifications

Functionality

Airflow Measurement: Provides individual sensor node airflow rates to compatible GreenTrol transmitters and controllers
Temperature Measurement: Provides individual sensor node temperatures to compatible GreenTrol transmitters and controllers

Airflow/Temperature Measurement Probe

Type: -US Universal Insertion Mount Thermal Dispersion Airflow and Temperature Measurement Probe

Available Configurations

Single Probe: 1 probe x 1 sensor node/probe
Dual Probe: 2 probes x 1 sensor node/probe

Sensing Node Sensors

Self-heated sensor: Precision, hermetically sealed, bead-in-glass thermistor probe
Temperature sensor: Precision, hermetically sealed, bead-in-glass thermistor probe

Probe Tube

Material: Mill finish 6063 aluminum

Probe Mounting Brackets

Material: 304 stainless steel

Probe Length: 6, 8 or 16 in. [152.4, 203.2 or 406.4 mm] (adjustable)

Sensing Node Housing

Material: Glass-filled Polypropylene
Sensor Potting Materials: Waterproof marine epoxy

Sensing Node Internal Wiring

Material: Kynar® coated copper

Probe to Transmitter Cables

Material: FEP jacket, plenum rated CMP/CL2P, UL/cUL listed, -67 to 392 °F [-55 to 200 °C], UV tolerant
Standard Lengths: 10, 25 and 50 ft. [3.1, 7.6 and 15.2 m]
Connecting Plug: 0.60" [15.24 mm] nominal diameter

Airflow Measurement

Sensor Accuracy: ±3% of reading to NIST-traceable airflow standards
Averaging Method: Independent, arithmetic average
Installed Accuracy: Typically better than ±10% of reading in ducts/openings ≤ 8 sq ft [0.74 sq m]
Calibrated Range: 0 to 2,000 fpm [0 to 10.16 m/s]
Calibration Points: 7

Temperature Measurement

Averaging Method: Independent, velocity weighted
Accuracy: ±0.15°F [0.08 °C]

Environmental Limits & Power Requirements

Environmental Limits

Temperature: -20 to 160 °F [-28.9 to 71.1 °C]

Note: Temperature limits for operation may be limited by the transmitter or controller selected

Humidity: 0 to 100%

Power Requirement: Power is provided by the transmitter or controller and is included in the transmitter/controller power requirement specification

Analog Output Airflow/Temperature Transmitter Module w/Contact Closure Airflow Alarm



- Compatible with GreenTrol IAT integrated thermal dispersion airflow/temperature sensors
- LCD with pushbutton user interface standard
- Measures airflow and temperature
- Airflow and system status notification alarms
- Two analog outputs and one dry contact relay
- Analog outputs can be assigned to one or two airflow locations, temperature and/or notification alarms.
- Contact closure relay can be assigned to notification alarms
- “Plug and play” operation
- Field adjust wizard facilitates airflow adjustment when conditions warrant
- Fully field configurable

- √ Provide continuous verification of airflow rates
- √ Ideal for monitoring applications
- √ Connect to an application controller to maintain airflow rates and/or temperature
- √ Demonstrate compliance with ASHRAE Standards 62.1, 90.1 and 189.1
- √ Satisfy LEED prerequisites and document code compliance
- √ Improve indoor air quality and thermal comfort
- √ Save energy

The GF-A2000 can be provided with a single integrated IAT-DI duct probe or, one or two integrated IAT-UI or IAT-US universal mount probes.

The GF-A2000 provides a linear analog output signal for the average airflow of one or two probes on analog output AO1. A

second analog output, AO2, can be configured to output the airflow of the second probe for applications where two probes are installed in separate locations. Analog output AO2 can also be assigned to temperature or one of the notification alarms. A contact closure relay is provided that can be assigned to the notification alarms. The GF-A2000 can be configured for I-P or SI units of measure.

Although the transmitter is “plug and play” and operates on power up, it is fully configurable in the field using the pushbutton interface and LCD.

GF-A2000 Transmitter Module Technical Specifications

Functionality

Airflow Measurement: Provides the average airflow rate in FPM [m/s] or CFM [LPS] on the LCD and to analog output AO1 and optionally AO2 when two probes are provided

Temperature Measurement: Provides the velocity weighted or arithmetic average temperature in °F [°C] on the LCD and to analog output AO2 when AO2 is assigned to temperature

Notification Alarms

High/Low Airflow Alarm

System Trouble Alarm

Note: Alarms can be assigned to the contact closure relay or analog output AO2

User Interface

Display: 16-character alpha-numeric LCD

Navigation: 4-button interface

Integrated Sensor Capability

Type: Accepts GreenTrol IAT-DI, IAT-UI and IAT-US Thermal Dispersion Airflow and Temperature Measurement Probe (required). See appropriate IAT product data sheet for probe information.

Available Configurations: IAT-DI Probes

Single Probe: 1 probe x 1 or 2 sensor nodes/probe

Available Configurations: IAT-UI and IAT-US Probes

Single Probe: 1 probe x 1 sensor node/probe

Dual Probe: 2 probes x 1 sensor node/probe

Analog Outputs

AO1

Assignment: Average airflow output signal of connected probes (P1 and/or P2) or P1 if AO2 is assigned to P2

Configurable Ranges: 0-5V, 0-10V or 2-10V

AO2

Assignment: Airflow output signal of P2, average temperature output signal of connected probes or notification alarm

Configurable Ranges: 0-5V, 0-10V or 2-10V

Note: The VDC output circuit can drive the input circuit of devices designed to measure 4-wire, 4-20 mA, current loops with a resistive load ≥ 250 ohms

Contact Closure Relay

R1

Type: Dry contact w/ onboard jumper to drive a remote LED

Assignment: Notification alarms

Status: Normally Open (N.O.)

Rating: 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3 amp. max.

Environmental Limits, Power Requirements & Dimensions

Environmental Limits

Temperature: -20 to 120 °F [-28.9 to 48.9 °C]

Humidity: 5 to 95%

Important: Provide a weather-proof enclosure if the transmitter module is mounted outdoors

Power Requirement: 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @8.5V-A

Dimensions: 3.57H x 6.00W x 1.50D in. [90.7 x 152.4 x 38.1 mm]

RS-485 BACnet/Modbus Airflow/Temperature Transmitter Module w/Contact Closure Airflow Alarm



- Compatible with GreenTrol IAT integrated thermal dispersion airflow/temperature sensors
- LCD with pushbutton user interface standard
- Measures airflow and temperature
- Airflow and system status notification alarms
- RS-485 network connection can be field configured for BACnet MS/TP or Modbus RTU
- Airflow can be assigned to one or two airflow locations when more than one probe is provided
- Contact closure relay can be assigned to notification alarms
- “Plug and play” operation
- Field adjust wizard facilitates airflow adjustment when conditions warrant.
- Fully field configurable

- √ Provide continuous verification of airflow rates
- √ Ideal for monitoring applications
- √ Connect to an application controller to maintain airflow rates and/or temperature
- √ Demonstrate compliance with ASHRAE Standards 62.1, 90.1 and 189.1
- √ Satisfy LEED prerequisites and document code compliance
- √ Improve indoor air quality and thermal comfort
- √ Save energy

The GF-N3000 can be provided with a single integrated IAT-DI duct probe or, one or two integrated IAT-UI or IAT-US universal mount probes.

The GF-N3000 provides a network connection for the average airflow of one or two probes. It can also be configured to output

the airflow of the second probe for applications where two probes are installed in separate locations. Temperature and notification alarms are available via the network. The airflow and temperature of individual sensor nodes are available via the network, if desired. A contact closure relay is provided that can be assigned to the notification alarms. The GF-N3000 can be configured for I-P or SI units of measure.

Although the transmitter is “plug and play” and operates on power up, it is fully configurable in the field using the pushbutton interface and LCD.

GF-N3000 Transmitter Module Technical Specifications

Functionality

Airflow Measurement: Provides the average airflow rate of one or two probes, or optionally of individual probes, in FPM [m/s] or CFM [LPS] on the LCD and via the network.

Temperature Measurement: Provides the velocity weighted or arithmetic average temperature in °F [°C] on the LCD and to analog output AO2 when AO2 is assigned to temperature.

Notification Alarms

High/Low Airflow Alarm

System Trouble Alarm

Note: Alarms can be assigned to the contact closure relay

User Interface

Display: 16-character alpha-numeric LCD

Navigation: 4-button interface

Integrated Sensor Capability

Type: Accepts GreenTrol IAT-DI, IAT-UI and IAT-US Thermal Dispersion Airflow and Temperature Measurement Probe (required unless an external MS/TP airflow measurement device is provided). See appropriate IAT product data sheet for probe information.

Available Configurations: IAT-DI Probes

Single Probe: 1 probe x 1 or 2 sensor nodes/probe

Available Configurations: IAT-UI and IAT-US Probes

Single Probe: 1 probe x 1 sensor node/probe

Dual Probe: 2 probes x 1 sensor node/probe

Network Connection

N1

Type: Non-isolated, field selectable MS/TP BACnet master or Modbus RTU connection (provide separate transformer to each GF-N1000-DI or an RS-485 network isolator if isolation is required)

B.A.S. Object/Register Read/Write Access: Yes

Device Load: 1/8 load

Supported Baud Rates: 9.6, 19.2, 38.4 and 76.8 kbaud

Contact Closure Relay

R1

Type: Dry contact w/ onboard jumper to drive a remote LED

Assignment: OAC alarms or Control Mode

Status: Normally Open (N.O.)

Rating: 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3 amp. max.

Environmental Limits, Power Requirements & Dimensions

Environmental Limits

Temperature: -20 to 120 °F [-28.9 to 48.9 °C]

Humidity: 5 to 95%

Important: Provide a weather-proof enclosure if the transmitter module is mounted outdoors

Power Requirement: 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @8.5V-A

Dimensions: 3.57H x 6.00W x 1.50D in. [90.7 x 152.4 x 38.1 mm]

Non-Dispersive Infra Red (NDIR) CO₂ Measurement with ABC Logic

The GS and TA Series CO₂ sensors use NDIR technology to determine the CO₂ level. NDIR uses an infra-red light source through a patented wave guide that filters the infra-red signature of the CO₂ gas to a thermopile receiver. Automatic background calibration (ABC logic) ensures years of calibration free performance when enabled. ABC logic essentially uses the unoccupied CO₂ level over an extended period of time to adjust the calibration of the sensor. ABC logic should not be enabled if the facility does not have unoccupied periods of operation.

GreenTrol CO₂ sensors are available in wall and duct mount models, with some models having additional sensing capability.

GS-N100-W CO₂ Sensor - Wall Mount

The GS-N100-W is a high performance CO₂ sensor in an attractive enclosure. It is ideal for today's demanding DCV applications. The GS-N100-W time-tested and reliable BACnet MS/TP and Modbus RTU firmware is superior to competitive CO₂ sensors. Its reliability makes it the only approved network wall mounted CO₂ sensor for GreenTrol outdoor air controllers.



GS-N300-W CO₂/RH/Temperature Sensor - Wall Mount

The GS-N300-W is essentially the GS-N100-W package with the addition of a relative humidity and space temperature sensor.



GS-N100-D CO₂ Sensor - Duct Mount with Pitot Sampling Tube

The GS-N100-D is a high performance CO₂ sensor that comes with a pitot sampling tube that is inserted into a duct. It is provided with tubing and an inline filter that allows the pitot tube to sample from return air ducts for DCV applications. The GS-N100-D time-tested and reliable BACnet MS/TP and Modbus RTU firmware is superior to competitive CO₂ sensors. Its reliability makes it the only approved network duct mounted CO₂ sensor for GreenTrol outdoor air controllers.



TA-A8041/42-D CO₂ Sensor - Duct Mount Probe

The TA-A8041-D and TA-8042-D CO₂ sensors are designed to be mounted through the side of a duct or plenum. The sensor is typically mounted in the return air duct or plenum near or at the air handler prior to the introduction of outdoor air. The sensor outputs a 0-10 VDC signal for CO₂ and is compatible with any GreenTrol controller that accepts an analog output CO₂ sensor.



TA-A8031-D CO₂ Sensor - Duct Mount Module

The TA-A8031-D CO₂ sensor is designed to be mounted inside of a duct or plenum. The sensor is typically mounted in the return air duct or plenum near or at the air handler prior to the introduction of outdoor air. The sensor outputs a 0-10 VDC signal for CO₂ and is compatible with any GreenTrol controller that accepts an analog output CO₂ sensor.



RS-485 BACnet/Modbus Wall Mount CO₂ Sensor



- NDIR CO₂ sensing technology
- 0 to 2,000 ppm range
- ABC logic ensures long-term calibration stability
- Non-Isolated RS-485 output circuitry
- Time-tested and reliable BACnet and Modbus firmware
- Field selectable BACnet MS/TP or Modbus RTU protocols
- BACnet master
- DIP switch selectable baud rates
- Attractive wall-mount package
- Compatible with all GreenTrol application specific controllers
- Operates on 24 VAC/DC

- √ Use with GreenTrol outdoor airflow controllers to provide advanced CO₂-DCV or ASHRAE 62.1 compliant population-based DCV
- √ Demonstrate compliance with ASHRAE Standards 62.1, 90.1 and 189.1
- √ Satisfy LEED requirements
- √ Maintain acceptable indoor air quality
- √ Save energy

The GS-N100-W is a high performance CO₂ sensor for today's demanding DCV applications. It uses Telaire's NDIR sensing technology and GreenTrol's high performance signal processing circuitry.

The GS-N100-W time-tested and reliable BACnet MS/TP and Modbus RTU firmware is superior to competitive CO₂ sensors. Its reliability makes it the only approved network wall mounted CO₂ sensor for GreenTrol outdoor air controllers.

When combined with a GreenTrol outdoor air controller, this CO₂ sensor can be used to improve traditional CO₂ demand control ventilation by using a unique control algorithm that resets the outdoor air setpoint between user defined upper and lower airflow limits (not damper positions) to maintain the space CO₂ level. This control method eliminates the under- and over-ventilation that is prevalent with traditional CO₂-DCV.

An even more advanced control method uses the measured airflow rate and CO₂ level to estimate the population and calculates the required outdoor airflow, thus meeting the actual requirements of ASHRAE Standard 62.1.

Long term stability and high-performance components ensure years of trouble free performance.

GS-N100-W Technical Specifications

Functionality

CO₂ Measurement: Provides the CO₂ level in ppm via the network connection

System Status Alarm: Yes

User Interface

Baud Rate, Protocol and Addressing: DIP switch

End of Line Termination: Jumper

Important: Modification of the factory default settings requires that power is cycled to the device. It is recommended that each device is bench configured prior to installation OR settings are provided at the time of order so that the device can be factory configured prior to shipment.

CO₂ Sensor

Technology: Telaire Non Dispersive Infrared (NDIR)

Range: 0 to 2,000 ppm

Accuracy:

400 to 1,250 ppm ± 30 ppm or 3% of reading, whichever is greater
1,250 to 2,000 ppm $\pm 5\%$ of reading + 30 ppm

Temperature Dependence: 0.36% FS/ $^{\circ}$ F [0.2% FS/ $^{\circ}$ C]

Pressure Dependence: 0.33% of reading per 0.1 in. [2.54 mm] Hg

Stability: <2% of FS over life of sensor (15 year typical)

Calibration Interval: Not required when ABC logic is enabled

Response Time: <2 minutes for 90% step change typical

Signal Update: Every 4 seconds

Warmup Time: 2 minutes operational, 10 minutes to achieve maximum accuracy

Network Connection

N1

Type: Non-Isolated, field selectable MS/TP BACnet master or Modbus RTU connection (provide separate transformer to each GS-N100-W or an RS-485 network isolator if isolation is required)

B.A.S. Object/Register Read/Write Access: Yes

Device Load: 1/8 load

Supported Baud Rates: 9.6, 19.2, 38.4 and 76.8 kbaud

Environmental Limits, Power Requirements & Dimensions

Environmental Limits

Temperature: 32 to 122 $^{\circ}$ F [0 to 50 $^{\circ}$ C]

Humidity: 5 to 95%

Power Requirement: 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @1.5V-A

Dimensions: 4.56H x 3.25W x 1.09D in. [115.8 x 82.6 x 27.7 mm]

RS-485 BACnet/Modbus Wall Mount CO₂, Relative Humidity and Temperature Sensor



- NDIR CO₂ sensing technology
- 0 to 2,000 ppm range
- ABC logic ensures long-term calibration stability
- Planar capacitive polymer RH sensor
- Integral bandgap PTAT temperature sensor
- Non-Isolated RS-485 output circuitry
- Time-tested and reliable BACnet and Modbus firmware
- Field selectable BACnet MS/TP or Modbus RTU protocols
- BACnet master
- DIP switch selectable baud rates
- Attractive wall-mount package
- Compatible with all GreenTrol application specific controllers
- Operates on 24 VAC/DC

- √ Use with GreenTrol outdoor airflow controllers to provide advanced CO₂-DCV or ASHRAE 62.1 compliant population-based DCV
- √ Demonstrate compliance with ASHRAE Standards 62.1, 90.1 and 189.1
- √ Satisfy LEED requirements
- √ Maintain acceptable indoor air quality
- √ Save energy

The GS-N300-W is a high performance CO₂ sensor for today's demanding DCV applications. Temperature and relative humidity are provided over a single network connection for a fraction of the cost of providing separate RH and temperature transmitters.

Unlike competitive network sensors the GS-N300-W uses time-tested and reliable BACnet MS/TP and Modbus RTU firmware. Its reliability makes it the only approved wall mounted RS-485 CO₂/RH/T sensor for GreenTrol outdoor air controllers.

When combined with a GreenTrol outdoor air controller, this CO₂ sensor can be used to improve traditional CO₂ demand control ventilation by using a unique control algorithm that resets the outdoor air setpoint between user defined upper and lower airflow limits (not damper positions) to maintain the space CO₂ level. This control method eliminates the under- and over-ventilation that is prevalent with traditional CO₂-DCV.

An even more advanced control method uses the measured airflow rate and CO₂ level to estimate the population and calculates the required outdoor airflow, thus meeting the actual requirements of ASHRAE Standard 62.1.

Long term stability and high-performance components ensure years of trouble free performance.

GS-N300-W Technical Specifications

Functionality

CO₂ Measurement: Provides the CO₂ level in ppm via the network connection

System Status Alarm: Yes

User Interface

Baud Rate, Protocol and Addressing: DIP switch

End of Line Termination: Jumper

Important: Modification of the factory default settings requires that power is cycled to the device. It is recommended that each device is bench configured prior to installation OR settings are provided at the time of order so that the device can be factory configured prior to shipment.

CO₂ Sensor

Technology: Telaire Non Dispersive Infrared (NDIR)

Range: 0 to 2,000 ppm

Accuracy:

400 to 1,250 ppm ± 30 ppm or 3% of reading, whichever is greater
1,250 to 2,000 ppm $\pm 5\%$ of reading + 30 ppm

Temperature Dependence: 0.36% FS/°F [0.2% FS/°C]

Pressure Dependence: 0.33% of reading per 0.1 in. [2.54 mm] Hg

Stability: <2% of FS over life of sensor (15 year typical)

Calibration Interval: Not required when ABC logic is enabled

Response Time: <2 minutes for 90% step change typical

Signal Update: Every 4 seconds

Warmup Time: 2 minutes operational, 10 minutes to achieve maximum accuracy

Temperature Sensor

Technology: Integral Bandgap PTAT

Range: 32 to 122 °F [0 to 50 °C]

Accuracy: ± 1.08 °F [0.6 °C] @77 °F [25 °C]

Resolution: 0.36 °F [0.2 °C]

Relative Humidity Sensor

Technology: Planar Capacitive Polymer

Range: 0 to 100% RH

Accuracy:

$\pm 3\%$ <20% RH

$\pm 2\%$ 20% to 80% RH

$\pm 3\%$ >80% RH

Resolution: 0.4% RH

Network Connection

N1

Type: Non-Isolated, field selectable MS/TP BACnet master or Modbus RTU connection (provide separate transformer to each GS-N300-W or an RS-485 network isolator if isolation is required)

B.A.S. Object/Register Read/Write Access: Yes

Device Load: 1/8 load

Supported Baud Rates: 9.6, 19.2, 38.4 and 76.8 kbaud

Environmental Limits, Power Requirements & Dimensions

Environmental Limits

Temperature: 32 to 122 °F [0 to 50 °C]

Humidity: 5 to 95%

Power Requirement: 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @1.5V-A

Dimensions: 4.56H x 3.25W x 1.09D in. [115.8 x 82.6 x 27.7 mm]

RS-485 BACnet/Modbus Duct Mount CO₂ Sensor with Pitot Tube Pickup and In-line Replaceable Filter



- NDIR CO₂ sensing technology
- 0 to 2,000 ppm range
- ABC logic ensures long-term calibration stability
- Replaceable filter allows prevents sensor fouling in dirty environments
- Non-Isolated RS-485 output circuitry
- Time-tested and reliable BACnet and Modbus firmware
- Field selectable BACnet MS/TP or Modbus RTU protocols
- BACnet master
- DIP switch selectable baud rates
- Attractive wall-mount package
- Compatible with all GreenTrol application specific controllers
- Operates on 24 VAC/DC

- √ Use with GreenTrol outdoor airflow controllers to provide advanced CO₂-DCV or ASHRAE 62.1 compliant population-based DCV
- √ Demonstrate compliance with ASHRAE Standards 62.1, 90.1 and 189.1
- √ Satisfy LEED requirements
- √ Maintain acceptable indoor air quality
- √ Save energy

The GS-N100-D is a high performance CO₂ sensor for today's demanding DCV applications. It uses Telaire's NDIR sensing technology and GreenTrol's high performance signal processing circuitry.

A pitot tube pickup probe is provided that is easily inserted into the side of a duct. The pickup probe is typically installed in the return air duct near the air handler for single zone applications or in the return duct of individual spaces on multi-zone applications.

The GS-N100-D time-tested and reliable BACnet MS/TP and Modbus RTU firmware is superior to competitive CO₂ sensors. Its reliability makes it the only approved network duct mounted CO₂ sensor for GreenTrol outdoor air controllers.

When combined with a GreenTrol outdoor air controller, this CO₂ sensor can be used to improve traditional CO₂ demand control ventilation by using a unique control algorithm that resets the outdoor air setpoint between user defined upper and lower airflow limits (not damper positions) to maintain the space CO₂ level. This control method eliminates the under- and over-ventilation that is prevalent with traditional CO₂-DCV.

An even more advanced control method uses the measured airflow rate and CO₂ level to estimate the population and calculates the required outdoor airflow, thus meeting the actual requirements of ASHRAE Standard 62.1.

Long term stability and high-performance components ensure years of trouble free performance.

GS-N100-D Technical Specifications

Functionality

CO₂ Measurement: Provides the CO₂ level in ppm via the network connection

System Status Alarm: Yes

User Interface

Baud Rate, Protocol and Addressing: DIP switch

End of Line Termination: Jumper

Important: Modification of the factory default settings requires that power is cycled to the device. It is recommended that each device is bench configured prior to installation OR settings are provided at the time of order so that the device can be factory configured prior to shipment.

CO₂ Sensor

Technology: Telaire Non Dispersive Infrared (NDIR)

Range: 400 to 2,000 ppm

Sampling Method: Duct mounted pitot tube provided with two 3 foot tubes and inline filter

Required Duct Velocity: 300 to 1,500 FPM [1.52 to 7.62 m/s]

Accuracy:

400 to 1,250 ppm ± 30 ppm or 3% of reading, whichever is greater
1,250 to 2,000 ppm $\pm 5\%$ of reading + 30 ppm

Temperature Dependence: 0.36% FS/ $^{\circ}$ F [0.2% FS/ $^{\circ}$ C]

Pressure Dependence: 0.33% of reading per 0.1 in. [2.54 mm] Hg

Stability: <2% of FS over life of sensor (15 year typical)

Calibration Interval: Not required when ABC logic is enabled

Response Time: <2 minutes for 90% step change typical

Signal Update: Every 4 seconds

Warmup Time: 2 minutes operational, 10 minutes to achieve maximum accuracy

Network Connection

N1

Type: Non-Isolated, field selectable MS/TP BACnet master or Modbus RTU connection (provide separate transformer to each GS-N100-D or an RS-485 network isolator if isolation is required)

B.A.S. Object/Register Read/Write Access: Yes

Device Load: 1/8 load

Supported Baud Rates: 9.6, 19.2, 38.4 and 76.8 kbaud

Environmental Limits, Power Requirements & Dimensions

Environmental Limits

Temperature: 32 to 122 $^{\circ}$ F [0 to 50 $^{\circ}$ C]

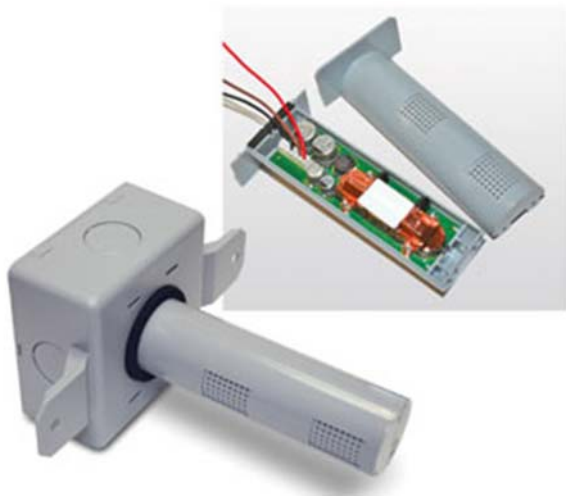
Humidity: 5 to 95%

Power Requirement: 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @1.5V-A

Dimensions: 6.01H x 3.57W x 1.58D in. [152.6 x 90.7 x 40.1 mm]

Pitot Tube Length: 5.4 in. [137.2 mm]

Analog Output Duct Mounted CO₂ Sensor



- NDIR CO₂ sensing technology
- 0 to 2,000 ppm range
- ABC logic ensures long-term calibration stability
- 0-10 VDC output
- Insertion probe design
- 4 inch (8041) and 8 inch (8042) probe lengths available
- Install in ducts or in plenums
- Compatible with all GreenTrol application specific controllers that accept an analog input from a CO₂ sensor
- Connects directly to the power input terminals of compatible GreenTrol application controllers

- √ Use with GreenTrol outdoor airflow controllers to provide advanced CO₂-DCV or ASHRAE 62.1 compliant population-based DCV
- √ Demonstrate compliance with ASHRAE Standards 62.1, 90.1 and 189.1
- √ Satisfy LEED requirements
- √ Maintain acceptable indoor air quality
- √ Save energy

The TA-A8041-D and TA-8042-D CO₂ sensors are designed to be mounted through the side of a duct or plenum.

The sensor is typically mounted in the return air duct or plenum near or at the air handler prior to the introduction of outdoor air.

When combined with a GreenTrol outdoor air controller, this CO₂ sensor can be used to improve traditional CO₂ demand control ventilation by using a unique control algorithm that resets the outdoor air setpoint between user defined upper and lower airflow limits (not damper positions) to maintain the space

CO₂ level. This control method eliminates the under- and over-ventilation that is prevalent with traditional CO₂-DCV.

An even more advanced control method uses the measured airflow rate and CO₂ level to estimate the population and calculates the required outdoor airflow, thus meeting the actual requirements of ASHRAE Standard 62.1.

ABC logic ensures years of calibration free operation in applications where the population goes to near zero during unoccupied periods.

TA-A8041-D and TA-A8042-D Technical Specifications

Functionality

CO₂ Measurement: Provides the CO₂ level to the analog input of a GreenTrol application controller that accepts an analog CO₂ sensor input

CO₂ Sensor

Technology: Telaire Non Dispersive Infrared (NDIR)
Range: 0 to 2,000 ppm
Required Duct Air Velocity: 0 to 1,500 FPM [7.62 m/s]
Accuracy: ±30 ppm plus 3% of reading, @72° F [22°C]
Temperature Dependence: 0.36% FS/°F [0.2% FS/°C]
Pressure Dependence: 0.33% of reading per 0.1 in. [2.54 mm] Hg
Stability: <2% of FS over life of sensor (10 year typical)
Response Time: <3 minutes for 90% step change typical
Warmup Time: 2 minutes operational, 10 minutes to achieve maximum accuracy

Analog Output

AO1
Assignment: Linear CO₂ output signal
Range: 0-10VDC

Environmental Limits, Power Requirements & Dimensions

Environmental Limits

Temperature: 32 to 122 °F [0 to 50 °C]

Humidity: 5 to 95%

Power Requirement: 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @1.65V-A

Flammability Classification: UL-94V-5

Dimensions

Probe Length

TA-A8041-D: 4.09 in. [103.8 mm]

TA-A8042-D: 8.07 in. [205.1 mm]

Junction Box: 3.05H x 3.05W x 1.58D in. [74.6 x 74.6 x 4.02 mm]

Analog Output In-duct CO₂ Sensor for Compatible GreenTrol Controllers



- NDIR CO₂ sensing technology
- 0 to 2,000 ppm range
- ABC logic ensures long-term calibration stability
- 0-10 VDC output
- Small footprint
- Install in ducts or in plenums
- Compatible with all GreenTrol application specific controllers that accept an analog input from a CO₂ sensor
- Connects directly to the power input terminals of compatible GreenTrol application controllers

- √ Use with GreenTrol outdoor airflow controllers to provide advanced CO₂-DCV or ASHRAE 62.1 compliant population-based DCV
- √ Demonstrate compliance with ASHRAE Standards 62.1, 90.1 and 189.1
- √ Satisfy LEED requirements
- √ Maintain acceptable indoor air quality
- √ Save energy

The TA-A8031-D is a small footprint, low cost, CO₂ sensor designed to be mounted inside of a duct or plenum.

The sensor is typically mounted in the return air duct or plenum near or at the air handler prior to the introduction of outdoor air.

When combined with a GreenTrol outdoor air controller, this CO₂ sensor can be used to improve traditional CO₂ demand control ventilation by using a unique control algorithm that resets the outdoor air setpoint between user defined upper and lower airflow limits (not damper positions) to maintain the space

CO₂ level. This control method eliminates the under- and over-ventilation that is prevalent with traditional CO₂-DCV.

An even more advanced control method uses the measured airflow rate and CO₂ level to estimate the population and calculates the required outdoor airflow, thus meeting the actual requirements of ASHRAE Standard 62.1.

ABC logic ensures years of calibration free operation in applications where the population goes to near zero during unoccupied periods.

TA-A8031-D Technical Specifications

Functionality

CO₂ Measurement: Provides the CO₂ level to the analog input of a GreenTrol application controller that accepts an analog CO₂ sensor input

CO₂ Sensor

Technology: Telaire Non Dispersive Infrared (NDIR)

Range: 0 to 2,000 ppm

Required Duct Air Velocity: 0 to 1,500 FPM [7.62 m/s]

Accuracy: ±40 ppm + 3% of reading, @72° F [22°C]

Non-linearity: <1% of full scale

Pressure Dependence: 0.33% of reading per 0.1 in. [2.54 mm] Hg

Response Time: <3 minutes for 90% step change typical

Warmup Time: 2 minutes operational, 10 minutes to achieve maximum accuracy

Environmental Limits, Power Requirements & Dimensions

Environmental Limits

Temperature: 32 to 122 °F [0 to 50 °C]

Humidity: 5 to 95%

Power Requirement: 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @1.65V-A

Flammability Classification: UL-94V-5

Dimensions: 3.83H x 0.74W x 0.94D in. [18.7 x 29.7 x 23.8 mm]

Analog Output

AO1

Assignment: Linear CO₂ output signal

Range: 0-10VDC

Occupancy Counters

The GC Series occupancy counters are used to count the number of people in an occupied space. Counters were designed for population-based demand control ventilation (DCV) so that only the outdoor air required for acceptable indoor air quality is provided. However, the counters can also be a valuable tool for population analytics or any other application where the real-time occupancy is required.

GC-N100 Thermal Imaging Occupancy Counter

The GC-N100 occupancy counter measures the number of people that pass through an opening, such as a doorway. The RS-485 BACnet/Modbus network connection allows it to interface seamlessly with building automation systems and application controllers that have network capability. The GC-N100 uses two thermopiles to detect the thermal signature of people passing through an opening or door in real-time. The counter is designed for applications with 10 or more people in a space.



Thermal Imaging Occupancy Counter for Interior Doors



- Count the number of people passing through an interior door or opening
- Mount on top door jamb or stand-off from door with optional mounting bracket
- Bi-directional counting allows counters to be used on spaces with more than one door
- 5% or better counting accuracy typical
- Designed for single width interior doors
- RS-485 BACnet MS/TP or Modbus RTU network connection
- User defined auto-zero reset delay on inactivity feature minimizes long-term false counts
- No negative count feature for single entry spaces minimizes false counts at low population levels
- Requires 24 VAC power source

- √ Estimate occupant throughput
- √ Count occupants for outdoor air ventilation reset
- √ Demonstrate compliance with ASHRAE Standards 62.1, 90.1 and 189.1
- √ Save energy

The GC-N100 occupancy counter measures the number of people that pass through an opening, such as a doorway. The RS-485 BACnet/Modbus network connection allows it to interface seamlessly with building automation systems and application controllers that have network capability.

The GC-N100 is ideal for population based DCV applications and is designed to work with all GreenTrol outdoor air controllers. It is also ideal for general counting applications that require the analysis of occupant movement and activity (retail, mixed use spaces, etc.). Bi-directional counting allows multiple counters to be used on a single space.

The GC-N100 uses two thermopiles to detect the thermal signature of people passing through an opening or door in real-

time. The counter looks for changes between the ambient and objects in the detection cone immediately below the sensor. A unique algorithm detects occupant throughput as “half” counts. As a result, the counter can accurately measure people passing under and opening or closing door. It can also detect stoppage under the door and a change in direction. In most cases, it can even detect a person passing by an individual stopped under the door.

Application Comments:

The counter was designed for applications with 10 or more people in a space. It is nearly flawless in counting people passing through a fixed opening or door frame without a door. The counter may be affected by door closers. The counter can be applied on double doors but may provide false counts if two or more people pass through the opening side by side at the same time. It may provide a false measurement if a person stops under the sensor for an extended period of time or waves their arms in an effort to false the device. False reading may result on exterior door installation (inside) and is therefore not recommended.

GC-N100 Technical Specifications

Functionality

Occupancy Counting: Provides an RS-485 BACnet or Modbus network value for the number of people passing under the counter

User Interface

Baud Rate, Protocol and Direction: DIP switch

Addressing: DIP switch

End of Line Termination: 2-position switch

Important: Modification of the factory default addressing requires that power is cycled to the device. It is recommended that each device is bench configured prior to installation OR settings are provided at the time of order so that the device can be factory configured prior to shipment.

Occupancy Counting Sensor

Sensors: Two thermopile sensors

Mounting

Standard: Install on the non-swing side of the overhead door jamb

Optional: Install above the door frame of either side of the door above with the optional standoff bracket

Accuracy: $\pm 5\%$ or 3 people, whichever is greater

Recommended Maximums for Specified Accuracy

Opening: 42 in. [1.07 m]

Height: 96 in. [2.43 m]

Network Connection

N1

Type: Non-isolated MS/TP BACnet master or Modbus RTU connection (provide an RS-485 network isolator if isolation is required)

B.A.S. Object Read/Write Access: Yes

Device Load: 1/8 load

Supported Baud Rates: 9.6, 19.2, 38.4 and 76.8 kbaud

Environmental Limits & Power Requirements

Environmental Limits

Recommended Temperature: 65 to 85 °F [18.3 to 29.4 °C]

Humidity: 5 to 95%

Power Requirement: 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @1.5V-A

GreenTrol



OAC and EMOAC
Outdoor Airflow Controllers

Light Commercial HVAC

Monitor and Control Outdoor Air Intake Flow Rates

YOUR Outdoor Air Challenges ...

- ▶ System Challenges
 - ▶ Wind pressure effect
 - ▶ Stack pressure effect
 - ▶ Filter loading
 - ▶ Fan speed variations (VAV and multi-speed fan systems)
- ▶ Equipment Challenges
 - ▶ Oversized dampers
 - ▶ Damper hysteresis and deterioration
 - ▶ Damper binding and actuator slippage/failure

YOUR Benefits ...

- ▶ Compensate for system effects!
- ▶ Detect operational problems and failures!
- ▶ Improve thermal comfort and humidity control!
- ▶ Save energy by not over-ventilating!
- ▶ Improve indoor air quality by not under-ventilating!
- ▶ Document ventilation compliance!

Light commercial HVAC systems account for more than 50% of today's heating and ventilating needs. Although energy efficiency ratios have dramatically improved over the past several decades, outdoor air ventilation control has been mostly ignored. Outdoor air is required by code, paramount to acceptable indoor air quality (IAQ) and a prerequisite for thermal comfort. Improperly controlled, these systems often provide unacceptable indoor air quality, waste energy and provide poor temperature/humidity control.

Traditional methods are ineffective in providing the outdoor air required for IAQ and pressurization, the latter which results in often misdiagnosed temperature and humidity control issues. Traditional methods can result in ventilation error in excess of 50%!

Traditional Methods:

- ▶ Rely on fixed damper position or fan speed to maintain outdoor airflow rates.
- ▶ Vary outdoor airflow rates to maintain a maximum CO₂ level.
- ▶ Use the ratio of outdoor, return and mixed air temperatures to estimate outdoor airflow rates.

The answer is to directly measure and control outdoor airflow rates, even when CO₂-DCV is desired. This method has been used on larger systems for over 25 years. The problem is that accurate outdoor airflow measurement requires high performance thermal airflow sensors that are traditionally cost prohibitive on the light commercial equipment. That is, until NOW!

GreenTrol started in 2009 by a group of investors and designers of EBTRON, a leader in thermal dispersion airflow measurement since 1984. GreenTrol's mission is to develop application specific controllers with integrated sensors at an affordable price. Today's product offering is the result of over 30 years of experience in design, manufacturing and control. Products are ideal for light commercial systems and offers designers and owners a true, cost-effective solution for outdoor air control.

GreenTrol offers a wide range of airflow measurement devices and application specific airflow controllers. The Company also manufactures CO₂ sensor systems and occupancy counters so it can offer a turn-key single source solution for today's smaller HVAC systems.

Packaged Unit Solutions

Ideal for ducted, hooded and louvered intakes up to 8 sq ft



OAC Series

Non-economizer Systems

- Control is triggered by a thermostat or two-position actuator signal (replace two position actuator with proportional actuator)
- Models available for proportional or MP-bus actuators
- Available with integrated airflow probes or approved BACnet third-party airflow measurement devices
- Supports approved BACnet CO₂ sensors and occupancy counters and most analog CO₂ sensors
- Models available with built-in schedule capability

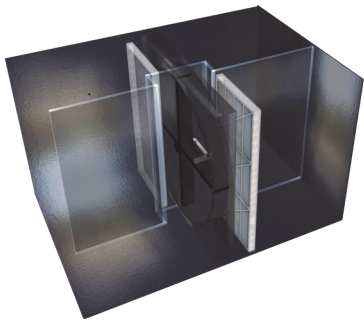
EMOAC Series

Economizer Systems

- Control is triggered by economizer controller (by others) actuator signal
- Requires a proportional actuator
- Available with integrated airflow probes or approved BACnet third-party airflow measurement devices
- Supports approved BACnet CO₂ sensors and occupancy counters
- Supports most analog CO₂ sensors if the economizer fault signal is not required

ERV/HRV Solutions

Ideal for duct and cabinet openings up to 8 sq ft



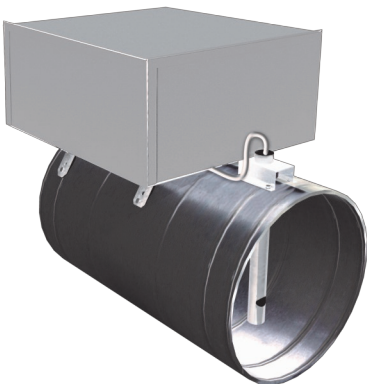
OAC, TRACK and OACTRACK Series

Intake and/or exhaust paths of ERV/HRV units

- Control can be triggered by an analog binary output or via MS/TP BACnet
- Provide outdoor airflow control (OAC), exhaust fan tracking (TRACK) or both (OACTRACK)
- Available with integrated airflow probes or approved BACnet third-party airflow measurement devices
- Supports approved BACnet CO₂ sensors and occupancy counters and most analog CO₂ sensors

Round Duct Solutions

Designed for 4 to 16 inch round



OAC Series

Intakes to Fan Coils

- Control is typically triggered by a thermostat
- Models available for proportional or MP-bus actuators
- Available with integrated airflow probes or approved BACnet third-party airflow measurement devices
- Supports approved BACnet CO₂ sensors and occupancy counters and most analog CO₂ sensors
- Models available with built-in schedule capability
- Factory assembled valve/actuator option (shown) available

OAC Series

DOAS/Makeup Air Units

- Control can be triggered by an analog binary output or via MS/TP BACnet
- Models available for proportional or MP-bus actuators
- Available with integrated airflow probes or approved BACnet third-party airflow measurement devices
- Supports approved BACnet CO₂ sensors and occupancy counters and most analog CO₂ sensors
- Models available with built-in schedule capability
- Factory assembled valve/actuator model (shown) available

A Superior Solution for an Epidemic Problem ...

Today's light commercial systems simply cannot provide the proper amount of outdoor air. Wind and stack pressure variations combined with filter loading result in outdoor airflow variations in excess of 50% of the desired setpoint, often even more when systems vary fan speed. Combine that with oversized and poor quality dampers and you have all of the ingredients for an IAQ and energy problem in epidemic proportions!

There really has been no viable or cost effective solution for these systems - until now!

A properly installed GreenTrol Automation application specific controller for outdoor air will improve air quality and thermal comfort while optimizing energy consumption.

Don't wait any longer. All GreenTrol outdoor air controllers boast the following features:

- ▶ Time-tested thermal dispersion airflow measurement technology!
- ▶ Low-cost!
- ▶ Easy to install and startup!
- ▶ MS/TP BACnet Interface!
- ▶ Unsurpassed control flexibility supports:
 - ▶ Fixed setpoint airflow control
 - ▶ Improved CO₂-DCV with upper and lower airflow limits
 - ▶ Advanced population-based DCV
 - ▶ Optional unoccupied airflow setpoint control operation

Learn more about GreenTrol's Family of Products
Visit GreenTrol.com Today!



Airflow/Temperature Measurement



Occupancy Counters



Transmitters, Controllers, Alarms & Bridges



Duct & Wall Mount CO₂ Measurement

Outdoor Airflow Controller Modules for Systems without an Airside Economizer

OAC controllers are perfect for rooftop air handlers or air handlers with ducted outdoor air intakes when an airside economizer is not installed. Controllers are also ideal for ducted outdoor air intakes to fan coils, DOAS and makeup air systems. OAC controllers can be configured for zone level control of DOAS systems and can be ordered as a fully assembled, turn-key, valve/actuator package. OAC controllers require an integrated IAT airflow/temperature probe or approved third-party AMD.

OAC controllers can maintain a user defined outdoor airflow setpoint or maintain airflow rates between minimum and maximum airflow limits when CO₂ or population-based DCV is enabled. Controllers can also maintain an unoccupied airflow setpoint.

OAC-3000 Outdoor Airflow Controller

The OAC-3000 modulates an MP-bus network actuator to maintain the outdoor airflow rate. The MP-bus solution is the most cost effective method for actuating small air valves and dampers on ducted systems to fan coils, makeup air to air handlers or zone level DOAS applications. DCV requires approved BACnet MS/TP CO₂ sensors or occupancy counters.

Occupied mode is typically enabled by a 24 VAC output from a thermostat on fan coil systems or via BACnet MS/TP on makeup air to air handlers or zone level DOAS systems.



OAC-3000S Outdoor Airflow Controller

The OAC-3000S is a modified version of the OAC-3000. The controller has a built-in real time clock (RTC) that allows a daily or weekend/weekday occupied unoccupied schedule to override or operate in the absence of the binary input.



OAC-4000

The OAC-4000 modulates a proportional analog actuator or fan speed controller to maintain the outdoor airflow rate. The analog actuator solution allows for larger damper sizes and is ideal for ducted systems to fan coils, makeup air to air handlers, makeup air fans or zone level DOAS applications. DCV requires approved BACnet MS/TP CO₂ sensors or occupancy counters.

Occupied mode is typically enabled by a 24 VAC output from a thermostat on fan coil systems or via BACnet MS/TP on makeup air to air handlers or zone level DOAS systems.



OAC-5000

The OAC-5000 has an additional analog input and analog output compared to the OAC-4000. As a result, the OAC-5000 can be used with analog CO₂ sensors as well as approved BACnet MS/TP CO₂ or occupancy counters. It also provides an airflow output signal, if desired.



Outdoor Airflow Controller Module with Network Control Connection for MP-Bus Actuators



- √ Compensate for damper hysteresis, filter loading, wind, stack and fan speed variations
- √ Provide continuous verification of intake flow rates
- √ Demonstrate compliance with ASHRAE Standards 62.1, 90.1 and 189.1
- √ Satisfy LEED prerequisites and document code compliance
- √ Improve indoor air quality and thermal comfort
- √ Save energy

The OAC-3000 can be provided with a single integrated IAT-DI duct probe, one or two integrated IAT-UI or IAT-US universal mount probes or an approved external BACnet MS/TP airflow measurement device.

The OAC-3000 interfaces with approved MS/TP BACnet CO₂ sensors and occupancy counters when DCV is required.

- ❑ Compatible with GreenTrol IAT integrated thermal dispersion airflow/temperature sensors or approved BACnet MS/TP airflow measuring devices
- ❑ 24 VAC/DC or MS/TP BACnet binary input activates occupied mode operation
- ❑ Provide airflow setpoint control, CO₂-DCV or population based-DCV during occupied mode
- ❑ Accepts approved BACnet MS/TP CO₂ sensors or occupancy counters when DCV is required
- ❑ Clamp DCV airflow rates between minimum and maximum airflow limits
- ❑ Supports unoccupied airflow setpoint control
- ❑ Built-in notification alarms
- ❑ Contact closure relay can be assigned to notification alarms or active control mode
- ❑ MS/TP BACnet connection

The OAC-3000 modulates a network MP-bus actuator to maintain the outdoor airflow rate when an external binary trigger is active (i.e. occupied mode). The binary trigger is typically provided by a thermostat or other analog or MS/TP BACnet binary output. The trigger can also be provided by the 24 VAC control signal used when a two-position actuator is provided for outdoor air control (replace the two-position actuator with an MP-bus actuator).

Advanced logic and airflow measurement improves traditional CO₂-DCV when demand control ventilation is required. The OAC-3000 controller resets the outdoor airflow setpoint between user defined minimum and maximum airflow limits to maintain either a user defined fixed CO₂ level or variable airflow setpoint based on the population using a built-in CO₂/airflow counting algorithm or external occupancy counter.

The OAC-3000 controller interfaces with most MS/TP BACnet building automation systems and supports full read/write privileges as a BACnet 1/8 load master. An RS-485 signal isolator is available when an isolated MS/TP network is required.

OAC-3000 Controller Module Technical Specifications

Functionality

Outdoor Air Control (OAC) Modes Supported

- FLOW:** Maintains a user defined airflow setpoint
- CO2:** Maintains a user defined CO₂ level by resetting the outdoor airflow setpoint (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- CO2/OAF:** Maintains a calculated outdoor airflow setpoint based on the estimated ventilation zone population (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- COUNT:** Maintains a calculated outdoor airflow setpoint based on the occupancy counter population (requires an occupancy counter)
- FIXED:** Maintains a fixed damper position (no control)

Unoccupied Air Control (UAC) Mode Option: Yes, maintains a user defined airflow setpoint

Notification Alarms

- "Unoccupied Mode" High/Low Airflow Alarm
- "Outdoor Airflow Mode" High/Low Airflow Alarm
- "All Modes" CO₂ Alarm (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- "All Modes" System Trouble Alarm

Note: Alarms can be assigned to the contact closure relay

User Interface

- Display:** 16-character alpha-numeric LCD
- Navigation:** 4-button interface

Integrated Sensor Capability

Type: Accepts GreenTrol IAT-DI, IAT-UI and IAT-US Thermal Dispersion Airflow and Temperature Measurement Probe (required unless an external MS/TP airflow measurement device is provided). See appropriate IAT product data sheet for probe information.

Available Configurations: IAT-DI Probes

Single Probe: 1 probe x 1 or 2 sensor nodes/probe

Available Configurations: IAT-UI and IAT-US Probes

- Single Probe:** 1 probe x 1 sensor node/probe
- Dual Probe:** 2 probes x 1 sensor node/probe

Binary Input

BI1

- Type:** Binary Input (BI1)
- Assignment:** Mode activation trigger signal
- Configurable Ranges:** 0-24VAC or 0-24VDC
- Trigger Threshold:**
 - VAC configuration: 6.5 VAC
 - VDC Configuration: 8 VDC

MP-Bus Connection

MP1

Assignment: MP-Bus proportional actuator network signal (requires MP-bus cable, sold separately)

Contact Closure Relay

R1

- Type:** Dry contact w/ onboard jumper to drive a remote LED
- Assignment:** OAC alarms or Control Mode
- Status:** Normally Open (N.O.)
- Rating:** 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3 amp. max.

Network Connection

N1

- Type:** Non-isolated MS/TP BACnet master connection (provide an RS-485 network isolator if isolation is required)
- B.A.S. Object Read/Write Access:** Yes
- Device Load:** 1/8 load
- Supported Baud Rates:** 9.6, 19.2, 38.4 and 76.8 kbaud
- MS/TP BACnet Airflow Sensor Capability:** One GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party airflow measurement device (cannot be used if an integrated airflow measurement device is connected).
- MS/TP BACnet CO₂ Sensor Capability:** One GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party space mounted or return air CO₂ sensor
- MS/TP BACnet Occupancy Counter Capability:** One to four GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party occupancy counters

Environmental Limits, Power Requirements & Dimensions

Environmental Limits

- Temperature:** -20 to 120 °F [-28.9 to 48.9 °C]
- Humidity:** 5 to 95%

Important: Provide a weather-proof enclosure if the controller module is mounted outdoors

Power Requirement: 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @8.5V-A

Dimensions:

Outdoor Airflow Controller Module with Network Control Connection for MP-Bus Actuators



- √ Compensate for damper hysteresis, filter loading, wind, stack and fan speed variations
- √ Provide continuous verification of intake flow rates
- √ Demonstrate compliance with ASHRAE Standards 62.1, 90.1 and 189.1
- √ Satisfy LEED prerequisites and document code compliance
- √ Improve indoor air quality and thermal comfort
- √ Save energy

The OAC-3000S can be provided with a single integrated IAT-DI duct probe, one or two integrated IAT-UI or IAT-US universal mount probes or an approved external BACnet MS/TP airflow measurement device.

The OAC-3000S interfaces with approved MS/TP BACnet CO₂ sensors and occupancy counters when DCV is required.

- ❑ Compatible with GreenTrol IAT integrated thermal dispersion airflow/temperature sensors or approved BACnet MS/TP airflow measuring devices
- ❑ 24 VAC/DC or MS/TP BACnet binary input activates occupied mode operation
- ❑ **RTC occupied/unoccupied scheduler**
- ❑ Provide airflow setpoint control, CO₂-DCV or population based-DCV during occupied mode
- ❑ Accepts approved BACnet MS/TP CO₂ sensors or occupancy counters when DCV is required
- ❑ Clamp DCV airflow rates between minimum and maximum airflow limits
- ❑ Supports unoccupied airflow setpoint control
- ❑ Built-in notification alarms
- ❑ Contact closure relay can be assigned to notification alarms or active control mode
- ❑ MS/TP BACnet connection

The OAC-3000S modulates an MP-Bus damper actuator to maintain the outdoor airflow rate. The controller can be configured to operate solely on the schedule or use the schedule with the binary input trigger to activate occupied mode. The binary trigger is typically provided by a thermostat or other analog or MS/TP BACnet binary output. The trigger can also be provided by the 24 VAC control signal used when a two-position actuator is provided for outdoor air control (replace the two-position actuator with an MP-bus actuator).

Advanced logic and airflow measurement improves traditional CO₂-DCV when demand control ventilation is required. The OAC-3000S controller resets the outdoor airflow setpoint between user defined minimum and maximum airflow limits to maintain either a user defined fixed CO₂ level or variable airflow setpoint based on the population using a built-in CO₂/airflow counting algorithm or external occupancy counter.

The OAC-3000S interfaces with most MS/TP BACnet building automation systems and supports full read/write privileges as a BACnet 1/8 load master. An RS-485 signal isolator is available when an isolated MS/TP network is required.

OAC-3000S Controller Module Technical Specifications

Functionality

Outdoor Air Control (OAC) Modes Supported

- FLOW:** Maintains a user defined airflow setpoint
- CO2:** Maintains a user defined CO₂ level by resetting the outdoor airflow setpoint (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- CO2/OAF:** Maintains a calculated outdoor airflow setpoint based on the estimated ventilation zone population (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- COUNT:** Maintains a calculated outdoor airflow setpoint based on the occupancy counter population (requires an occupancy counter)
- FIXED:** Maintains a fixed damper position (no control)

Unoccupied Air Control (UAC) Mode Option: Yes, maintains a user defined airflow setpoint

Notification Alarms

- "Unoccupied Mode" High/Low Airflow Alarm
- "Outdoor Airflow Mode" High/Low Airflow Alarm
- "All Modes" CO₂ Alarm (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- "All Modes" System Trouble Alarm

Note: Alarms can be assigned to the contact closure relay

Built-in RTC Scheduler Modes:

- Off:** No schedule set
- Days:** Allows s different occupied start time and duration for each day of the week
- Weeks:** Allows a different occupied start time and duration for weekdays and weekends

User Interface

- Display:** 16-character alpha-numeric LCD
- Navigation:** 4-button interface

Integrated Sensor Capability

Type: Accepts GreenTrol IAT-DI, IAT-UI and IAT-US Thermal Dispersion Airflow and Temperature Measurement Probe (required unless an external MS/TP airflow measurement device is provided). See appropriate IAT product data sheet for probe information.

Available Configurations: IAT-DI Probes

Single Probe: 1 probe x 1 or 2 sensor nodes/probe

Available Configurations: IAT-UI and IAT-US Probes

- Single Probe:** 1 probe x 1 sensor node/probe
- Dual Probe:** 2 probes x 1 sensor node/probe

Binary Input

BI1

- Type:** Binary Input (BI1)
- Assignment:** Mode activation trigger signal
- Configurable Ranges:** 0-24VAC or 0-24VDC
- Trigger Threshold:**
 - VAC configuration:** 6.5 VAC
 - VDC Configuration:** 8 VDC

MP-Bus Output

MP1

Assignment: MP-Bus proportional actuator network signal (requires MP-bus cable, sold separately)

Contact Closure Relay

R1

- Type:** Dry contact w/ onboard jumper to drive a remote LED
- Assignment:** OAC alarms or Control Mode
- Status:** Normally Open (N.O.)
- Rating:** 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3 amp. max.

Network Connection

N1

- Type:** Non-isolated MS/TP BACnet master connection (provide an RS-485 network isolator if isolation is required)
- B.A.S. Object Read/Write Access:** Yes
- Device Load:** 1/8 load
- Supported Baud Rates:** 9.6, 19.2, 38.4 and 76.8 kbaud
- MS/TP BACnet Airflow Sensor Capability:** One GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party airflow measurement device (cannot be used if an integrated airflow measurement device is connected).
- MS/TP BACnet CO₂ Sensor Capability:** One GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party space mounted or return air CO₂ sensor
- MS/TP BACnet Occupancy Counter Capability:** One to four GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party occupancy counters

Environmental Limits, Power Requirements & Dimensions

Environmental Limits

- Temperature:** -20 to 120 °F [-28.9 to 48.9 °C]
- Humidity:** 5 to 95%

Important: Provide a weather-proof enclosure if the controller module is mounted outdoors

- Power Requirement:** 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @8.5V-A
- Dimensions:** 4.34H x 6.59W x 1.83D in. [110.2 x 167.3 x 46.6 mm]

Outdoor Airflow Controller Module with Analog Control Output Signal for Proportional Actuators and Analog Input Fan Speed Controllers



- ✓ Compensate for damper hysteresis, filter loading, wind, stack and fan speed variations
- ✓ Provide continuous verification of intake flow rates
- ✓ Demonstrate compliance with ASHRAE Standards 62.1, 90.1 and 189.1
- ✓ Satisfy LEED prerequisites and document code compliance
- ✓ Improve indoor air quality and thermal comfort
- ✓ Save energy

The OAC-4000 can be provided with a single integrated IAT-DI duct probe, one or two integrated IAT-UI or IAT-US universal mount probes or an approved external BACnet MS/TP airflow measurement device.

The OAC-4000 interfaces with approved MS/TP BACnet CO₂ sensors and occupancy counters when DCV is required.

- ❑ Compatible with GreenTrol IAT integrated thermal dispersion airflow/temperature sensors or approved BACnet MS/TP airflow measuring devices
- ❑ 24 VAC/DC or MS/TP BACnet binary input activates occupied mode operation
- ❑ Provide airflow setpoint control, CO₂-DCV or population based-DCV during occupied mode
- ❑ Accepts approved BACnet MS/TP CO₂ sensors or occupancy counters when DCV is required
- ❑ Clamp DCV airflow rates between minimum and maximum airflow limits
- ❑ Supports unoccupied airflow setpoint control
- ❑ Built-in notification alarms
- ❑ Contact closure relay can be assigned to notification alarms or active control mode
- ❑ MS/TP BACnet connection

The OAC-4000 modulates a proportional damper actuator or variable speed fan (VFD or ECM with analog speed control input) to maintain the outdoor airflow rate when an external binary trigger is active (i.e. occupied mode). The binary trigger is typically provided by a thermostat or other analog or MS/TP BACnet binary output. The trigger can also be provided by the 24 VAC control signal used when a two-position actuator is provided for outdoor air control (replace the two-position actuator with a proportional actuator).

Advanced logic and airflow measurement improves traditional CO₂-DCV when demand control ventilation is required. The OAC-4000 controller resets the outdoor airflow setpoint between user defined minimum and maximum airflow limits to maintain either a user defined fixed CO₂ level or variable airflow setpoint based on the population using a built-in CO₂/airflow counting algorithm or external occupancy counter.

The OAC-4000 interfaces with most MS/TP BACnet building automation systems and supports full read/write privileges as a BACnet 1/8 load master. An RS-485 signal isolator is available when an isolated MS/TP network is required.

OAC-4000 Controller Module Technical Specifications

Functionality

Outdoor Air Control (OAC) Modes Supported

- FLOW:** Maintains a user defined airflow setpoint
- CO2:** Maintains a user defined CO₂ level by resetting the outdoor airflow setpoint (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- CO2/OAF:** Maintains a calculated outdoor airflow setpoint based on the estimated ventilation zone population (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- COUNT:** Maintains a calculated outdoor airflow setpoint based on the occupancy counter population (requires an occupancy counter)
- FIXED:** Maintains a fixed damper position (no control)

Unoccupied Air Control (UAC) Mode Option: Yes, maintains a user defined airflow setpoint

Notification Alarms

- "Unoccupied Mode" High/Low Airflow Alarm
- "Outdoor Airflow Mode" High/Low Airflow Alarm
- "All Modes" CO₂ Alarm (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- "All Modes" System Trouble Alarm

Note: Alarms can be assigned to the contact closure relay

User Interface

- Display:** 16-character alpha-numeric LCD
- Navigation:** 4-button interface

Integrated Sensor Capability

Type: Accepts GreenTrol IAT-DI, IAT-UI and IAT-US Thermal Dispersion Airflow and Temperature Measurement Probe (required unless an external MS/TP airflow measurement device is provided). See appropriate IAT product data sheet for probe information.

Available Configurations: IAT-DI Probes

Single Probe: 1 probe x 1 or 2 sensor nodes/probe

Available Configurations: IAT-UI and IFT-US Probes

- Single Probe:** 1 probe x 1 sensor node/probe
- Dual Probe:** 2 probes x 1 sensor node/probe

General Purpose Input

GP1

- Type:** Binary Input (BI1)
- Assignment:** Mode activation trigger signal
- Configurable Ranges:** 0-24VAC or 0-24VDC
- Trigger Threshold:**
 - VAC Configuration:** 7 VAC
 - VDC Configuration:** 3 VAC

Analog Output

A01

- Assignment:** Airflow control signal
- Configurable Ranges:** 0-5V, 0-10V, 2-10V, or 4-20mA
- Maximum Number of Actuators Supported:**
 - 0-5V, 0-10V or 2-10 V:** Unlimited
 - 4-20mA:** 2

Contact Closure Relay

R1

- Type:** Dry contact w/ onboard jumper to drive a remote LED
- Assignment:** OAC alarms or Control Mode
- Status:** Normally Open (N.O.)
- Rating:** 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3 amp. max.

Network Connection

N1

- Type:** Non-isolated MS/TP BACnet master connection (provide an RS-485 network isolator if isolation is required)
- B.A.S. Object Read/Write Access:** Yes
- Device Load:** 1/8 load
- Supported Baud Rates:** 9.6, 19.2, 38.4 and 76.8 kbaud
- MS/TP BACnet Airflow Sensor Capability:** One GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party airflow measurement device (cannot be used if an integrated airflow measurement device is connected).
- MS/TP BACnet CO₂ Sensor Capability:** One GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party space mounted or return air CO₂ sensor
- MS/TP BACnet Occupancy Counter Capability:** One to four GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party occupancy counters

Environmental Limits, Power Requirements & Dimensions

Environmental Limits

- Temperature:** -20 to 120 °F [-28.9 to 48.9 °C]
- Humidity:** 5 to 95%

Important: Provide a weather-proof enclosure if the controller module is mounted outdoors

- Power Requirement:** 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @8.5V-A
- Dimensions:** 4.34H x 6.59W x 1.83D in. [110.2 x 167.3 x 46.6 mm]

Outdoor Airflow Controller Module with Analog Control Output Signal for Proportional Actuators and Analog Input Fan Speed Controllers



- ✓ Compensate for damper hysteresis, filter loading, wind, stack and fan speed variations
- ✓ Provide continuous verification of intake flow rates
- ✓ Demonstrate compliance with ASHRAE Standards 62.1, 90.1 and 189.1
- ✓ Satisfy LEED prerequisites and document code compliance
- ✓ Improve indoor air quality and thermal comfort
- ✓ Save energy

The OAC-5000 can be provided with a single integrated IAT-DI duct probe, one or two integrated IAT-UI or IAT-US universal mount probes or an approved external BACnet MS/TP airflow measurement device.

The OAC-5000 interfaces with analog or approved MS/TP BACnet CO₂ sensors and occupancy counters when DCV is required. An analog airflow output signal is also provided.

- ❑ Compatible with GreenTrol IAT integrated thermal dispersion airflow/temperature sensors or approved BACnet MS/TP airflow measuring devices
- ❑ 24 VAC/DC or MS/TP BACnet binary input activates occupied mode operation
- ❑ Provide airflow setpoint control, CO₂-DCV or population based-DCV during occupied mode
- ❑ Accepts **analog** or approved BACnet MS/TP CO₂ sensors or occupancy counters when DCV is required
- ❑ Clamp DCV airflow rates between minimum and maximum airflow limits
- ❑ Analog airflow output signal
- ❑ Supports unoccupied airflow setpoint control
- ❑ Built-in notification alarms
- ❑ Contact closure relay can be assigned to notification alarms or active control mode
- ❑ MS/TP BACnet connection

The OAC-5000 modulates a proportional damper actuator or variable speed fan (VFD or ECM with analog speed control input) to maintain the outdoor airflow rate when an external binary trigger is active (i.e. occupied mode). The binary trigger is typically provided by a thermostat or other analog or MS/TP BACnet binary output. The trigger can also be provided by the 24 VAC control signal used when a two-position actuator is provided for outdoor air control (replace the two-position actuator with a proportional actuator).

Advanced logic and airflow measurement improves traditional CO₂-DCV when demand control ventilation is required. The OAC-5000 controller resets the outdoor airflow setpoint between user defined minimum and maximum airflow limits to maintain either a user defined fixed CO₂ level or variable airflow setpoint based on the population using a built-in CO₂/airflow counting algorithm or external occupancy counter.

The OAC-5000 interfaces with most MS/TP BACnet building automation systems and supports full read/write privileges as a BACnet 1/8 load master. An RS-485 signal isolator is available when an isolated MS/TP network is required.

OAC-5000 Controller Module Technical Specifications

Functionality

Outdoor Air Control (OAC) Modes Supported

- FLOW:** Maintains a user defined airflow setpoint
- CO2:** Maintains a user defined CO₂ level by resetting the outdoor airflow setpoint (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- CO2/OAF:** Maintains a calculated outdoor airflow setpoint based on the estimated ventilation zone population (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- COUNT:** Maintains a calculated outdoor airflow setpoint based on the occupancy counter population (requires an occupancy counter)
- FIXED:** Maintains a fixed damper position (no control)

Unoccupied Air Control (UAC) Mode Option: Yes, maintains a user defined airflow setpoint

Notification Alarms

- "Unoccupied Mode" High/Low Airflow Alarm
- "Outdoor Airflow Mode" High/Low Airflow Alarm
- "All Modes" CO₂ Alarm (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- "All Modes" System Trouble Alarm

Note: Alarms can be assigned to the contact closure relay

User Interface

- Display:** 16-character alpha-numeric LCD
- Navigation:** 4-button interface

Integrated Sensor Capability

Type: Accepts GreenTrol IAT-DI, IAT-UI and IAT-US Thermal Dispersion Airflow and Temperature Measurement Probe (required unless an external MS/TP airflow measurement device is provided). See appropriate IAT product data sheet for probe information.

Available Configurations: IAT-DI Probes

Single Probe: 1 probe x 1 or 2 sensor nodes/probe

Available Configurations: IAT-UI and IFT-US Probes

- Single Probe:** 1 probe x 1 sensor node/probe
- Dual Probe:** 2 probes x 1 sensor node/probe

General Purpose Inputs

GP1

- Type:** Binary Input (BI1)
- Assignment:** Mode activation trigger signal
- Configurable Ranges:** 0-24VAC or 0-24VDC
- Trigger Threshold:**
 - VAC Configuration:** 7 VAC
 - VDC Configuration:** 3 VDC

GP2

- Type:** Analog Input (AI1)
- Assignment:** Analog output CO₂ sensor
- Configurable Ranges:** 0-5V, 0-10V, 2-10V, or 4-20mA

Analog Outputs

A01

- Assignment:** Airflow control signal
- Configurable Ranges:** 0-5V, 0-10V, 2-10V, or 4-20mA
- Maximum Number of Actuators Supported:**
 - 0-5V, 0-10V or 2-10 V:** Unlimited
 - 4-20mA:** 2

A02

- Assignment:** Airflow output signal
- Configurable Ranges:** 0-5V, 0-10V or 2-10V

Contact Closure Relay

R1

- Type:** Dry contact w/ onboard jumper to drive a remote LED
- Assignment:** OAC alarms or Control Mode
- Status:** Normally Open (N.O.)
- Rating:** 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3 amp. max.

Network Connection

N1

- Type:** Non-isolated MS/TP BACnet master connection (provide an RS-485 network isolator if isolation is required)
- B.A.S. Object Read/Write Access:** Yes
- Device Load:** 1/8 load
- Supported Baud Rates:** 9.6, 19.2, 38.4 and 76.8 kbaud
- MS/TP BACnet Airflow Sensor Capability:** One GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party airflow measurement device (cannot be used if an integrated airflow measurement device is connected).
- MS/TP BACnet CO₂ Sensor Capability:** One GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party space mounted or return air CO₂ sensor
- MS/TP BACnet Occupancy Counter Capability:** One to four GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party occupancy counters

Environmental Limits, Power Requirements & Dimensions

Environmental Limits

- Temperature:** -20 to 120 °F [-28.9 to 48.9 °C]
- Humidity:** 5 to 95%

Important: Provide a weather-proof enclosure if the controller module is mounted outdoors

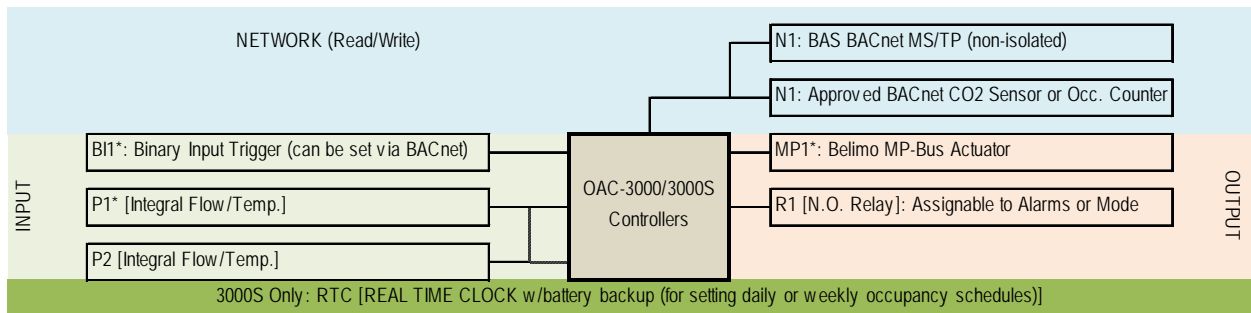
- Power Requirement:** 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @8.5V-A
- Dimensions:** 4.72H x 7.29W x 1.36D in. [119.9 x 185.2 x 34.5 mm]

1. OAC HARDWARE ARCHITECTURE

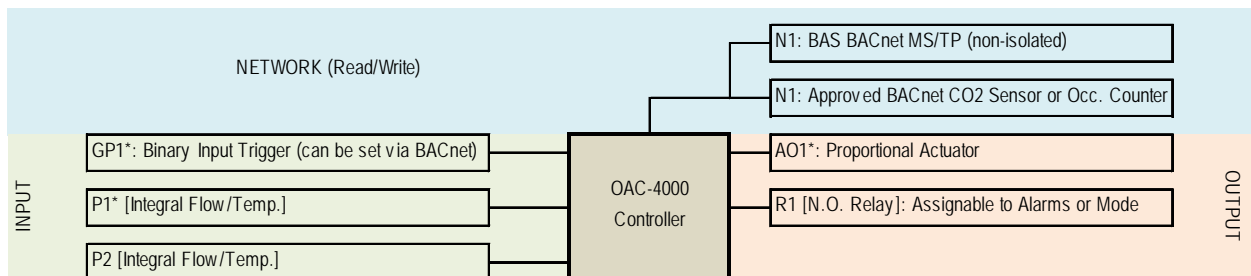
OAC Outdoor Air Controllers are based on GreenTrol Automation’s 3000, 3000S, 4000 and 5000 hardware architecture. The OAC-3000 and OAC-3000S have a physical binary input (BI1). The OAC-4000 and OAC-5000 use a general-purpose input factory configured as a binary input (GP1 configured as BI1). The binary input is used to trigger occupied outdoor airflow control. The OAC-3000 and OAC-3000S modulate MP-Bus actuators provided by GreenTrol. The OAC-4000 and OAC-5000 modulate proportional analog actuators or fan speed controllers having an analog input for speed control. The OAC-3000S has a built-in real-time clock for occupancy scheduling. The OAC-5000 has an additional general purpose input factory configured as an analog input (GP2 configured as AI1) that can be configured to read an analog CO₂ sensor and an additional analog output (AO2) that is configured for airflow output.

All architectures support GreenTrol Automated integrated IAT, one or two sensor node, thermal dispersion airflow/temperature measuring devices (P1 and/or P2), have a contact closure relay (R1), and provide one non-isolated BACnet MS/TP connection (N1). The MS/TP connection can be configured for approved MS/TP airflow measurement devices in lieu of the integrated sensors, approved MS/TP DCV sensors and/or connection to a building automation system. All controllers support full read/write privileges as a BACnet master.

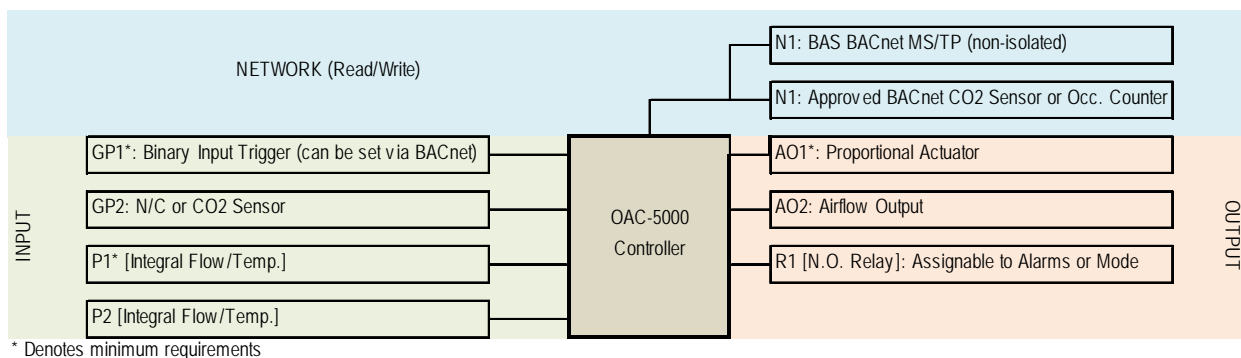
Figure 1-1 OAC Application Specific Hardware Architecture



* Denotes minimum requirements



* Denotes minimum requirements



2. OUTDOOR AIR CONTROL (OAC) METHODS

2.1. Methods Supported

OAC controllers support four modulating outdoor air control methods and one non-modulating method during occupied mode. The OAC method is selected during firmware configuration.

2.2. Modulating Control Methods

Modulating control continuously modifies the signal, MP1 or AO1, to the outdoor air actuator using one or more PID control loops and sensor inputs to maintain setpoint within a user defined deadband when occupied mode is detected. OAC controllers support fixed and variable setpoint control.

2.2.1 FIXED SETPOINT CONTROL METHODS

Fixed setpoint control maintains a user defined airflow or CO₂ setpoint. OAC controllers support the following fixed setpoint modulating control methods:

- FLOW: maintains a user defined fixed airflow setpoint
- CO₂: maintains a user defined fixed CO₂ setpoint bound by optional upper and lower airflow limits

2.2.1.1. Airflow Setpoint Control [OAC=FLOW, default]

Modulates MP1 or AO1 to maintain a user defined airflow setpoint. The setpoint can be entered during firmware configuration or during normal operation by pressing either the ↑ or ↓ pushbuttons on the main circuit board.

2.2.1.2. Improved CO₂ Demand Control Ventilation (CO₂-DCV) [OAC=CO₂]

Modulates MP1 or AO1 to maintain a user defined CO₂ setpoint. The setpoint can be entered during firmware configuration or during normal operation by pressing either the ↑ or ↓ pushbuttons on the main circuit board.

OAC controllers reset the outdoor airflow setpoint to maintain the desired CO₂ level. As a result, minimum and maximum ventilation airflow limits can be set by the user. Setting airflow limits significantly improves traditional CO₂-DCV that relies on fixed damper positions which are affected by damper hysteresis, fan speed changes and wind/stack pressure variations.

2.2.2 VARIABLE SETPOINT CONTROL METHODS

Variable airflow setpoint control, or population based-DCV, satisfies the ventilation requirements of ASHRAE Standard 62.1 at all population levels and is an improvement over CO₂-DCV.

The population of the ventilation zone is used to calculate the required breathing zone outdoor airflow rate. There is no user defined airflow setpoint. The breathing zone outdoor airflow rate, V_{bz} , is determined using the estimated population and values for the ventilation rate required per person, R_p , the ventilation rate required per floor area, R_a , and the ventilation zone floor area, A_z . Values for R_p , R_a and A_z should be modified for the specific space type during firmware configuration.

V_{bz} can be corrected for the zone ventilation effectiveness and the total outdoor air can be corrected for the worst-case expected ventilation efficiency on multi-zone systems during firmware configuration when the total population of the ventilation zone is estimated. The resulting airflow setpoint is V_{oz} .

Variable setpoint control modulates MP1 or AO1 to maintain the calculated value for V_{oz} . OAC controllers support the following variable setpoint modulating control methods:

- CO2/OAF: maintains a calculated airflow setpoint using the calculated population bound by optional upper and lower airflow limits
- COUNT: maintains a calculated airflow setpoint using the counted population bound by optional upper and lower airflow limits

2.2.2.1. CO2/OAF Population Estimation-DCV [OAC=CO2/OAF]

The CO2/OAF method uses a steady-state algorithm that estimates the population of the ventilation zone using indoor/outdoor CO₂ levels, metabolic activity and the measured outdoor airflow rate. The outdoor CO₂ level and metabolic activity can be modified during firmware configuration.

2.2.2.2. Direct Count-DCV [OAC=COUNT]

The COUNT method uses one to four door mounted occupancy counters to determine the occupancy of the ventilation zone.

2.3. Non-modulating Control Methods

OAC controllers support the following non-modulating method when occupied mode is detected:

- FIXED: maintains a user defined fixed damper position

3. OAC OUTPUT

3.1. Mode Detection

The active control mode is determined by the status of the binary input trigger. The trigger can be configured to be active when the input is high (above the trigger threshold) or low (below the trigger threshold).

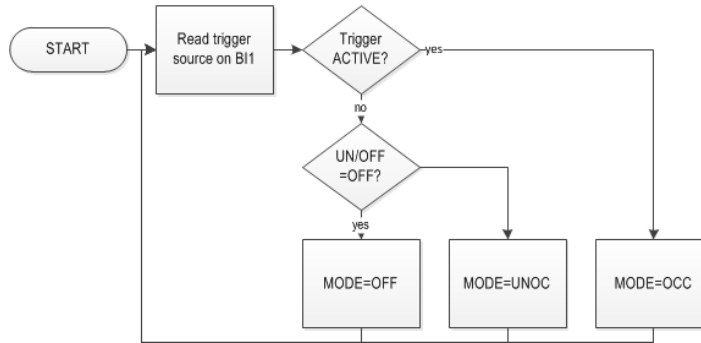
The OAC control mode trigger source can be a binary 0 to 24 VAC/VDC signal source from a thermostat or application controller. The trigger can also be the actuator control signal on packaged units using a 2-position intake damper. Replace the 2-position actuator with the appropriate analog or MP-Bus proportional actuator and use the 2-position 24 VAC control signal as the binary trigger. The binary trigger can also be provided via BACnet by the host control system.

OAC controllers detect the following modes of operation:

- Off Mode
- Unoccupied Mode
- Occupied Mode

Mode detection logic is shown in Figure 3-1.

Figure 3-1 Mode Detection Logic



3.1.1. ENHANCED MODE DETECTION (OAC-3000S)

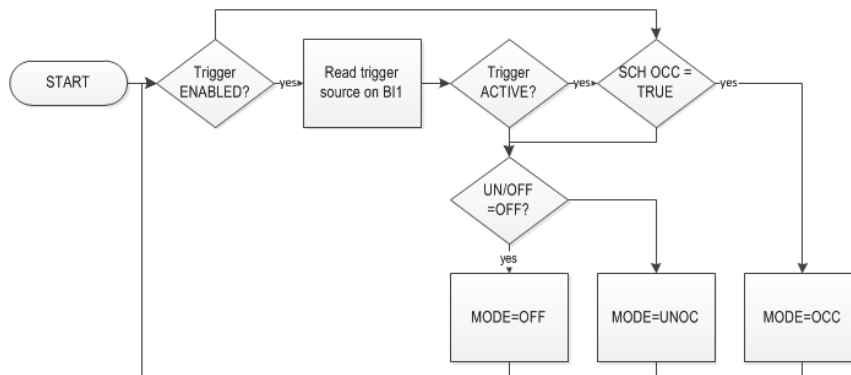
The OAC-3000S has a built-in real-time clock (RTC) to enhance operation during unoccupied modes. A schedule can be configured for individual days or weekdays/weekends and will enable occupied status (OCC = TRUE) when the time and day fall within the occupancy start time and duration specified.

The controller can be configured to operate solely on the schedule or use the schedule with the binary input trigger (logical AND) to activate occupied mode.

Press the ↓ and {ENT} buttons simultaneously during normal operation to configure schedule functions.

Enhanced mode detection logic for the OAC-3000S is shown in figure 3-2.

Figure 3-1 Enhanced Mode Detection Logic (OAC-3000S Only)



3.2. OAC Actuator and Fault Signal Outputs

The OAC actuator control output signal is provided on AO1 and is dependent on active mode, OAC method, control status and sensor status.

4. NORMAL OPERATION (NO FAULTS)

4.1. Off Mode (MODE=OFF)

The OAC controller MP1 or AO1 to 0% (damper closed)

4.2. Unoccupied Mode (MODE=UNOC)

The OAC controller modulates the output of MP1 or AO1 to maintain a user defined unoccupied airflow setpoint, UNOC SET whenever UNOC SET is greater than zero.

Note: Unoccupied airflow control is only available when a modulating minimum outdoor air control method is selected.

4.3. Outdoor Air Mode (MODE=OA)

The OAC controller sets MP1 or AO1 based on the minimum outdoor air control (OAC) method selected in SECTION 2.

5. CONTROL FAULT HANDLING

5.1. Control States

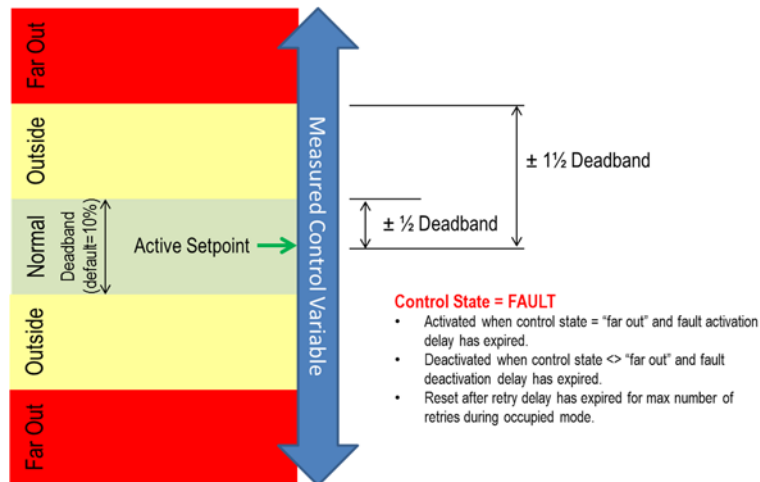
During modulating control, OAC controllers monitor the active control state (Figure 5-1). Control states are categorized as follows:

- Inactive (not in a modulating control mode)
- Normal (within/equal to active setpoint ± 0.5 deadband)
- Outside (outside active setpoint ± 0.5 deadband)
- Far Out (outside active setpoint ± 1.5 deadband)
- Control Fault (Far Out for greater than specified fault activation delay period)

Active control faults are indicated on the LCD as follows:

- Outside High, + indicated after measured output
- Outside Low, - indicated after measured output
- Far Out High, ++ indicated after measured output
- Far Out Low, -- indicated after measured output
- Control Fault High, flashing ++ after measured output
- Control Fault Low, flashing -- after measured output

Figure 5-1 Control States



5.2. Mode Dependent Control Fault Operation

5.2.1. UNOCCUPIED AIRFLOW MODE CONTROL FAULTS

5.2.1.1. Unoccupied Airflow Control Fault

An active unoccupied airflow control fault sets MP1 or AO1 to 0% (damper closed).

5.2.2. OCCUPIED OUTDOOR AIRFLOW MODE CONTROL FAULTS

5.2.2.1. Occupied Airflow Control Fault

An active occupied airflow control fault sets MP1 or AO1 to the fixed minimum position value for MIN POS established during firmware configuration (default = 10%).

5.2.2.2. CO₂ Control Fault

A CO₂ control fault only affects operation when OAC is set to CO₂.

If DCVMAX is set to NONE, an active CO₂ control fault sets MP1 or AO1 to the fixed minimum position value for MIN POS established during firmware configuration (default = 10%).

If DCVMAX is not set to NONE, an active CO₂ control fault maintains DCV MAX.

If DCVMAX is not set to NONE and an active airflow control fault is active, an active CO₂ control fault sets AI1 to the fixed minimum position value for MIN POS established during firmware configuration (default = 10%). OAC modulating control is disabled.

5.3. Control Fault Recovery

Control is restored when the active fault is not present for the specified fault deactivation delay period.

Since control is disabled when an active control fault is present, it is not likely that the fault will be cleared. The OAC controller allows for a user specified number of retries after a specified retry delay.

OAC controllers log the cumulative time the controller is in each control state in non-volatile memory. Times can be viewed by navigating through the system diagnostics menus.

Press the {ESC} and ↑ buttons simultaneously during normal operation to enter the advanced setup, tools and diagnostics menus.

6. SENSOR FAULT HANDLING

6.1. Sensor Fault Detection

The OAC controller has a built-in sensor diagnostic system that detects full or partial airflow sensor, CO₂ sensor or occupancy counter failure.

6.2. Sensor Fault Operation

6.2.1. AIRFLOW SENSOR FAILURE

A partial airflow sensor failure averages functioning airflow sensor nodes and does not disrupt control operation. A complete airflow sensor sets MP1 or AO1 to the fixed minimum position value for MIN POS established during firmware configuration (default = 10%). OAC modulating control is disabled.

6.2.2. DCV SENSOR FAILURE

A DCV sensor is either a CO₂ sensor or an occupancy counter. A CO₂ sensor failure only affects operation when OAC is set to CO2 or CO2/OAF. An occupancy counter failure only affects operation when OAC is set to COUNT.

If DCVMAX is set to NONE, a DCV sensor failure sets MP1 or AO1 to the fixed minimum position value for MIN POS established during firmware configuration (default = 10%). EMOAC modulating control is disabled.

If DCVMAX is not set to NONE, a DCV sensor failure maintains DCV MAX.

If DCVMAX is not set to NONE and an active airflow control fault is active, a DCV sensor failure sets MP1 or AO1 to the fixed minimum position value for MIN POS established during firmware configuration (default = 10%). OAC modulating control is disabled.

6.3. Sensor Fault Recovery

Control is restored when the sensor fault is no longer present.

OAC controllers maintain active trouble codes and trouble history in non-volatile memory. Trouble codes and history can be viewed by navigating through the system diagnostics menus.

Press the {ESC} and ↑ buttons simultaneously during normal operation to enter the advanced setup, tools and diagnostics menus.

7. CONTACT CLOSURE RELAY

The contact closure relay, R1, may be assigned to one or more notification alarms or the active control mode.

7.1. Notification Alarm Assignment [R1 ASGN=ALRMS, default]

The contact closure relay, R1, closes when a bound notification alarm is active. To assign the contact closure relay to notification alarms, set R1 ASNG to ALRMS (default) during hardware configuration.

Note: Individual alarms must be bound to R1 during firmware configuration for an active alarm to close the relay.

7.2. Mode Assignment [R1 ASGN=MODE]

The contact closure relay, R1, closes and can enable an external device, such as a start relay for a booster fan or exhaust fan, when the specified mode is active. To assign the contact closure relay to the active control mode, set R1 ASNG to MODE during hardware configuration. Select the desired active control mode, unoccupied mode (R1 ACTMOD=UNOC), occupied mode (R1 ACTMOD=OCC) or both unoccupied and occupied modes (R1 ACTMOD=OCCUNO), that enables the contact closure relay.

8. NOTIFICATION ALARMS

OAC controllers have built-in notification alarms. Notification alarms are automatically displayed at position 11 on the LCD and can be individually bound to the contact closure relay, R1, when R1 ASGN is set to ALRMS. Notification alarms are also available via BACnet.

8.1. System Status Alarms

8.1.1. SYSTEM TROUBLE ALARM [TRBL ALARM]

The alarm can become active during any mode. The system trouble alarm is active when any malfunction of the controller module, airflow measuring device or installed DCV sensor is detected. The alarm is enabled by default and configured for automatic reset. Active trouble codes and trouble code history are viewed using built-in diagnostic tools.

8.2. Mode Dependent Setpoint Alarms

The following mode dependent setpoint alarms are available:

- Unoccupied Airflow Alarm
- Outside Airflow Alarm (Occupied airflow alarm)
- CO₂ Alarm

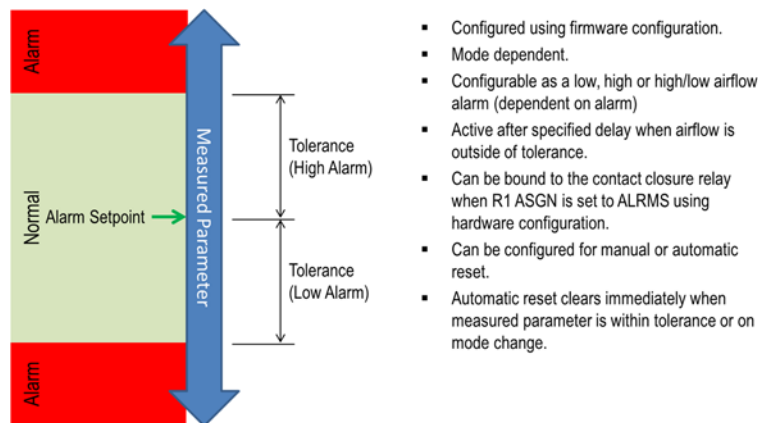
Notification alarms are disabled by default and must be enabled during firmware configuration to become active.

Notification alarms can be configured to reset automatically when the mode changes and/or alarm status is no longer active, or require manual reset. Active, manually reset, notification alarms are cleared by pressing the {ESC} button or via BACnet.

Each notification alarm has unique type (high, low or high/low), tolerance and delay parameters. Alarm history is maintained in non-volatile memory.

Notification alarm parameters can be modified during firmware configuration.

Figure 8-1 Setpoint Notification Alarms



8.2.1. UNOCCUPIED AIRFLOW ALARM [UNOC ALARM]

The alarm can only become active during unoccupied mode when the unoccupied airflow setpoint (UNOC SET) is greater than zero. The alarm uses the unoccupied airflow setpoint as the default alarm setpoint. The alarm can be set as a high, low or high/low airflow alarm.

8.2.2. OUTDOOR AIRFLOW ALARM [OA ALARM]

The alarm can only become active during occupied mode and any OAC method except when the OAC method is set to CO₂. The alarm uses the active OA airflow setpoint (OA SET) when the OAC method is set to FLOW, CO₂/OAF or COUNT. The alarm uses a user defined airflow setpoint when the OAC method is set to FIXED. The alarm can be set as a high, low or high/low airflow alarm.

8.2.3 CO₂ ALARM [CO2 ALARM]

The alarm can become active during any mode and with any OAC method. A CO₂ sensor must be installed and configured for the alarm to be available. The alarm uses the CO₂ setpoint (CO2 SET) when the OAC method is set to CO₂ or a user defined CO₂ setpoint for all other methods. The alarm is only available as a high CO₂ alarm.

OAC-3000 Wiring Diagram

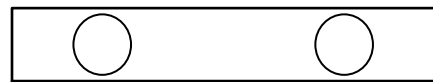
Outdoor Airflow Control for Thermostat-based Systems

Optional DCV Configuration: RS-485 BACnet MS/TP CO₂ Sensor or Occupancy Counter

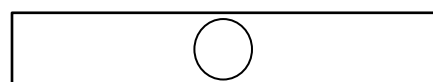
IAT THERMAL DISPERSION
OUTDOOR AIRFLOW PROBE(S)

PROPORTIONAL
ACTUATOR
Belimo MP-bus

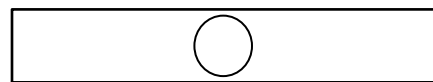
Probe #1 - 1 or 2 sensors
(required)



or



Probe #2 - 1 sensor
(optional if probe 1 is one sensor)

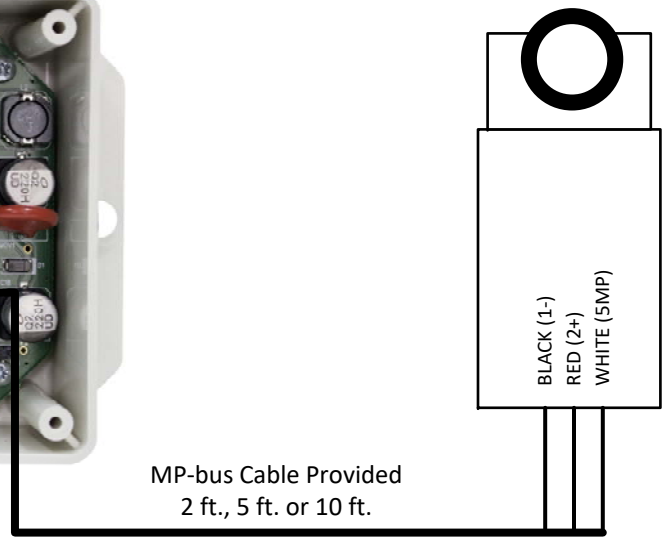
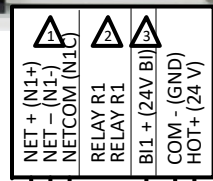
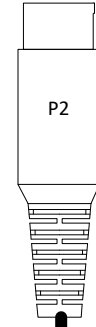
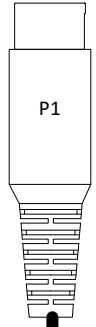


⚠ RS-485 may be "daisy-chained" to a remote B.A.S. BACnet objects are read-write. OAC controllers are a 1/2 load BACnet Master device. Set termination jumper (J3) on the OAC controller if it is located at the end of the RS-485 line. OAC controller RS-485 connections are non-isolated. Install a GreenTrol network isolator if an isolated RS-485 connection is required.

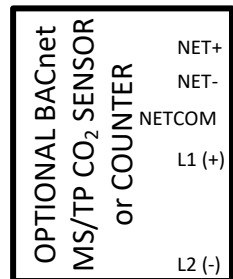
⚠ N.O. contact closure relay. 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3A max. On-board jumper (J2) allows relay to drive an external LED (by others).

⚠ BI1 is configured as a binary 0/24 VAC input for thermostat applications. Occupied mode can be triggered by 0 VAC or 24 VAC via firmware parameter BI TRIG (default is 24 VAC).

FEP Plenum Rated
Cable w/DIN Plug
Included
10ft., 25ft. or 50 ft.

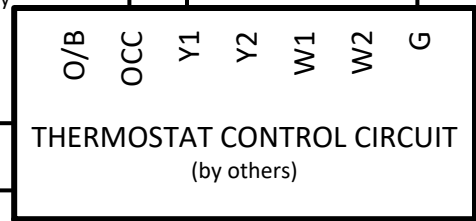


MP-bus Cable Provided
2 ft., 5 ft. or 10 ft.



Occupied Control Enable Trigger:
(select one)

- 1 Fan On
 - 2 Stage 1 Compr. On*
 - 3 Occupied Mode
- * Heat pumps only



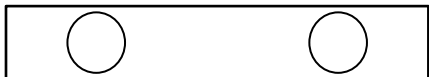
OAC-3000S Wiring Diagram

Outdoor Airflow Control for Thermostat-based Systems

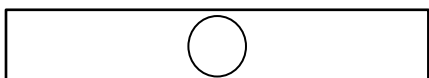
Optional DCV Configuration: RS-485 BACnet MS/TP CO₂ Sensor or Occupancy Counter

IAT THERMAL DISPERSION
OUTDOOR AIRFLOW PROBE(S)

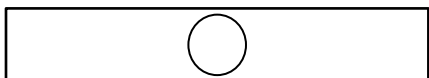
Probe #1 - 1 or 2 sensors
(required)



or



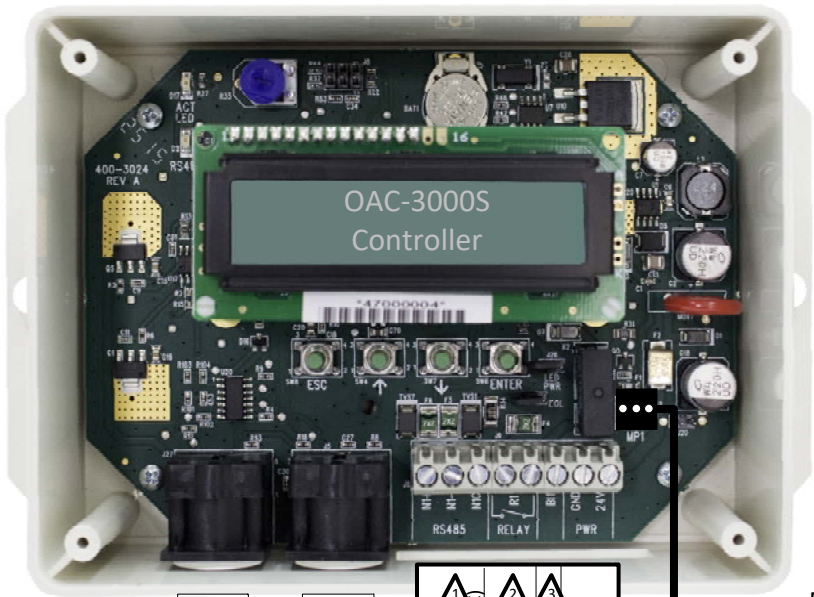
Probe #2 - 1 sensor
(optional if probe 1 is one sensor)



⚠ RS-485 may be "daisy-chained" to a remote B.A.S. BACnet objects are read-write. OAC controllers are a 1/2 load BACnet Master device. Set termination jumper (J3) on the OAC controller if it is located at the end of the RS-485 line. OAC controller RS-485 connections are non-isolated. Install a GreenTrol network isolator if an isolated RS-485 connection is required.

⚠ N.O. contact closure relay. 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3A max. On-board jumper (J2) allows relay to drive an external LED (by others).

⚠ BI1 is configured as a binary 0/24 VAC input for thermostat applications. Occupied mode can be triggered by 0 VAC or 24 VAC via firmware parameter BI TRIG (default is 24 VAC).



OAC-3000S
Built-in Real Time Clock (RTC)

- Daily Schedule
- Weekday/Weekend

Active control setpoints will be maintained when the RTC occupancy status = "occupied" AND the thermostat trigger state = "true"

Inactive control setpoints will be maintained when the RTC occupancy status = "unoccupied" AND the thermostat trigger state = "False"

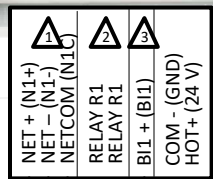
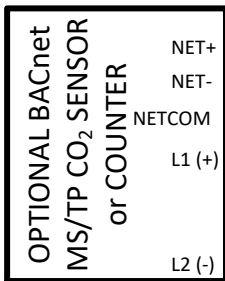
Note: The thermostat trigger configuration "NC" defaults the thermostat trigger state to "True" at all times. This results in active and inactive control setpoint conditions being solely determined by the RTC and schedule.

PROPORTIONAL
ACTUATOR
Belimo MP-bus



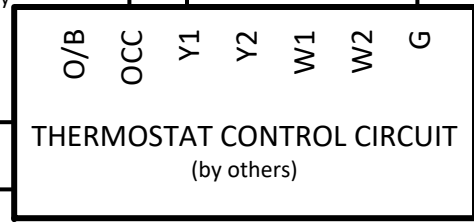
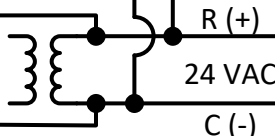
MP-bus Cable Provided
2 ft., 5 ft. or 10 ft.

FEP Plenum Rated
Cable w/DIN Plug
Included
10ft., 25ft. or 50 ft.



Occupied Control Enable Trigger:
(select one)

- 1 Fan On
 - 2 Stage 1 Compr. On*
 - 3 Occupied Mode
- * Heat pumps only



OAC-4000 Wiring Diagram

Outdoor Airflow Control for Thermostat-based Systems

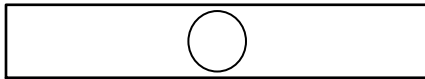
Optional DCV Configuration: RS-485 BACnet MS/TP CO₂ Sensor or Occupancy Counter

IAT THERMAL DISPERSION
OUTDOOR AIRFLOW PROBE(S)

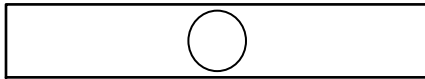
Probe #1 - 1 or 2 sensors
(required)



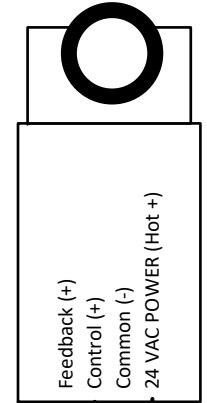
or



Probe #2 - 1 sensor
(optional if probe 1 is one sensor)



PROPORTIONAL
ACTUATOR
2-10 VDC
0-5/0-10 VDC
4-20 mA
(by others)



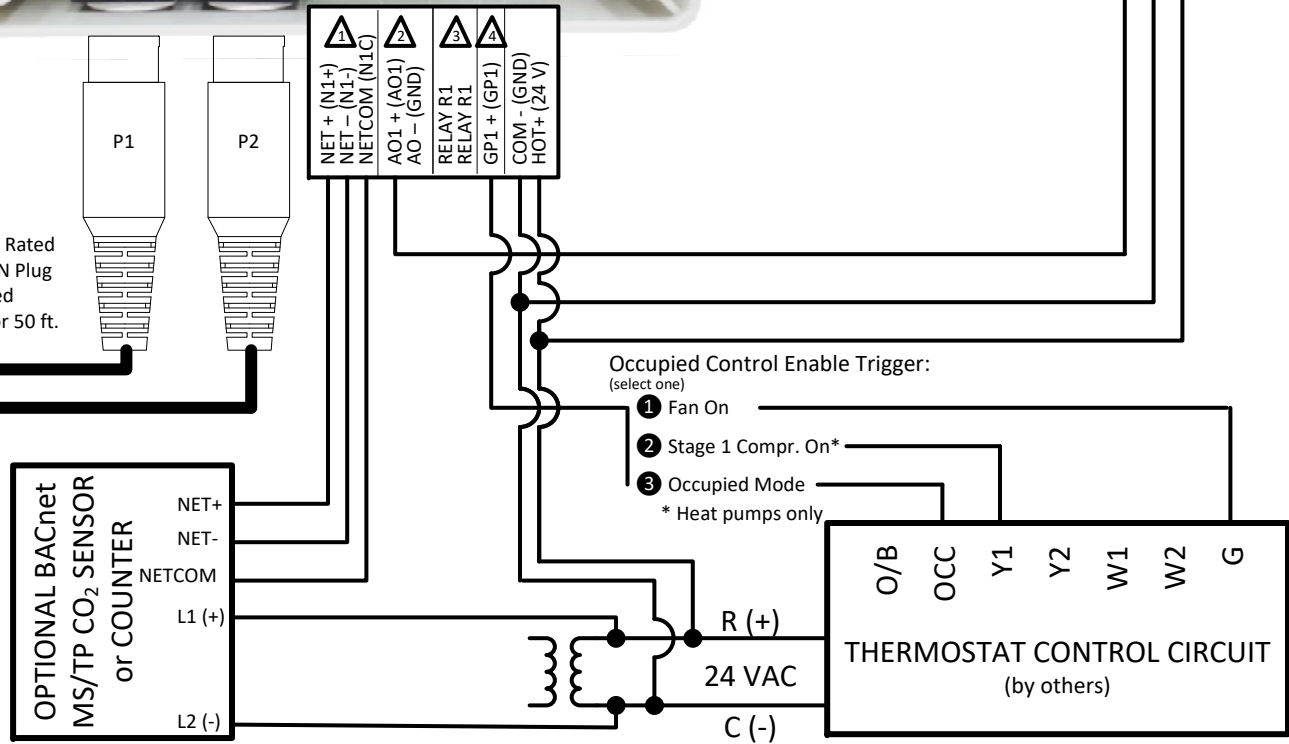
1 RS-485 may be "daisy-chained" to a remote B.A.S. BACnet objects are read-write. OAC controllers are a 1/2 load BACnet Master device. Set termination jumper (J3) on the OAC controller if it is located at the end of the RS-485 line. OAC controller RS-485 connections are non-isolated. Install a GreenTrol network isolator if an isolated RS-485 connection is required.

2 Actuator signal common is not required when a single transformer is provided to devices without isolated outputs.

3 N.O. contact closure relay. 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3A max. On-board jumper (J26) allows relay to drive an external LED (by others).

4 GP1 is configured as a binary 0/24 VAC input for thermostat applications. Occupied mode can be triggered by 0 VAC or 24 VAC via firmware parameter BI TRIG (default is 24 VAC).

FEP Plenum Rated
Cable w/DIN Plug
Included
10ft., 25ft. or 50 ft.



OAC-5000 Wiring Diagram

Outdoor Airflow Control for Thermostat-based Systems

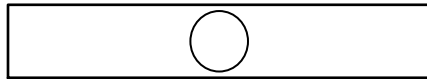
Optional DCV Configuration: RS-485 BACnet MS/TP CO₂ Sensor or Occupancy Counter

IAT THERMAL DISPERSION
OUTDOOR AIRFLOW PROBE(S)

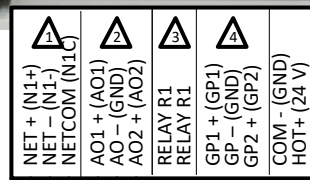
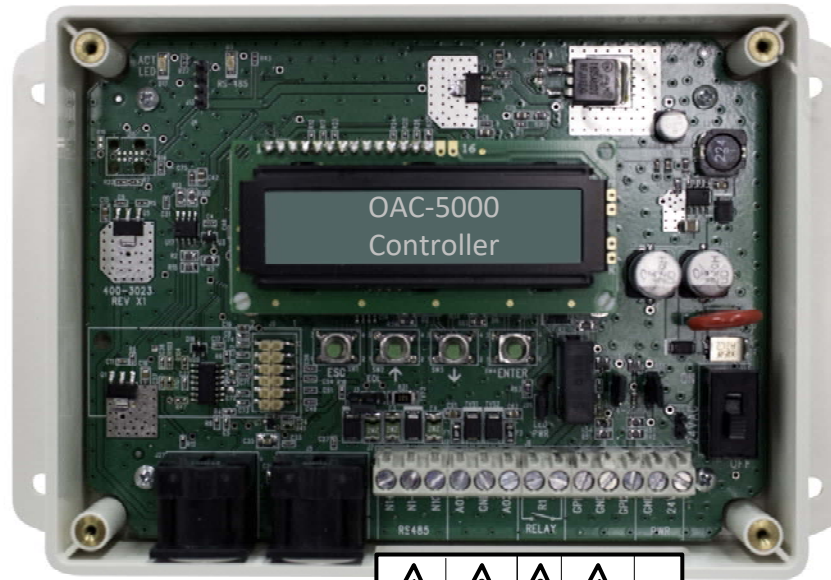
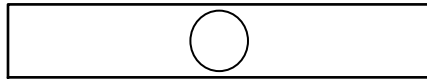
Probe #1 - 1 or 2 sensors
(required)



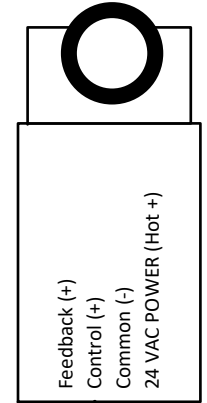
or



Probe #2 - 1 sensor
(optional if probe 1 is one sensor)



PROPORTIONAL
ACTUATOR
2-10 VDC
0-5/0-10 VDC
4-20 mA
(by others)



⚠️ RS-485 may be "daisy-chained" to a remote B.A.S. BACnet objects are read-write. OAC controllers are a 1/4 load BACnet Master device. Set termination jumper (J3) on the OAC controller if it is located at the end of the RS-485 line. OAC controller RS-485 connections are non-isolated. Install a GreenTrol network isolator if an isolated RS-485 connection is required.

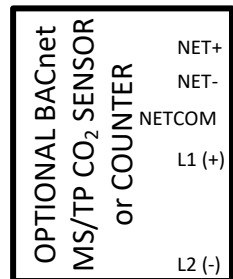
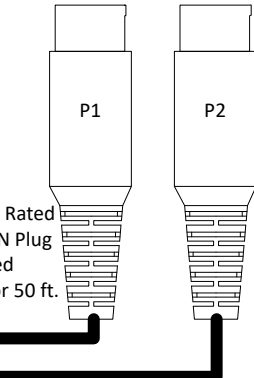
⚠️ Actuator signal common is not required when a single transformer is provided to devices without isolated outputs.

⚠️ N.O. contact closure relay. 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3A max. On-board jumper (J26) allows relay to drive an external LED (by others).

⚠️ GP1 is configured as a binary 0/24 VAC input for thermostat applications. Occupied mode can be triggered by 0 VAC or 24 VAC via firmware parameter BI TRIG (default is 24 VAC).

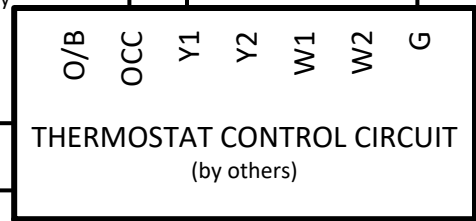
⚠️ Do not connect the secondary of the 24 VAC transformer to earth ground if the airflow output on AO2 is connected to a B.A.S. requiring a floating output signal.

FEP Plenum Rated
Cable w/DIN Plug
Included
10ft., 25ft. or 50 ft.



Occupied Control Enable Trigger:
(select one)

- 1 Fan On
 - 2 Stage 1 Compr. On*
 - 3 Occupied Mode
- * Heat pumps only

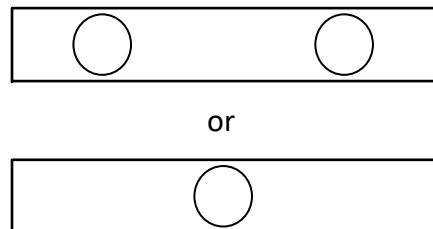


OAC-5000 Wiring Diagram

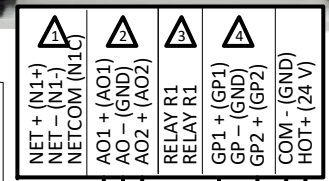
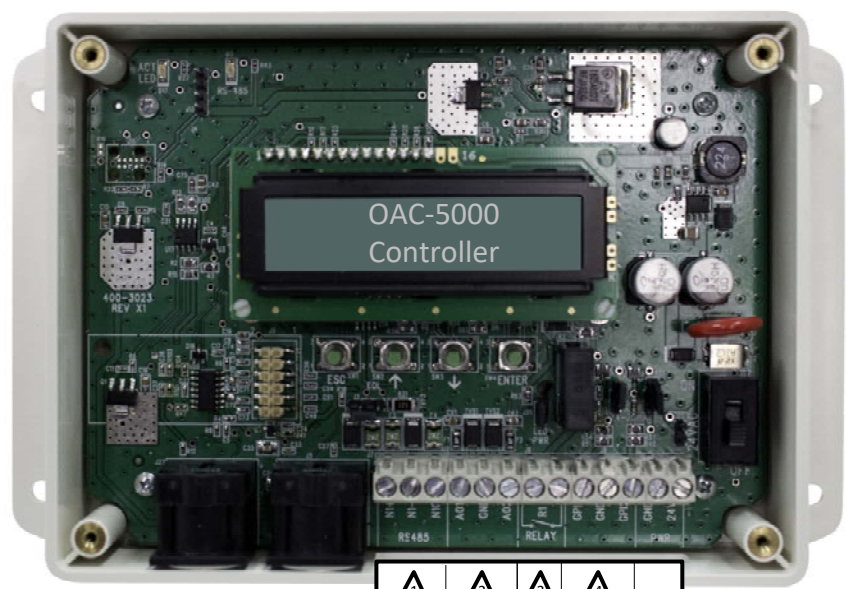
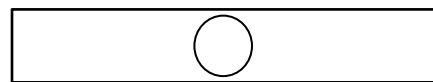
Outdoor Airflow Control for Thermostat-based Systems
Optional DCV Configuration: Analog CO₂ Sensor

IAT THERMAL DISPERSION
OUTDOOR AIRFLOW PROBE(S)

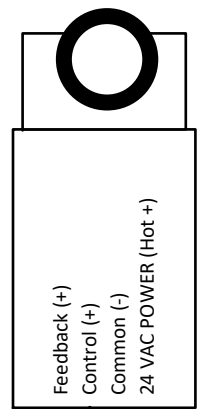
Probe #1 - 1 or 2 sensors
(required)



Probe #2 - 1 sensor
(optional if probe 1 is one sensor)



PROPORTIONAL
ACTUATOR
2-10 VDC
0-5/0-10 VDC
4-20 mA
(by others)



⚠️ RS-485 may be "daisy-chained" to a remote B.A.S. BACnet objects are read-write. OAC controllers are a 1/4 load BACnet Master device. Set termination jumper (J3) on the OAC controller if it is located at the end of the RS-485 line. OAC controller RS-485 connections are non-isolated. Install a GreenTrol network isolator if an isolated RS-485 connection is required.

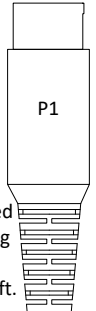
⚠️ Actuator and/or CO₂ sensor signal common are not required when a single transformer is provided to devices without isolated outputs.

⚠️ N.O. contact closure relay. 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3A max. On-board jumper (J26) allows relay to drive an external LED (by others).

⚠️ GP1 is configured as a binary 0/24 VAC input for thermostat applications. Occupied mode can be triggered by 0 VAC or 24 VAC via firmware parameter BI TRIG (default is 24 VAC). Install jumper (J2) if a 4-20 mA CO₂ sensor is connected to GP2.

⚠️ Do not connect the secondary of the 24 VAC transformer to earth ground if the airflow output on AO2 is connected to a B.A.S. requiring a floating output signal.

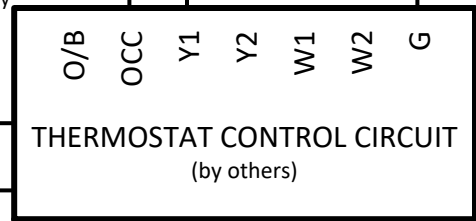
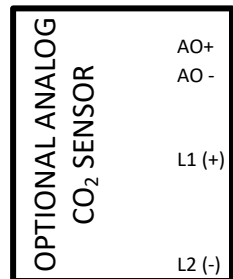
FEP Plenum Rated
Cable w/DIN Plug
Included
10ft., 25ft. or 50 ft.



Airflow Output
5

Occupied Control Enable Trigger:
(select one)

- 1 Fan On
 - 2 Stage 1 Compr. On*
 - 3 Occupied Mode
- * Heat pumps only



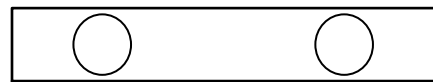
OAC-4000 Wiring Diagram

2-Position OA Damper Conversion to Modulating Damper

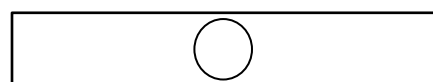
Optional DCV Configuration: RS-485 BACnet MS/TP CO₂ Sensor or Occupancy Counter

IAT THERMAL DISPERSION
OUTDOOR AIRFLOW PROBE(S)

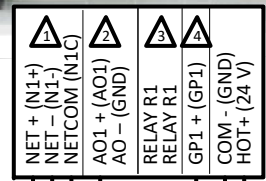
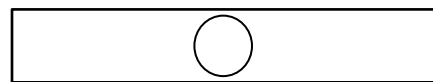
Probe #1 - 1 or 2 sensors
(required)



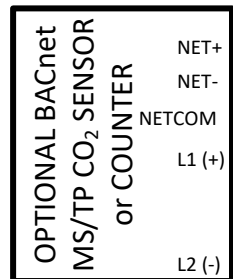
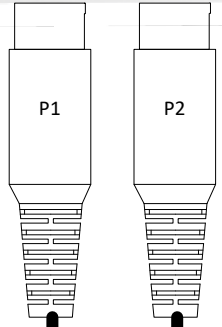
or



Probe #2 - 1 sensor
(optional if probe 1 is one sensor)



FEP Plenum Rated
Cable w/DIN Plug
Included
10ft., 25ft. or 50 ft.



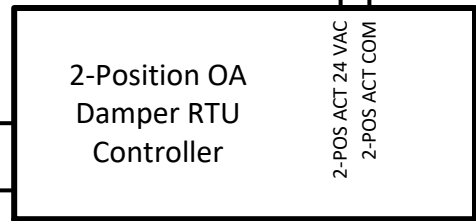
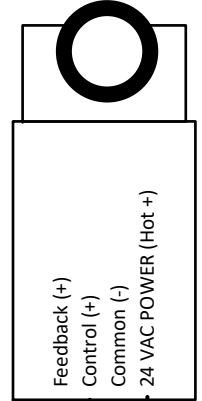
OAC-4000
2-Position OA Damper
Conversion to Modulating
Control

Replace the 2-position outdoor air actuator with a modulating, proportional, actuator (Spring return, failsafe closed advised) of sufficient torque for the outdoor air damper provided.

Use the 24 VAC, 2-position, actuator signal as the binary trigger signal for active control.

PROPORTIONAL
ACTUATOR

2-10 VDC
0-5/0-10 VDC
4-20 mA
(by others)



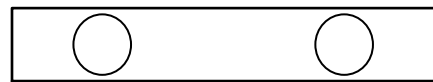
- ⚠️ RS-485 may be "daisy-chained" to a remote B.A.S. BACnet objects are read-write. OAC controllers are a 1/2 load BACnet Master device. Set termination jumper (J3) on the OAC controller if it is located at the end of the RS-485 line. OAC controller RS-485 connections are non-isolated. Install a GreenTrol network isolator if an isolated RS-485 connection is required.
- ⚠️ Actuator signal common is not required when a single transformer is provided to devices without isolated outputs.
- ⚠️ N.O. contact closure relay. 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3A max. On-board jumper (J26) allows relay to drive an external LED (by others).
- ⚠️ GP1 is configured as a binary 0/24 VAC input for this application. Occupied mode is triggered by the 24 VAC signal that would normally open the 2-position actuator.

OAC-5000 Wiring Diagram

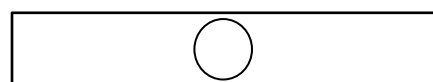
2-Position OA Damper Conversion to Modulating Damper
 Optional: RS-485 BACnet MS/TP CO₂ Sensor or Occupancy Counter

IAT THERMAL DISPERSION
 OUTDOOR AIRFLOW PROBE(S)

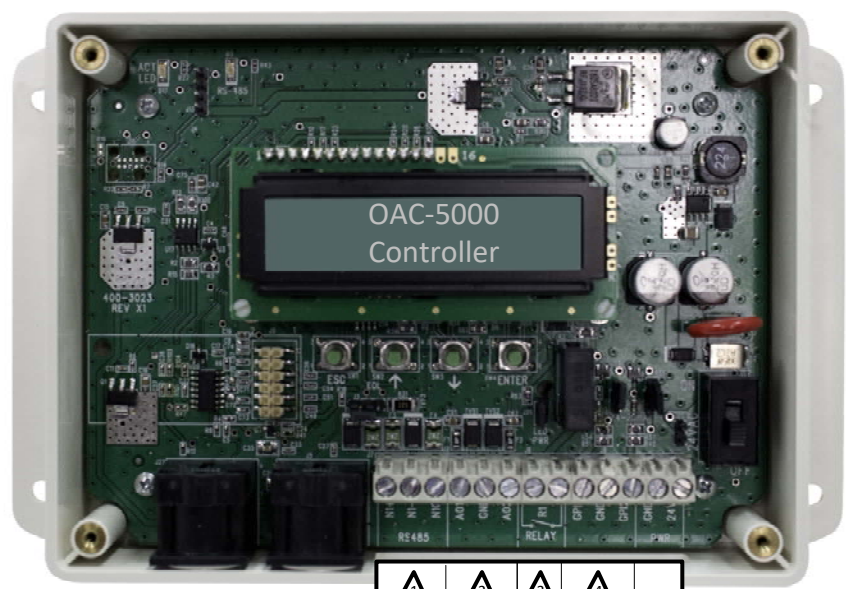
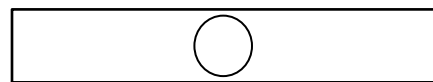
Probe #1 - 1 or 2 sensors
 (required)



or



Probe #2 - 1 sensor
 (optional if probe 1 is one sensor)

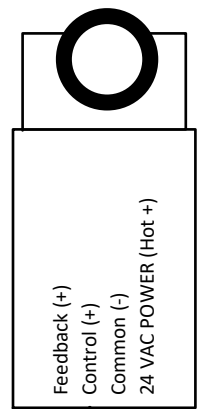


OAC-5000
2-Position OA Damper Conversion to Modulating Control

Replace the 2-position outdoor air actuator with a modulating, proportional, actuator (spring return, failsafe closed advised) of sufficient torque for the outdoor air damper provided.

Use the 24 VAC, 2-position, actuator signal as the binary trigger signal for active control.

PROPORTIONAL
 ACTUATOR
 2-10 VDC
 0-5/0-10 VDC
 4-20 mA
 (by others)



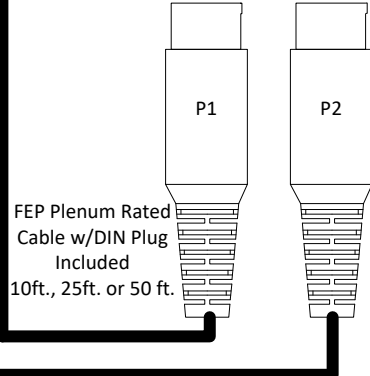
1 RS-485 may be "daisy-chained" to a remote B.A.S. BACnet objects are read-write. EMOAC controllers are 1/4 load BACnet Master device. Set termination jumper (J3) on the EMOAC-5000 controller if it is located at the end of the RS-485 line. The EMOAC-5000 controller RS-485 is non-isolated. Install a GreenTrol network isolator if an isolated RS-485 connection is required.

2 Actuator signal common is not required when a single transformer is provided to devices without isolated outputs.

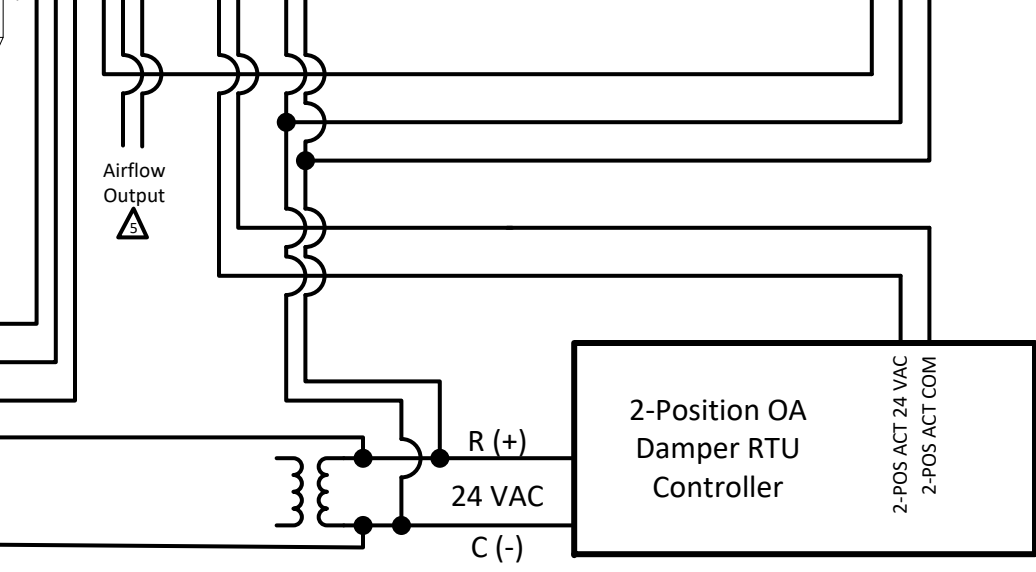
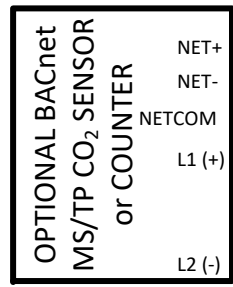
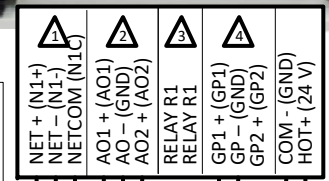
3 N.O. contact closure relay. 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3A max. On-board jumper (J26) allows relay to drive an external LED (by others).

4 GP1 is configured as a binary 0/24 VAC input for this application. Occupied mode is triggered by the 24 VAC signal that would normally open the 2-position actuator.

5 Do not connect the secondary of the 24 VAC transformer to earth ground if the airflow output on AO2 is connected to a B.A.S. requiring a floating output signal.



FEP Plenum Rated
 Cable w/DIN Plug
 Included
 10ft., 25ft. or 50 ft.



OAC-5000 Wiring Diagram

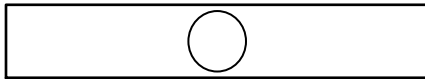
2-Position OA Damper Conversion to Modulating Damper
Optional DCV Configuration: Analog CO₂ Sensor

IAT THERMAL DISPERSION
OUTDOOR AIRFLOW PROBE(S)

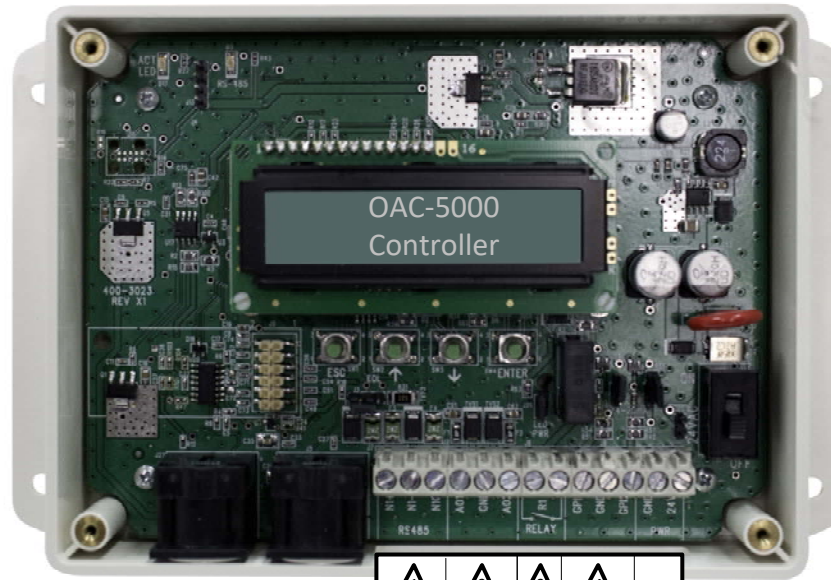
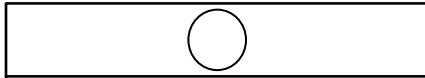
Probe #1 - 1 or 2 sensors
(required)



or



Probe #2 - 1 sensor
(optional if probe 1 is one sensor)

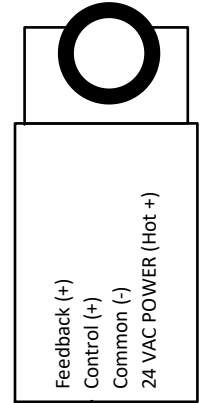


OAC-5000
2-Position OA Damper
Conversion to Modulating
Control

Replace the 2-position outdoor air actuator with a modulating, proportional, actuator (spring return, failsafe closed advised) of sufficient torque for the outdoor air damper provided.

Use the 24 VAC, 2-position, actuator signal as the binary trigger signal for active control.

PROPORTIONAL
ACTUATOR
2-10 VDC
0-5/0-10 VDC
4-20 mA
(by others)



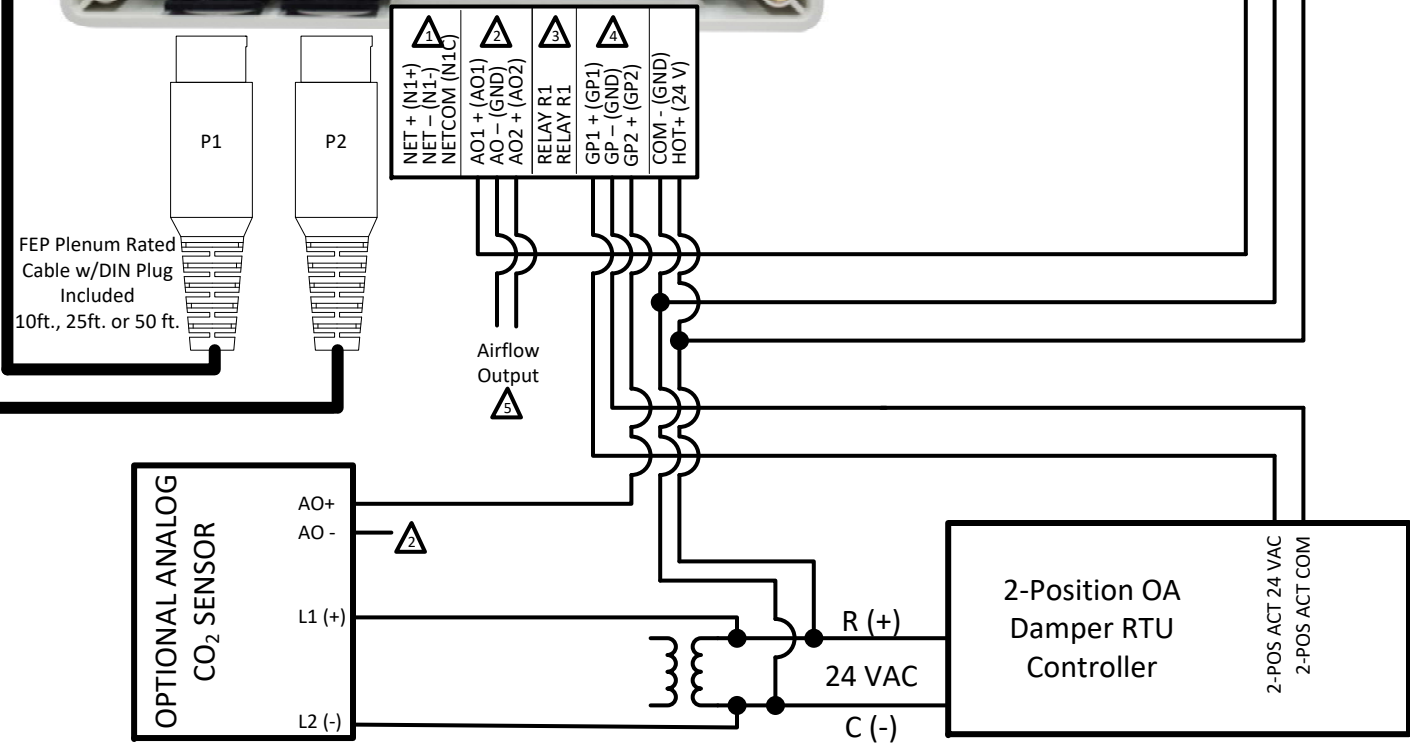
1 RS-485 may be "daisy-chained" to a remote B.A.S. BACnet objects are read-write. OAC controllers are a 1/4 load BACnet Master device. Set termination jumper (J3) on the OAC controller if it is located at the end of the RS-485 line. OAC controller RS-485 connections are non-isolated. Install a GreenTrol network isolator if an isolated RS-485 connection is required.

2 Actuator and/or CO₂ sensor signal common are not required when a single transformer is provided to devices without isolated outputs.

3 N.O. contact closure relay. 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3A max. On-board jumper (J26) allows relay to drive an external LED (by others).

4 GP1 is configured as a binary 0/24 VAC input for this application. Occupied mode is triggered by the 24 VAC signal that would normally open the 2-position actuator.

5 Do not connect the secondary of the 24 VAC transformer to earth ground if the airflow output on AO2 is connected to a B.A.S. requiring a floating output signal.



OAC HARDWARE CONFIGURATION

FACTORY DEFAULT HARDWARE CONFIGURATION

N1 BACnet MS/TP Network	NONE. No MS/TP sensors or building automation system connected.
Actuator Type	2-10 VDC proportional actuator (Belimo MP-bus with 3000 and 3000S models)
Outdoor Airflow Sensor	Integral, -U or -T, thermal dispersion airflow/temperature probe(s) - Auto detected
Outdoor Air Intake Sensor Area	Null. MUST BE ENTERED FOR OPERATION.
CO2 Sensor	NONE
Occupancy Counter	NONE
Alarm/Mode Relay Assignment	ALRMS (assigned to active alarms bound to N.O. relay, R1)

CUSTOM HARDWARE CONFIGURATION

Open by simultaneously pressing {ESC} {ENT} during normal operation

Use ↑↓ buttons to navigate up/down menu. Press {ENT} to modify (parameter will flash). Use ↑↓ buttons to modify, {ENT} to accept, {ESC} to keep previous.

Fixed parameters (parameters that cannot be changed) will indicate "PARAMETER FIXED"

If LOCK SECURITY<->NONE using the SETUP MENU pressing enter will indicate "CONFIG LOCKED" and only parameter viewing is allowed.

Navigate entire menu to step 28 to save settings. Press {ESC} twice at any time to exit without saving changes.

ITEM #	PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	SKIP TO
1	N1 DEVICES	NONE	No BACnet MS/TP devices connected to network N1.	
		SENS	Approved MS/TP CO2 and/or Occupancy Counters connected to network N1. <i>Note: Approved sensors have network parameters factory preset and autodetected by the EMOAC controller. No configuration is required. If custom configuration of network parameters is desired (baud rate, device MAC address or device/sensor device instance numbers) select BAS rather than SENS.</i>	
		BAS	BAS MS/TP network connected to network N1 <i>Note: MS/TP network parameters should be configured by the network integrator. Choose this setting without a BAS if it is desired to modify network settings (i.e. baud rate, device MAC address, or device instance numbers of device/network sensors).</i>	
2	ITEMS 2 and 3 are only visible on the OAC-4000 and 5000 controllers.			
3	ACTR SGNL	0-5V	0-5 VDC actuator control signal, 0% to 100% of full span.	
		0-10V	0-10 VDC actuator control signal, 0% to 100% of full span.	
		2-10V	2-10 VDC (can drive a 4-20 mA input) actuator control signal, 0% to 100% of full span.	
4	BI1 SGNL	AC	0-24 VAC binary input.	
		DC	0-24 VDC binary input.	
			<i>Note: GP1 is factory configured as a binary input.</i>	
5	BI1 TRIG	HI	Occupied mode is active above the binary threshold.	
		LO	Occupied mode is active below the binary threshold.	
			<i>Note: The binary threshold is 7VAC/VDC with 3000 and 3000A models and 7VAC/3VDC with 4000 and 5000 models.</i>	
5	OAF AREA	{}	Outdoor airflow measuring device free area, in sq ft [sq m]. Important: Area is required for operation. Leave null field (default) if area is not known during configuration. The device will prompt for area prior to operation.	
6	CO2 TYP	NONE	No CO2 sensor connected.	9
		ANLG	Analog CO2 sensor connected (EMOAC-5000 only). <i>Note: An analog CO2 input is not available when ECO FAULT = ON</i>	
		MS/TP	Approved MS/TP CO2 sensor connected (N1 DEVICES = SENS or BAS).	9

OAC HARDWARE CONFIGURATION

7	CO2 SGNL	0-5V	0-5 VDC output CO2 sensor installed.	
		0-10V	0-10 VDC output CO2 sensor installed.	
		2-10V	2-10 VDC output CO2 sensor installed.	
		4-20mA	4-20mA (4-wire) output CO2 sensor installed. Jumper required on EMOAC PCB. <i>Note: Factory default output scaling is set to 0-2,000 ppm. The full scale reading of the CO2 sensor can be modified using advanced setup.</i>	
8	CO2 FS	2000	CO2 sensor full scale reading, 1,000 to 10,000 ppm.	
9	CNTR TYP	NONE	No occupancy counter connected.	11
		MS/TP	Approved MS/TP occupancy counter connected (N1 DEVICES = SENS or BAS).	
10	NUM CNTRS	1	Number of counters, 1 to 4. <i>Note: If more than one counter is used, the device instance number additional counters must be modified in each counter. If N1 DEV=SENS, set counter 2 DI=32, counter 3 DI=33 and counter 4 DI=34.</i>	
11	R1 ASGN	NONE	Relay R1 not assigned.	13
		ALRMS	R1 assigned to EMOAC notification alarms bound to R1.	13
		MODE	R1 assigned to the active control mode.	
12	R1 ACTMOD	OCCUNO	R1 active during occupied and unoccupied modes.	
		OCC	R1 active during occupied mode.	
		UNOC	R1 active during unoccupied mode.	
13	ITEMS 14 to 27 are only visible if N1 DEVICES is equal to BAS.			
14	N1 BAUD	76800	N1 network baud rate of 76,800 bps.	
		38400	N1 network baud rate of 38,400 bps.	
		19200	N1 network baud rate of 19,200 bps.	
		9600	N1 network baud rate of 9,600 bps.	
15	N1 MAX MAST	7	N1 network max master, 0 to 127. <i>Note: Limiting MAX MAST to the actual number of devices on the network and sequentially addressing each device will limit network overhead and improve network efficiency. The default value for N1 MAX MAST assumes no building automation system is connected to the N1 MS/TP network.</i>	
16	N1 DEV MAC	1	The MAC address of this device on the N1 network, 0 to 127.	
17	DEV DI	1	The device instance number of this device on the N1 network, 0 to 4,194,302.	
18	ITEM 19 is only visible if CO2 TYP is equal to MS/TP.			
19	CO2 DI	21	The device instance number of the CO2 sensor on the N1 network, 0 to 4,194,302	
20	ITEM 21 is only visible if CNTR TYP is equal to MS/TP and NUM CNTRS is greater than or equal to 1.			
21	CNTR1 DI	31	The device instance number of counter 1 on the N1 network, 0 to 4,194,302.	
22	ITEM 23 is only visible if CNTR TYP is equal to MS/TP and NUM CNTRS is greater than or equal to 2.			
23	CNTR2 DI	32	The device instance number of counter 2 on the N1 network, 0 to 4,194,302.	
24	ITEM 25 is only visible if CNTR TYP is equal to MS/TP and NUM CNTRS is greater than or equal to 3.			
25	CNTR3 DI	33	The device instance number of counter 3 on the N1 network, 0 to 4,194,302.	
26	ITEM 27 is only visible if CNTR TYP is equal to MS/TP and NUM CNTRS is equal to 4.			
27	CNTR4 DI	34	The device instance number of counter 4 on the N1 network, 0 to 4,194,302.	
28	DONE	SAVE	Save changes and return to normal operation.	
		CANCEL	Do not save changes and return to normal operation.	
		RESET	Reset to factory default configuration and return to normal operation.	

OAC FIRMWARE CONFIGURATION

FACTORY DEFAULT FIRMWARE CONFIGURATION

Outdoor Air Control (OAC)	FLOW (modulating airflow setpoint outdoor airflow control during occupied mode)
Occupied Airflow Setpoint	0 cfm [lps] (simultaneously press ↑ or ↓ buttons during normal operation to modify)
Unoccupied Airflow Setpoint	0 cfm [lps]
Off-mode Operation (UN/OFF)	OFF (actuator output 0% when unoccupied mode is active)

CUSTOM FIRMWARE CONFIGURATION

Open by simultaneously pressing ↑↓ during normal operation

Use ↑↓ buttons to navigate up/down menu. Press {ENT} to modify (parameter will flash). Use ↑↓ buttons to modify, {ENT} to accept, {ESC} to keep previous.

Fixed parameters (parameters that cannot be changed) will indicate "PARAMETER FIXED"

If LOCK SECURITY<->NONE using the SETUP MENU pressing enter will indicate "CONFIG LOCKED" and only parameter viewing is allowed.

Navigate entire menu to step 39 to save settings. Press {ESC} twice at any time to exit without saving changes.

ITEM #	PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	SKIP TO
1	OAC	FLOW	Modulate to maintain a fixed, user defined, minimum airflow rate.	9
		CO2	Modulate to maintain a fixed, user defined, CO2 level.	10
		CO2/OAF	Modulate to maintain a calculated minimum airflow rate based on estimated population.	
		COUNT	Modulate to maintain a calculated minimum airflow rate based on measured population.	4
		FIXED	Maintain the fixed minimum position specified by MIN POS. <i>Note: CO2 and CO2/OAF will only be visible if a CO2 sensor was configured during hardware config. COUNT will only be visible if an occupancy counter was configured during hardware config.</i>	15
2	OA CO2	400	Outdoor air CO2 level, 300 to 700 ppm. <i>Note: Outdoor air CO2 is typically assumed since CO2 sensor technology typically is not accurate in outdoor air applications. OA CO2 can be modified via BACnet if actual CO2 levels are monitored.</i>	
3	MET	1.2	Expected occupant metabolic equivalent based on activity, 0.7 to 10 MET. <i>Note: Sedentary adults have a average MET output of 1.2. Metabolic activity can range between 0.7 (very low activity such as sleeping) to over 10 (very high activity such as jumping rope) and varies with age and diet. Occupant activity significantly affects the relationship between ventilation and indoor CO2 levels.</i>	
4	RP	18 [3.4]	Ventilation zone required airflow rate, 0 to 50 cfm/person [0 to 10 lps/person]. <i>Note: Rp is generally determined using ASHRAE Standard 62.1. The default value is based on the equivalent ventilation rate for 1,000 ppm of sedentary adults and does not meet the requirements of the Standard.</i>	
5	RA	0	Ventilation zone required airflow rate, 0 to 1 cfm/sq ft [0 to 5 lps/sq m]. <i>Note: Ra is generally determined using ASHRAE Standard 62.1. The default value does not meet the requirements of the Standard.</i>	
6	AZ	0	Ventilation zone floor area, 0 to 99,999 sq ft [0 to 9,999 sq m]. <i>Note: Az must be entered if Ra is greater than 0.</i>	
7	EZ	1	Ventilation effectiveness, 0.1 to 1.5. <i>Note: Ez is generally determined using ASHRAE Standard 62.1. It should be used when occupancy counters are used or CO2 sensors are installed in the return air stream.</i>	
8	EVZ	1	Ventilation efficiency, 0.1 to 1. <i>Note: Using an estimated value for Evz can improve DCV performance on multi-zone systems.</i>	11

OAC FIRMWARE CONFIGURATION

9	OA SET	0	Occupied outdoor airflow setpoint, 0 to 9,999 cfm [0 to 5,000 lps]. <i>Note: The minimum outdoor airflow setpoint can be modified at any time during normal operation by pressing the ↑ or ↓ buttons.</i>	13
10	CO2 SET	1000	CO2 setpoint, 500 to 2,000 ppm. <i>Note: The CO2 setpoint can be modified at any time during normal operation by pressing the ↑ or ↓ buttons.</i>	
11	DCV MIN	0	Lower ventilation rate limit during DCV, 0 to DCV MAX cfm [lps] <i>Note: DCV MIN limits the minimum ventilation rate setpoint rather than fixed damper position. Set to equal the minimum required ventilation rate or local exhaust rate, whichever is greater.</i>	
12	DCV MAX	NONE 9999	Upper ventilation rate limit during DCV, NONE or DCV MIN to 9,999 cfm [5,000 lps] <i>Note: DCV MAX limits the maximum ventilation rate setpoint rather than fixed damper position. Set to equal the ventilation required for the maximum expected population. This limit may result in higher than expected CO2 levels and activate the CO2 alarm if the CO2-DCV method uncertainly would result in over-ventilation at high occupancy levels. Setting DCV MAX to NONE will not limit ventilation and maintain the CO2 level specified.</i>	
13	UNOC SET	0	Unoccupied mode airflow setpoint, 0 to 9,999 cfm [0 to 5,000 lps]. <i>Note: The unoccupied airflow setpoint will be maintained whenever UN/OFF is set to UNOC in step 14 or via BACnet.</i>	
14	UN/OFF	OFF UNOC	Off Mode: The actuator output signal will be set to 0% when occupied mode is inactive. Unoccupied Mode: Modulate to maintain UNOC SET when occupied mode is inactive.	
15	MIN POS	10%	Minimum fixed damper position, 0% to 100% of full stroke. <i>Note: MIN POS is used as the default damper position during active fault conditions when UNOC or OA modes are active.</i>	
16	ITEMS 17 to 21 are only visible if OAC is set to FLOW, CO2, CO2/OAF or COUNT.			
17	UNOC ALARM	OFF MAN AUTO	UNOC mode airflow notification alarm disabled. UNOC mode airflow notification alarm enabled. Manual reset required. UNOC mode airflow notification alarm enabled. Automatic reset with return to in tolerance.	23
18	R1 BIND	NO YES	Do not bind active alarm to relay, R1. Bind active alarm to relay, R1 (requires R1 ASGN=ALRMS during hardware config.).	
19	TYPE	LO HI HI/LO	Low airflow alarm. Active below SETPNT - TOL after specified DELAY. High airflow alarm. Active above SETPNT + TOL after specified DELAY. High/Low airflow alarm. Active above/below SETPNT ± TOL after specified DELAY.	
20	SETPNT	{}	Alarm setpoint, in cfm [lps]. <i>Note: The default {} value for SETPNT is UNOC SET.</i>	
21	TOL	20%	Alarm tolerance, ½ OAF PID deadband tolerance to 50%	
22	DELAY	1	Delay, 0 to 30 minutes, after alarm is "outside" of tolerance before alarm is active.	
23	ITEMS 24 to 29 are NOT visible if MOAC is set to CO2 (MOA airflow alarm is not available when MOAC is set to CO2).			
24	OA ALARM	OFF MAN AUTO	Occupied mode airflow notification alarm disabled. Occupied mode airflow notification alarm enabled. Manual reset required. Occupied mode airflow notification alarm enabled. Automatic reset with return to in tolerance.	30
25	R1 BIND	NO YES	Do not bind active alarm to relay, R1. Bind active alarm to relay, R1 (requires R1 ASGN=ALRMS during hardware config.).	
26	TYPE	LO HI HI/LO	Low airflow alarm. Active below SETPNT - TOL after specified DELAY. High airflow alarm. Active above SETPNT + TOL after specified DELAY. High/Low airflow alarm. Active above/below SETPNT ± TOL after specified DELAY.	
27	SETPNT	{}	Alarm setpoint, in cfm [lps]. <i>Note: The default {} value for SETPNT is OA SET when OAC is set to FLOW, the calculated active airflow setpoint when OAC is set to OAF/CO2 or COUNT, or 0 when OAC is set to FIXED or PASS.</i>	
28	TOL	15%	Alarm tolerance, ½ OAF PID deadband tolerance to 50%	
29	DELAY	1	Delay, 0 to 30 minutes, after alarm is "outside" of tolerance before alarm is active.	
30	ITEM 31 to 36 are only visible if CO2 TYP is equal to ANLG or MS/TP (i.e. a CO2 sensor is installed).			
31	CO2 ALARM	OFF MAN AUTO	All mode CO2 notification alarm disabled. All mode CO2 notification alarm enabled. Manual reset required. All mode CO2 notification alarm enabled. Automatic reset with return to in tolerance.	36

OAC FIRMWARE CONFIGURATION

32	R1 BIND	NO	Do not bind active alarm to relay, R1.	
		YES	Bind active alarm to relay, R1 (requires R1 ASGN=ALRMS during hardware config.).	
33	TYPE	HI	High CO2 alarm. Active below SETPNT - TOL after specified DELAY.	
34	SETPNT	{ }	Alarm setpoint, in ppm. <i>Note: The default { } value for SETPNT is CO2 SET when OAC is set to CO2, or 1,000 when OAC is set to FLOW, CO2/OAF, COUNT, FIXED or PASS.</i> <i>Important: 1,000 ppm may be exceeded whenever 18 cfm [3.4 lps] or less is provided to sedentary adults even though the ventilation rate provided may meet the requirement of ASHRAE standard 62.1.</i>	
35	TOL	15%	Alarm tolerance, ½ CO2 PID deadband tolerance to 50%	
36	DELAY	10	Delay, 0 to 30 minutes, after alarm is "outside" of tolerance before alarm is active.	
37	TRBL ALARM	OFF	System status notification alarm disabled.	39
		MAN	System status notification alarm enabled. Manual reset required.	
		AUTO	System status notification alarm enabled. Automatic reset with return to in tolerance.	
38	R1 BIND	NO	Do not bind active alarm to relay, R1.	
		YES	Bind active alarm to relay, R1 (requires R1 ASGN=ALRMS during hardware config.).	
39	DONE	SAVE	Save changes and return to normal operation.	
		CANCEL	Do not save changes and return to normal operation.	
		RESET	Reset to factory default configuration and return to normal operation.	

OAC SCHEDULE CONFIGURATION

SCHEDULE CONFIGURATION

Open by simultaneously pressing ↑{EN} during normal operation

Use ↑↓ buttons to navigate up/down menu. Press {ENT} to modify (parameter will flash). Use ↑↓ buttons to modify, {ENT} to accept, {ESC} to keep previous.

Fixed parameters (parameters that cannot be changed) will indicate "PARAMETER FIXED"

If LOCK SECURITY<->NONE using the SETUP MENU pressing enter will indicate "CONFIG LOCKED" and only parameter viewing is allowed.

Navigate entire menu to step 25 to save settings. Press {ESC} twice at any time to exit without saving changes.

ITEM #	PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	SKIP TO
1	TIME	12:00 AM	Time of day.	
2	MONTH	1	Month.	
3	DAY	1	Day of month.	
4	YEAR	2017	Year.	
5	TRIG ENABLE	YES NO	The binary trigger must be enabled for OCC or UNOC modes to be active. OCC and UNOC modes are determined only by the schedule.	
6	SCHED	OFF	No schedule set.	25
		DAYS	Allows a different occupied start time and duration to be entered for each day of the week.	11
		WEEKS	Allows a different occupied start time and duration to be entered for weekdays and weekends.	
7	M-F OCC	OFF 12:00 AM	Set the occupied start time for Monday to Friday, OFF or time of day.	
8	OCC HRS	0.0	Set the occupied duration, in hours, for Monday to Friday.	
9	S-S OCC	OFF 12:00 AM	Set the occupied start time for Saturday and Sunday, OFF or time of day.	
10	OCC HRS	0.0	Set the occupied duration, in hours, for Saturday and Sunday.	25
11	MON OCC	OFF 12:00 AM	Set the occupied start time for Monday, OFF or time of day.	
12	OCC HRS	0.0	Set the occupied duration, in hours, for Monday.	
13	TUE OCC	OFF 12:00 AM	Set the occupied start time for Tuesday, OFF or time of day.	
14	OCC HRS	0.0	Set the occupied duration, in hours, for Tuesday.	
15	WED OCC	OFF 12:00 AM	Set the occupied start time for Wednesday, OFF or time of day.	
16	OCC HRS	0.0	Set the occupied duration, in hours, for Wednesday.	
17	THU OCC	OFF 12:00 AM	Set the occupied start time for Thursday, OFF or time of day.	
18	OCC HRS	0.0	Set the occupied duration, in hours, for Thursday.	
19	FRI OCC	OFF 12:00 AM	Set the occupied start time for Friday, OFF or time of day.	
20	OCC HRS	0.0	Set the occupied duration, in hours, for Friday.	
21	SAT OCC	OFF 12:00 AM	Set the occupied start time for Saturday, OFF or time of day.	
22	OCC HRS	0.0	Set the occupied duration, in hours, for Saturday.	
23	SUN OCC	OFF 12:00 AM	Set the occupied start time for Sunday, OFF or time of day.	
24	OCC HRS	0.0	Set the occupied duration, in hours, for Sunday.	
25	DONE	SAVE	Save changes and return to normal operation.	
		CANCEL	Do not save changes and return to normal operation.	
		RESET	Reset to factory default configuration and return to normal operation.	

OAC CONTROLLER - ADVANCED SETUP

Open by simultaneously pressing {ESC} ↑ during normal operation. Follow navigation rules below.

↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn {ENT} Move right {ESC} Exit menu	↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn {ENT} Move right {ESC} Move left	↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn {ENT} Move right {ESC} Move left	↑ or ↓ Modify (Parameter Flashes) {ENT} Accept, move left {ESC} Cancel, move left	Range/Units (if applicable) IP Min/Max SI Min/Max		Notes/Comments
ADVANCED ↓	SYSTEM ↓	U/M=IP ↓	U/M=IP ↓ U/M=SI ↑			Imperial/US customary units (ft, fpm, cfm, °F) International system of units (m, m/s, lps, °C)
		AF METH=ACT ↑↓	AF METH=ACT ↓ AF METH=STD ↑			Actual air velocity or volumetric flow Standard (mass) air velocity or volumetric flow
		ALT=0 ↑	ALT=0 ↑↓	-200/20000 ft	-60/6000 m	Altitude
	DAMPER ↑↓	STROKE=100 ↑	STROKE=100 ↓	25/100 %		Damper stroke at full open position
	OAF SENSOR ↑↓	LCD INT=300 ↓	LCD INT=300 ↑↓	1/3000		Integration buffer size for airflow on LCD
<i>OAC-5000 Only</i>						
		OAF SGNL=0-10V ↑↓	OAF SGNL=0-10V ↓ OAF SGNL=2-10V ↑↓ OAF SGNL=0-5V ↑↓ OAF SGNL=1-5V ↑			Linear analog output for airflow (AO2)
		OAF UNITS=FPM ↑↓	OAF UNITS=FPM ↓ OAF UNITS=CFM ↑			Velocity, FPM [MPS] Volumetric Flow, CFM [LPS]
		OAF FS=2000 ↑↓	OAF FS=2000 ↑↓	100/9999 Units	50/5000 Units	Full scale airflow
		OAF INT=30 ↑↓	OAF INT=30 ↑↓	1/1000		Integration buffer size for airflow analog output
		GAIN=1 ↑↓	GAIN=1 ↑↓			Gain adjustment for OAF flow
		OFFSET=0 ↑↓	OFFSET=0 ↑↓	±20000 cfm	±10000lps	Offset adjustment for OAF flow
		ADJUST=OFF ↑↓	ADJUST=OFF ↓ ADJUST=ON ↑			Disable offset/gain adjustments Enable offset/gain adjustments
		EXT CAB=0 ↑↓	EXT CAB=0 ↑	0/40 ft	0/12.2 m	Extension cable added to original flow probes
		RESET PROBES ↑	RESET=N ↓ RESET=Y ↑			Do not clear probe cal data Clear probe cal data and read/re-write one wire memory data

OAC CONTROLLER - ADVANCED SETUP

	OAF PID ↑↓	DEADBAND=10 ↓	DEADBAND=10 ↑↓	10/50%	Deadband (centered)
		RESPONSE=5 ↑↓	RESPONSE=5 ↑↓	1/10 or CUS	PID response time (recommended)
RESPONSE=CUS		P=10 ↑↓	P=10 ↑↓	1 to 100%	Proportional term
		I=5 ↑↓	I=5 ↑↓	1 to 100%	Integral term
		D=25 ↑↓	D=25 ↑↓	1 to 100%	Derivative term
		FLT ACT=5 ↑↓	FLT ACT=5 ↑↓	1/30 minutes	Delay before "far out" goes to active "fault"
		FLT DEACT=1 ↑↓	FLT DEACT=1 ↓	1/30 minutes	Delay after return to "outside" or "normal" to deactivate "fault"
		RETRY DEL=1 ↑↓	RETRY DEL=1 ↓	1/30 minutes	Delay before clearing "fault" to "normal" for control retry
		RETRIES=MAX ↑	RETRIES=MAX ↑	0/999 or MAX (no limit)	Number of retries allowed for control retry
CO2 TYPE<->NONE	CO2 PID ↑	DEADBAND=10 ↓	DEADBAND=10 ↑↓	10/50%	Deadband (centered)
		RESPONSE=5 ↑↓	RESPONSE=5 ↑↓	1/10 or CUS	PID response time (recommended)
RESPONSE=CUS		P=10 ↑↓	P=10 ↑↓	1 to 100%	Proportional term
		I=5 ↑↓	I=5 ↑↓	1 to 100%	Integral term
		D=25 ↑↓	D=25 ↑↓	1 to 100%	Derivative term
		FLT ACT=5 ↑↓	FLT ACT=5 ↑↓	1/30 minutes	Delay before "far out" goes to active "fault"
		FLT DEACT=1 ↑↓	FLT DEACT=1 ↓	1/30 minutes	Delay after return to "outside" or "normal" to deactivate "fault"
		RETRY DEL=1 ↑↓	RETRY DEL=1 ↓	1/30 minutes	Delay before clearing "fault" to "normal" for control retry
		RETRIES=MAX ↑	RETRIES=MAX ↑	0/999 or MAX (no limit)	Number of retries allowed for control retry

OAC CONTROLLER - TOOLS

Open by simultaneously pressing {ESC} ↑ during normal operation. Follow navigation rules below.

↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn
{ENT} Move right
{ESC} Exit menu

↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn
{ENT} Move right
{ESC} Move left

↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn
{ENT} Run tool
{ESC} Cancel, move left

Notes/Comments

ADVANCED ↓

TOOLS ↑↓

TEST DMPR ↓

{RUN TOOL}

Set damper between 0 and 100% open and display airflow

FIND MIN POS ↑↓

{RUN TOOL}

Enter desired minimum nominal airflow rate to find MIN POS. Write MIN POS to memory.

ADJUST OAF ↑

{RUN TOOL}

Run outdoor air field adjust wizard and write GAIN and OFFSET to memory.

OAC CONTROLLER - DIAGNOSTICS

Open by simultaneously pressing {ESC} ↑ during normal operation. Follow navigation rules below.

↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn
{ENT} Move right
{ESC} Exit menu

↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn
{ENT} Move right
{ESC} Move left

↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn
{ENT} Move right
{ESC} Move left

↑ or ↓ Modify/Scroll, Parameter Flashes
{ENT} Accept/Hold Last
{ESC} Cancel, move left

Range/Units (if applicable)

IP Min/Max

SI Min/Max

Notes/Comments

ADVANCED ↓

TOOLS ↑↓

DIAGNOSTICS ↑

DEV DIAG ↓

DEV# ##### ↓

PCB# ##### ↑↓

FW VER #.## ↑↓

READ AI1 ↑↓

AI1=##.###

%

Input percentage of AI1

READ AI2 ↑↓

AI2=##.###

%

Input percentage of AI2

READ AO1 ↓

AI1=##.###

%

Output percentage of AO1

READ AO2 ↑↓

AI2=##.###

%

Output percentage of AO2

READ R1 ↑↓

R1={}

OFF or ON

Relay status

SET AO1 ↑↓

AO1=0% ↑↓

%

Set output percentage of AO1. Reverts to operation on exit.

SET AO2 ↑↓

AO2=0% ↑↓

%

Set output percentage of AO2. Reverts to operation on exit.

SET R1 ↑

R1 STAT=OFF ↓

R1 STAT=ON ↑

Disable relay R1. Reverts to operation on exit.

Enable relay R1. Reverts to operation on exit.

OAF DIAG ↑↓

PROBE SN ↓

P1=##### ↓

Serial number of probe(s)

AVG VEL ↑↓

VEL=####

fpm

m/s

Average velocity of integral airflow probe(s)

AVG TEMP ↑↓

TEMP=###.#

F

C

Average temperature of integral airflow probes(s)

SENS VEL ↑↓

S1=#### ↓

fpm

m/s

Individual sensor node velocities

SENS TEMP ↑↓

T1=##.# ↓

F

C

Individual sensor node temperatures

HS VOLTS ↑↓

HS1=##.## ↓

volts

Self-heated thermistor voltage

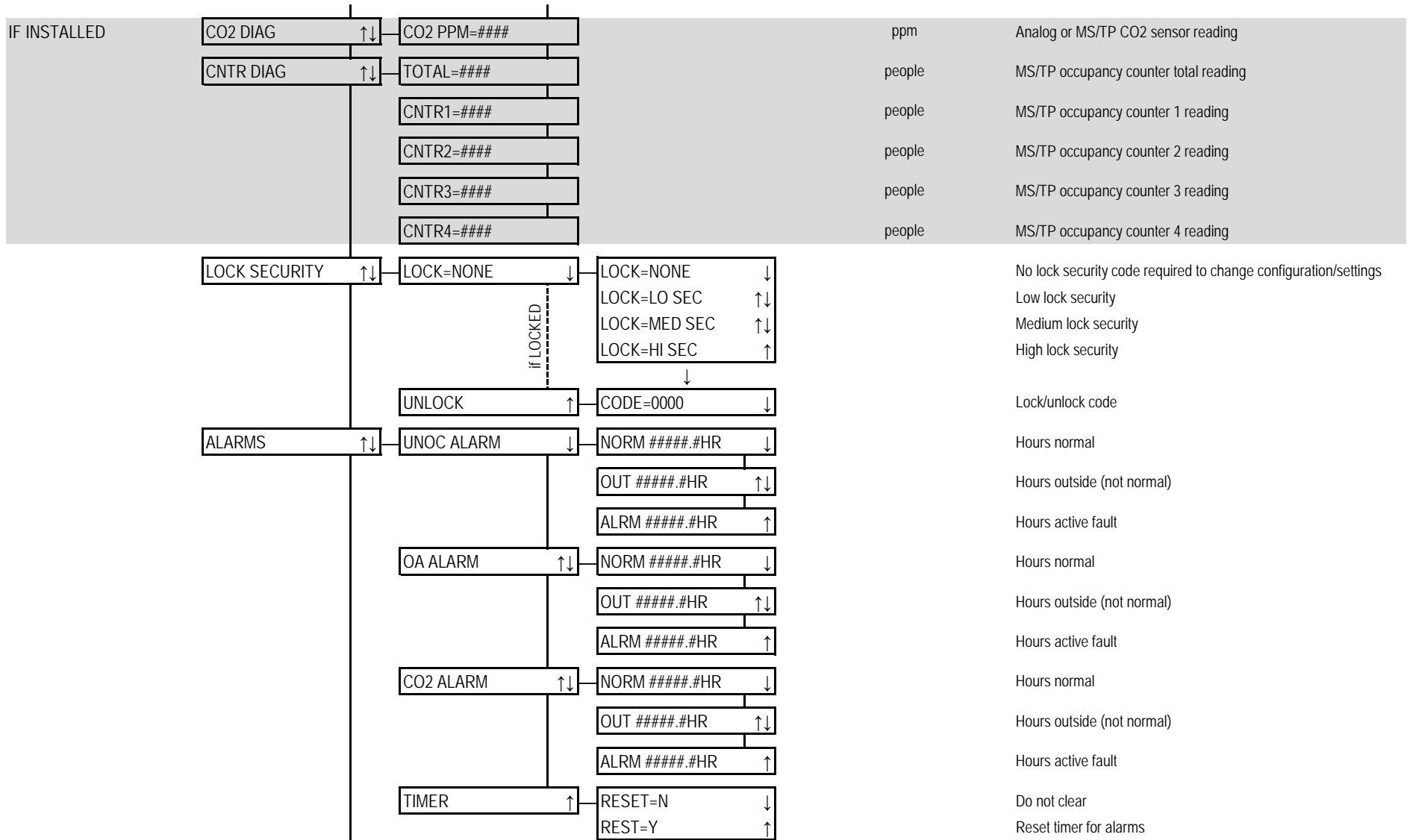
TS VOLTS ↑

TS1=##.## ↓

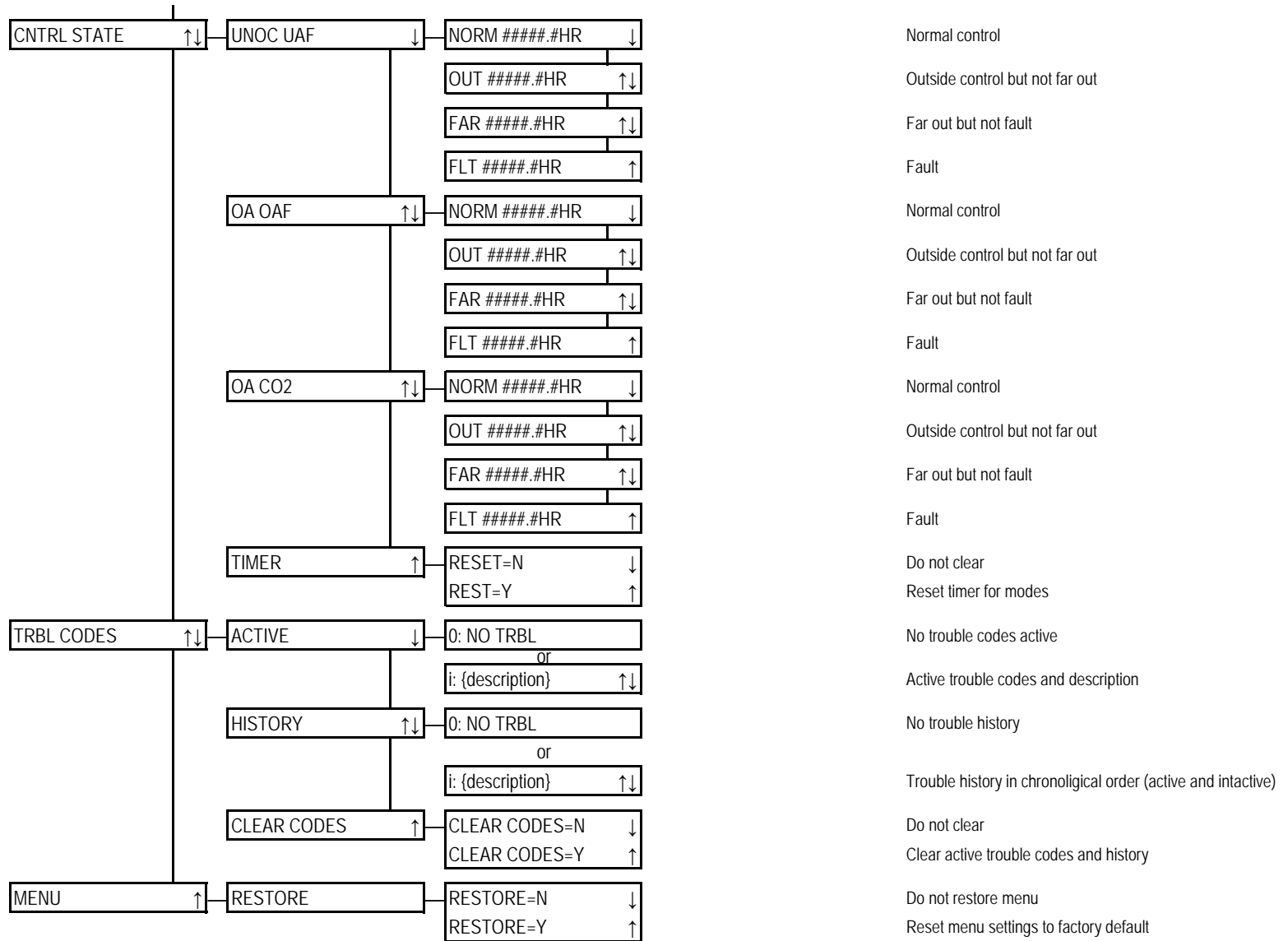
volts

Temperature sensor voltage

OAC CONTROLLER - DIAGNOSTICS



OAC CONTROLLER - DIAGNOSTICS



DISPLAY FUNCTION

STARTUP DISPLAY (after power up)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
	0	A	C	-	5	0	0	0									Display Series and Board Model
	F	I	R	M	W	R	E		#	#	.	#	#				Display Firmware Version
	M	M	-	D	D	-	Y	Y	T	T	:	T	T	?	M		Date and Time (3000S only)
	O	A	F		P	1								#	#	#	P1 Presence: YES, NO
	O	A	F		P	2								#	#	#	P1 Presence: YES, NO
	C	O	2		T	Y	P	E				#	#	#	#	#	CO2 Type: NONE, ANLG, MS/TP
	N	1		D	E	V	I	C	E	S				#	#	#	N1 DEVICES (N1 DEV): NONE, SENS, BAS
Visible if N1 DEV <> NONE	C	O	2		M	S	/	T	P					#	#	#	NONE, ERR or Last 4 digits of DI*
	C	N	T	R	1		M	S	/	T	P			#	#	#	NONE, ERR or Last 4 digits of DI*
	C	N	T	R	2		M	S	/	T	P			#	#	#	NONE, ERR or Last 4 digits of DI*
	C	N	T	R	3		M	S	/	T	P			#	#	#	NONE, ERR or Last 4 digits of DI*
	C	N	T	R	4		M	S	/	T	P			#	#	#	NONE, ERR or Last 4 digits of DI*
	R	1		A	S	G	N							#	#	#	R1 Assignment: ALRMS or MODE

* Notes:

NONE - Sensor not configured

ERR - Configured sensor not found when N1 DEVICES=BAS (Operate in PASS MODE if OAC = CO2 or OAF/CO2)

ERR - Configured sensor not found after discovery delay when N1 DEVICES=SENS (Operate in PASS MODE if OAC = CO2 or OAF/CO2)

Last 4 digits of DI - Configured sensor found

DISPLAY FUNCTION

SETPOINT DISPLAY (OAC=FLOW)

Press ↑ or ↓ arrow to enter setpoint display mode. Use ↑ or ↓ to change setpoint. Return to normal operating display after 15 seconds.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
S	E	T	P	N	T		#	#	#	#	C	F	M	↑	↓

Display Active Setpoint

NORMAL OPERATING DISPLAY (OAC=FLOW, CO2/OAF or COUNT)

↑ or ↓ arrows changes setpoint.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
#	#	#	#	C	F	M						X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	+					X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	-					X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	+	+				X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	-	-				X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	+	+				X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	-	-				X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	??		T			X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	??		U			X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	??		M			X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	??		C			X	X	X	X

Display Airflow (Control state=Normal) and Mode

Display Airflow + (Control state=Outside High) and Mode

Display Airflow - (Control state=Outside Low) and Mode

Display Airflow ++ (Control state=Far Out High) and Mode

Display Airflow -- (Control state=Far Out Low) and Mode

Display Airflow ++ flashes (Control state=Active Control Fault High) and Mode

Display Airflow -- flashes (Control state=Active Control Fault Low) and Mode

Display Airflow, {?? = control state}, TRBL Alarm Active and Mode

Display Airflow, {?? = control state}, UNOC Alarm Active and Mode

Display Airflow, {?? = control state}, MOA Alarm Active and Mode

Display Airflow, {?? = control state}, CO2 Alarm Active and Mode

Note: Multiple active alarms will cycle on display. Escape clears manual active alarms.

DISPLAY FUNCTION

SETPOINT DISPLAY (OAC=CO2)

Press ↑ or ↓ arrow to enter setpoint display mode. Use ↑ or ↓ to change setpoint. Return to normal operating display after 15 seconds.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
S	E	T	P	N	T		#	#	#	#	P	P	M	↑	↓

Display Active Setpoint

NORMAL OPERATING DISPLAY (OAC=CO2)

↑ or ↓ arrows changes setpoint.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
#	#	#	#	P	P	M						X	X	X	X

Display CO2 (Control state=Normal) and Mode

#	#	#	#	P	P	M	+					X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display CO2 + (Control state=Outside High) and Mode

#	#	#	#	P	P	M	-					X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display CO2 - (Control state=Outside Low) and Mode

#	#	#	#	P	P	M	+	+				X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display CO2 ++ (Control state=Far Out High) and Mode

#	#	#	#	P	P	M	-	-				X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display CO2 -- (Control state=Far Out Low) and Mode

#	#	#	#	P	P	M	+	+				X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display CO2 ++ flashes (Control state=Active Control Fault High) and Mode

#	#	#	#	P	P	M	-	-				X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display CO2 -- flashes (Control state=Active Control Fault Low) and Mode

#	#	#	#	P	P	M	??		T			X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	--	---	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display CO2, {?? = control state}, TRBL Alarm Active and Mode

#	#	#	#	P	P	M	??		U			X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	--	---	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display CO2, {?? = control state}, UNOC Alarm Active and Mode

#	#	#	#	P	P	M	??		C			X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	--	---	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display CO2, {?? = control state}, CO2 Alarm Active and Mode

Note: Multiple active alarms will cycle on display. Escape clears manual active alarms.

DISPLAY FUNCTION

NORMAL OPERATING DISPLAY (OAC=FIXED)

OAC=FIXED: Setpoint changed in SETUP CONFIG (MIN POS).

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

#	#	#	#	C	F	M							X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display airflow and Mode

#	#	#	#	C	F	M				T			X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	---	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display Airflow, TRBL Alarm Active and Mode

#	#	#	#	C	F	M				M			X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	---	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display Airflow, MOA Alarm Active and Mode

#	#	#	#	C	F	M				C			X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	---	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display Airflow, CO2 Alarm Active and Mode

Note: Multiple active alarms will cycle on display. Escape clears manual active alarms.

DISPLAY FUNCTION

DETAIL DISPLAY

Press {ENT} to show itemized, {ESC} from itemized returns to normal or after 60 second timeout.
 Display will step through the following items. Some items are MOAC dependent.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		
M	O	D	E									X	X	X	X	Active Mode, OFF, UNOC, OCC	
O	A	C								X	X	X	X	X	X	OAC method	
M	M	-	D	D	-	Y	Y		T	T	:	T	T	?	M	Date and Time (3000S only)	
D	M	P	R									#	#	#	%	Current Damper Position	
S	E	T	P	N	T							#	#	#	#	%	Setpoint if OAC=FIXED
S	E	T	P	N	T				#	#	#	#	C	F	M	Setpoint if OAC=FLOW, CO2/OAF, or COUNT	
O	A	F							#	#	#	#	C	F	M	Measured airflow	
S	E	T	P	N	T				#	#	#	#	P	P	M	Setpoint if OAC=CO2	
C	O	2							#	#	#	#	P	P	M	Display measured CO2 level (if CO installed)	
P	O	P		E	S	T						#	#	#	#	Display calculated occupancy using CO2/OAF (if CO2 installed)	
C	O	U	N	T	E	R						#	#	#	#	Display counter occupancy (if counter installed)	

Minimum Outdoor Airflow Controller Modules for Systems with an Airside Economizer

OAC controllers are perfect for rooftop air handlers or air handlers with ducted outdoor air intakes when an airside economizer is installed. Controllers are designed for single or interlocked actuator systems. EMOAC controllers use the proportional control signal provided by the economizer controller (by others). EMOAC controllers require an integrated IAT airflow/temperature probe or approved third-party AMD.

Controllers can maintain a user defined outdoor airflow setpoint or maintain airflow rates between minimum and maximum airflow limits when CO₂ or population-based DCV is enabled. Controllers can also maintain an unoccupied airflow setpoint.

EMOAC-4000 Minimum Outdoor Airflow Controller

The EMOAC-4000 modulates the control signal to a proportional analog outdoor/return air damper actuator to maintain the minimum ventilation rate required whenever the economizer controller (by others) is in minimum outdoor air mode. The controller can be configured to maintain an unoccupied outdoor airflow setpoint to provide unoccupied pressurization. DCV requires approved BACnet MS/TP CO₂ sensors or occupancy counters. The EMOAC-4000 does not support economizer controllers that require an actuator feedback signal (see the EMOAC-5000).



EMOAC-5000 Minimum Outdoor Airflow Controller

The EMOAC-5000 has an additional analog input and analog output compared to the EMOAC-4000. As a result, the OAC-5000 can support actuator feedback to the economizer controller or be used with analog CO₂ sensor if feedback is not required. Like the EMOAC-4000, the EMOAC-5000 can be used with approved BACnet MS/TP CO₂ or occupancy counters.



Economizer Minimum Outdoor Airflow Controller Module for Economizer Controllers with Analog Proportional Actuators



- √ Compensate for damper hysteresis, filter loading, wind, stack and fan speed variations
- √ Provide continuous verification of intake flow rates
- √ Demonstrate compliance with ASHRAE Standards 62.1, 90.1 and 189.1
- √ Satisfy LEED prerequisites and document code compliance
- √ Improve indoor air quality and thermal comfort
- √ Save energy
- √ Detect economizer and system faults

The EMOAC-4000 can be provided with a single integrated IAT-DI duct probe, one or two integrated IAT-UI or IAT-US universal mount probes or an approved external BACnet MS/TP airflow measurement device.

The EMOAC-4000 interfaces with approved MS/TP BACnet

- ❑ Compatible with GreenTrol IAT integrated thermal dispersion airflow/temperature sensors or approved BACnet MS/TP airflow measuring devices
- ❑ Provide airflow setpoint control, CO₂-DCV or population based-DCV during MOA mode
- ❑ Accepts approved BACnet MS/TP CO₂ sensors or occupancy counters when DCV is required
- ❑ Clamp DCV airflow rates between minimum and maximum airflow limits
- ❑ Supports unoccupied airflow setpoint control
- ❑ Built-in notification alarms
- ❑ Contact closure relay can be assigned to notification alarms or active control mode
- ❑ MS/TP BACnet connection

CO₂ sensors and occupancy counters when DCV is required. An actuator fault/feedback signal cannot be provided.

The EMOAC-4000 modulates the control signal to a proportional analog outdoor/return air damper actuator to maintain the minimum ventilation rate required whenever the economizer controller (by others) is in minimum outdoor air mode. The controller can be configured to maintain an unoccupied outdoor airflow setpoint to provide unoccupied pressurization.

Advanced logic and airflow measurement improves traditional CO₂-DCV when demand control ventilation is required. The EMOAC-4000 controller resets the outdoor airflow setpoint between user defined minimum and maximum airflow limits to maintain either a user defined fixed CO₂ level or variable airflow setpoint based on the population using a built-in CO₂/airflow counting algorithm or external occupancy counter.

The EMOAC-4000 interfaces with most MS/TP BACnet building automation systems and supports full read/write privileges as a BACnet 1/8 load master. An RS-485 signal isolator is available when an isolated MS/TP network is required.

EMOAC-4000 Technical Specifications

Functionality

Minimum Outdoor Air Control (MOAC) Modes Supported

- FLOW:** Maintains a user defined airflow setpoint
- CO2:** Maintains a user defined CO₂ level by resetting the outdoor airflow setpoint (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- CO2/OAF:** Maintains a calculated outdoor airflow setpoint based on the estimated ventilation zone population (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- COUNT:** Maintains a calculated outdoor airflow setpoint based on the occupancy counter population (requires an occupancy counter)
- FIXED:** Maintains a fixed damper position (no control)
- PASS:** Passes the economizer controller output signal (no control)

Unoccupied Air Control (UAC) Mode Option: Yes, maintains a user defined airflow setpoint

Economizer Controller Fault Signal Output: Not supported

Notification Alarms

- "Unoccupied Mode" High/Low Airflow Alarm
- "Minimum Outdoor Airflow Mode" High/Low Airflow Alarm
- "All Modes" CO₂ Alarm (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- "All Modes" System Trouble Alarm

Note: Alarms can be assigned to the contact closure relay

User Interface

- Display:** 16-character alpha-numeric LCD
- Navigation:** 4-button interface

Integrated Sensor Capability

Type: Accepts GreenTrol IAT-DI, IAT-UI and IAT-US Thermal Dispersion Airflow and Temperature Measurement Probe (required unless an external MS/TP airflow measurement device is provided). See appropriate IFT product data sheet for probe information.

Available Configurations: IAT-DI Probes

Single Probe: 1 probe x 1 or 2 sensor nodes/probe

Available Configurations: IAT-UI and IAT-US Probes

Single Probe: 1 probe x 1 sensor node/probe

Dual Probe: 2 probes x 1 sensor node/probe

General Purpose Input

GP1

- Type:** Analog Input (AI1)
- Assignment:** Economizer controller actuator output signal
- Configurable Ranges:** 0-5V, 0-10V, 2-10V, or 4-20mA

Analog Output

AO1

- Assignment:** Economizer actuator control signal
- Configurable Ranges:** 0-5V, 0-10V, 2-10V, or 4-20mA
- Maximum Number of Actuators Supported:**
 - 0-5V, 0-10V or 2-10 V: Unlimited
 - 4-20mA: 2

Contact Closure Relay

R1

- Type:** Dry contact w/ onboard jumper to drive a remote LED
- Assignment:** EMOAC alarms or Control Mode
- Status:** Normally Open (N.O.)
- Rating:** 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3 amp. max.

Network Connection

N1

- Type:** Non-isolated MS/TP BACnet master connection (provide an RS-485 network isolator if isolation is required)
- B.A.S. Object Read/Write Access:** Yes
- Device Load:** 1/8 load
- Supported Baud Rates:** 9.6, 19.2, 38.4 and 76.8 kbaud
- MS/TP BACnet Airflow Sensor Capability:** One GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party airflow measurement device (cannot be used if an integrated airflow measurement device is connected).
- MS/TP BACnet CO₂ Sensor Capability:** One GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party space mounted or return air CO₂ sensor
- MS/TP BACnet Occupancy Counter Capability:** One to four GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party occupancy counters

Environmental Limits, Power Requirements & Dimensions

Environmental Limits

Temperature: -20 to 120 °F [-28.9 to 48.9 °C]

Humidity: 5 to 95%

Important: Provide a weather-proof enclosure if the controller module is mounted outdoors

Power Requirement: 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @8.5V-A

Dimensions: 4.34H x 6.59W x 1.83D in. [110.2 x 167.3 x 46.6 mm]

Economizer Minimum Outdoor Airflow Controller Module for Economizer Controllers with Analog Proportional Actuators



- √ Compensate for damper hysteresis, filter loading, wind, stack and fan speed variations
- √ Provide continuous verification of intake flow rates
- √ Demonstrate compliance with ASHRAE Standards 62.1, 90.1 and 189.1
- √ Satisfy LEED prerequisites and document code compliance
- √ Improve indoor air quality and thermal comfort
- √ Save energy
- √ Detect economizer and system faults

The EMOAC-5000 can be provided with a single integrated IAT-DI duct probe, one or two integrated IAT-UI or IAT-US universal mount probes or an approved external BACnet MS/TP airflow measurement device.

The EMOAC-5000 interfaces with approved MS/TP BACnet

- Compatible with GreenTrol IAT integrated thermal dispersion airflow/temperature sensors or approved BACnet MS/TP airflow measuring devices
- Provide airflow setpoint control, CO₂-DCV or population based-DCV during MOA mode
- Accepts approved BACnet MS/TP CO₂ sensors or occupancy counters when DCV is required
- Accepts an analog CO₂ sensor when actuator fault/feedback is not required**
- Clamp DCV airflow rates between minimum and maximum airflow limits
- Supports unoccupied airflow setpoint control
- Built-in notification alarms
- Contact closure relay can be assigned to notification alarms or active control mode
- MS/TP BACnet connection

CO₂ sensors and occupancy counters when DCV is required. It can be used with an analog CO₂ sensor if an actuator fault/feedback signal is not required.

The EMOAC-5000 modulates the control signal to a proportional analog outdoor/return air damper actuator to maintain the minimum ventilation rate required whenever the economizer controller (by others) is in minimum outdoor air mode. The controller can be configured to maintain an unoccupied outdoor airflow setpoint to provide unoccupied pressurization.

Advanced logic and airflow measurement improves traditional CO₂-DCV when demand control ventilation is required. The EMOAC-5000 controller resets the outdoor airflow setpoint between user defined minimum and maximum airflow limits to maintain either a user defined fixed CO₂ level or variable airflow setpoint based on the population using a built-in CO₂/airflow counting algorithm or external occupancy counter.

The EMOAC-5000 interfaces with most MS/TP BACnet building automation systems and supports full read/write privileges as a BACnet 1/8 load master. An RS-485 signal isolator is available when an isolated MS/TP network is required.

EMOAC-5000 Technical Specifications

Functionality

Minimum Outdoor Air Control (MOAC) Modes Supported

- FLOW:** Maintains a user defined airflow setpoint
- CO2:** Maintains a user defined CO₂ level by resetting the outdoor airflow setpoint (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- CO2/OAF:** Maintains a calculated outdoor airflow setpoint based on the estimated ventilation zone population (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- COUNT:** Maintains a calculated outdoor airflow setpoint based on the occupancy counter population (requires an occupancy counter)
- FIXED:** Maintains a fixed damper position (no control)
- PASS:** Passes the economizer controller output signal (no control)

Unoccupied Air Control (UAC) Mode Option: Yes, maintains a user defined airflow setpoint

Economizer Controller Fault Signal Output: Yes (ECO FAULT=ON)
Note: If an economizer controller fault signal is required, an actuator feedback signal must be connected to AI2 and an analog input for a CO₂ sensor is not available. Use an approved BACnet MS/TP sensor if CO₂ measurement is required.

Notification Alarms

- "Unoccupied Mode" High/Low Airflow Alarm
- "Minimum Outdoor Airflow Mode" High/Low Airflow Alarm
- "All Modes" CO₂ Alarm (requires a CO₂ sensor)
- "All Modes" System Trouble Alarm

Note: Alarms can be assigned to the contact closure relay

User Interface

- Display:** 16-character alpha-numeric LCD
- Navigation:** 4-button interface

Integrated Sensor Capability

Type: Accepts GreenTrol IAT-DI, IAT-UI and IAT-US Thermal Dispersion Airflow and Temperature Measurement Probe (required unless an external MS/TP airflow measurement device is provided). See appropriate IAT product data sheet for probe information.

Available Configurations: IAT-DI Probes

Single Probe: 1 probe x 1 or 2 sensor nodes/probe

Available Configurations: IAT-UI and IAT-US Probes

- Single Probe:** 1 probe x 1 sensor node/probe
- Dual Probe:** 2 probes x 1 sensor node/probe

General Purpose Inputs

GP1

- Type:** Analog Input (AI1)
- Assignment:** Economizer controller actuator output signal
- Configurable Ranges:** 0-5V, 0-10V, 2-10V, or 4-20mA

GP2

- Type:** Analog Input (AI2)
- Assignment:** Actuator feedback signal or analog output CO₂ sensor
- Configurable Ranges:** 0-5V, 0-10V, 2-10V, or 4-20mA

Analog Outputs

A01

- Assignment:** Economizer actuator control signal
- Configurable Ranges:** 0-5V, 0-10V, 2-10V, or 4-20mA
- Maximum Number of Actuators Supported:**
 - 0-5V, 0-10V or 2-10 V: Unlimited
 - 4-20mA: 2

A02

- Assignment:** Economizer controller fault feedback signal
- Configurable Ranges:** 0-5V, 0-10V or 2-10V

Contact Closure Relay

R1

- Type:** Dry contact w/ onboard jumper to drive a remote LED
- Assignment:** EMOAC alarms or Control Mode
- Status:** Normally Open (N.O.)
- Rating:** 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3 amp. max.

Network Connection

N1

- Type:** Non-isolated MS/TP BACnet master connection (provide an RS-485 network isolator if isolation is required)
- B.A.S. Object Read/Write Access:** Yes
- Device Load:** 1/8 load
- Supported Baud Rates:** 9.6, 19.2, 38.4 and 76.8 kbaud
- MS/TP BACnet Airflow Sensor Capability:** One GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party airflow measurement device (cannot be used if an integrated airflow measurement device is connected).
- MS/TP BACnet CO₂ Sensor Capability:** One GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party space mounted or return air CO₂ sensor
- MS/TP BACnet Occupancy Counter Capability:** One to four GreenTrol Automation or approved third-party occupancy counters

Environmental Limits, Power Requirements & Dimensions

Environmental Limits

- Temperature:** -20 to 120 °F [-28.9 to 48.9 °C]
- Humidity:** 5 to 95%

Important: Provide a weather-proof enclosure if the controller module is mounted outdoors

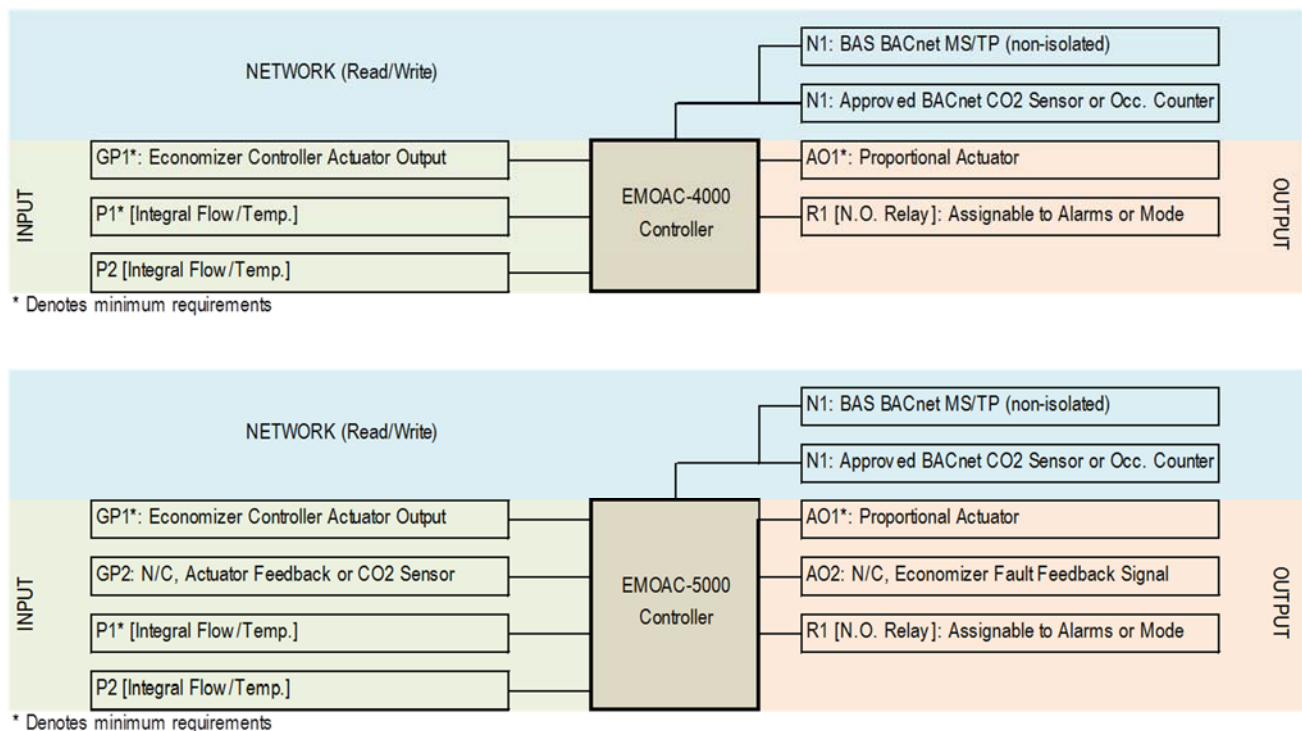
- Power Requirement:** 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @8.5V-A
- Dimensions:** 4.72H x 7.29W x 1.36D in. [119.9 x 185.2 x 34.5 mm]

1. EMOAC HARDWARE ARCHITECTURE

EMOAC Economizer Minimum Outdoor Air Controllers are based on GreenTrol Automation’s 4000 and 5000 hardware architecture. The EMOAC-4000 and EMOAC-5000 use a general purpose input factory configured as an analog input (GP1 configured as AI1) to measure the economizer controller actuator output signal and an analog output (AO1) to control a proportional actuator. The EMOAC-5000 has an additional general purpose input factory configured as an analog input (GP2 configured as AI2) and an additional analog output (AO2). The additional I/O can be used to satisfy economizer controller fault detection requirements or read an analog CO₂ sensor.

Both architectures support GreenTrol Automations integrated IAT, one or two sensor node, thermal dispersion airflow/temperature measuring devices (P1 and/or P2), have a contact closure relay (R1), and provide one non-isolated BACnet MS/TP connection (N1). The MS/TP connection can be configured for approved MS/TP airflow measurement devices in lieu of the integrated sensors, approved MS/TP DCV sensors and/or connection to a building automation system. Both controllers support full read/write privileges as a BACnet master.

Figure 1-1 EMOAC Application Specific Hardware Architecture



2. MINIMUM OUTDOOR AIR CONTROL (OAC) METHODS

2.1. Methods Supported

EMOAC controllers support four modulating outdoor air control methods and two non-modulating methods during minimum outdoor air (MOA) mode. The outdoor air control (OAC) method is selected during firmware configuration.

2.2. Modulating Control Methods

Modulating control continuously modifies the signal, AO1, to the outdoor air/return air actuator using one or more PID control loops and sensor inputs to maintain setpoint within a user defined deadband when minimum outdoor air mode is detected. EMOAC controllers support fixed and variable setpoint control.

2.2.1 FIXED SETPOINT CONTROL METHODS

Fixed setpoint control maintains a user defined airflow or CO₂ setpoint. EMOAC controllers support the following fixed setpoint modulating control methods:

- FLOW: maintains a user defined fixed airflow setpoint
- CO₂: maintains a user defined fixed CO₂ setpoint bound by optional upper and lower airflow limits

2.2.1.1. Airflow Setpoint Control [OAC=FLOW, default]

Modulates AO1 to maintain a user defined airflow setpoint. The setpoint can be entered during firmware configuration or during normal operation by pressing either the ↑ or ↓ pushbuttons on the main circuit board.

2.2.1.2. Improved CO₂ Demand Control Ventilation (CO₂-DCV) [OAC=CO₂]

Modulates AO1 to maintain a user defined CO₂ setpoint. The setpoint can be entered during firmware configuration or during normal operation by pressing either the ↑ or ↓ pushbuttons on the main circuit board.

EMOAC controllers reset the outdoor airflow setpoint to maintain the desired CO₂ level. As a result, minimum and maximum ventilation airflow limits can be set by the user. Setting airflow limits significantly improves traditional CO₂-DCV that relies on fixed damper positions which are affected by damper hysteresis, fan speed changes and wind/stack pressure variations.

2.2.2 VARIABLE SETPOINT CONTROL METHODS

Variable airflow setpoint control, or population based-DCV, satisfies the ventilation requirements of ASHRAE Standard 62.1 at all population levels and is an improvement over CO₂-DCV.

The population of the ventilation zone is used to calculate the required breathing zone outdoor airflow rate. There is no user defined airflow setpoint. The breathing zone outdoor airflow rate, V_{bz}, is determined using the estimated population and values for the ventilation rate required per person, R_p, the ventilation rate required per floor area, R_a, and the ventilation zone floor area, A_z. Values for R_p, R_a and A_z should be modified for the specific space type during firmware configuration.

V_{bz} can be corrected for the zone ventilation effectiveness and the total outdoor air can be corrected for the worst-case expected ventilation efficiency on multi-zone systems during firmware configuration when the total population of the ventilation zone is estimated. The resulting airflow setpoint is V_{oz}.

Variable setpoint control modulates AO1 to maintain the calculated value for V_{oz} . EMOAC controllers support the following variable setpoint modulating control methods:

- CO2/OAF: maintains a calculated airflow setpoint using the calculated population bound by optional upper and lower airflow limits
- COUNT: maintains a calculated airflow setpoint using the counted population bound by optional upper and lower airflow limits

2.2.2.1. CO2/OAF Population Estimation-DCV [OAC=CO2/OAF]

The CO2/OAF method uses a steady-state algorithm that estimates the population of the ventilation zone using indoor/outdoor CO₂ levels, metabolic activity and the measured outdoor airflow rate. The outdoor CO₂ level and metabolic activity can be modified during firmware configuration.

2.2.2.2. Direct Count-DCV [OAC=COUNT]

The COUNT method uses one to four door mounted occupancy counters to determine the occupancy of the ventilation zone.

2.3. Non-modulating Control Methods

EMOAC controllers support the following non-modulating methods when minimum outdoor air mode is detected:

- FIXED: maintains a user defined fixed damper position
- PASS: passes the economizer controller damper output signal

3. EMOAC OUTPUT

3.1. Mode Detection

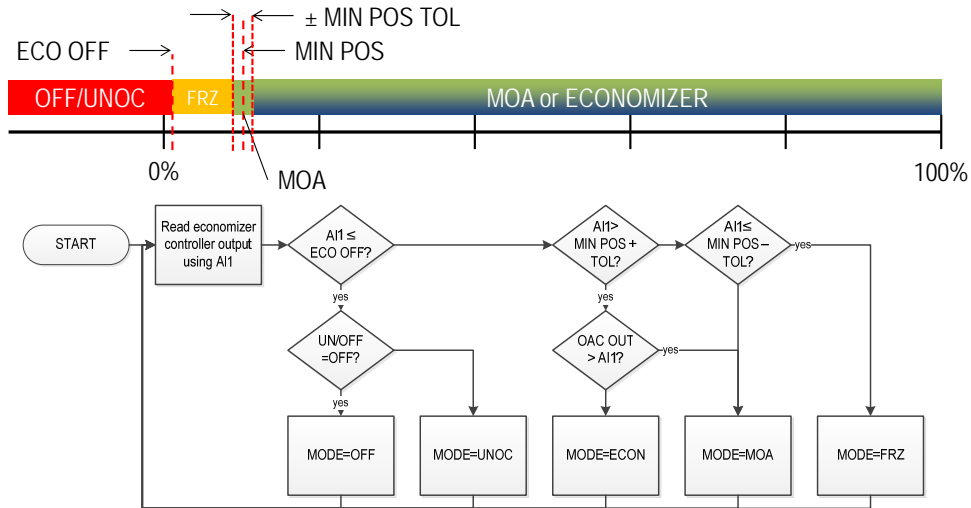
EMOAC controllers use the proportional analog control output signal of the economizer controller (by others), connected to AI1 and scaled between 0 and 100%, to detect the active control mode (Figure 3-1).

EMOAC controllers detect the following modes of operation:

- Off Mode
- Unoccupied Mode
- Minimum Outdoor Air Mode
- Economizer Mode
- Freeze Mode

Three parameters, ECO OFF, MIN POS and MIN POS TOL are used to determine mode. The minimum fixed damper position, MIN POS, typically 10%, can be modified during firmware configuration and must match minimum position output set in the host economizer controller. ECO OFF and MIN POS TOL parameters can be modified using advanced setup, if required.

Figure 3-1 Mode Detection Logic



3.2. EMOAC Actuator and Fault Signal Outputs

The EMOAC actuator control output signal is provided on AO1 and is dependent on active mode, OAC method, control status and sensor status. An optional economizer fault signal (EMOAC-5000 only) can be provided to the host economizer controller on AO2. EMOAC Actuator and Fault Signal Combinations are shown in Figures 3-2 and 3-3.

Figure 3-2 EMOAC Control

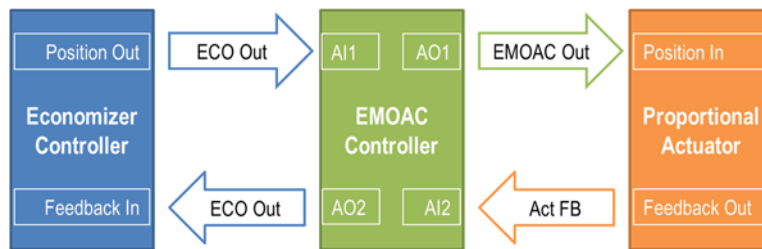
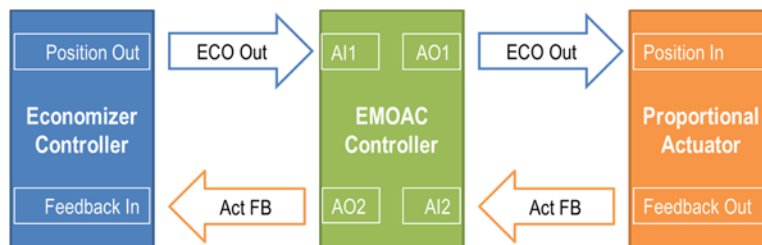


Figure 3-3 Economizer Controller Control



Note: All references regarding AI2 and AO2 for fault detection are only valid on EMOAC-5000 controllers. The EMOAC-5000 must be configured to provide an economizer fault output signal (ECO OUT=ON) and have AI2 connected to the actuator feedback output.

4. NORMAL OPERATION (NO FAULTS)

4.1. Off Mode (MODE=OFF)

The EMOAC controller passes the economizer controller output measured on AI1 to AO1 and the actuator feedback signal measured on AI2 to AO2 (see Figure 3-3).

4.2. Unoccupied Mode (MODE=UNOC)

The EMOAC controller modulates the output of AO1 to maintain a user defined unoccupied airflow setpoint, UNOC SET whenever UNOC SET is greater than zero. The actuator control signal from the economizer controller measured on AI1 passes to economizer fault signal output on AO2 to avoid a false fault condition (see Figure 3-2).

Note: Unoccupied airflow control is only available when a modulating minimum outdoor air control method is selected.

4.3. Minimum Outdoor Air Mode (MODE=MOA)

The EMOAC controller sets AO1 based on the minimum outdoor air control (OAC) method selected in SECTION 2. The actuator control signal from the economizer controller measured on AI1 passes to economizer fault signal output on AO2 to avoid a false fault condition (see Figure 3-2).

4.4. Economizer Mode (MODE=ECON)

The EMOAC controller passes the economizer controller output measured on AI1 to AO1 and the actuator feedback signal measured on AI2 to AO2, thus preserving full economizer functionality (see Figure 3-3).

4.5. Freeze Mode (MODE=FRZ)

The EMOAC controller passes the economizer controller output measured on AI1 to AO1 and the actuator feedback signal measured on AI2 to AO2, thus returning freeze protection operation to the economizer controller (see Figure 3-2).

5. CONTROL FAULT HANDLING

5.1. Control States

During modulating control, EMOAC controllers monitor the active control state (Figure 5-1). Control states are categorized as follows:

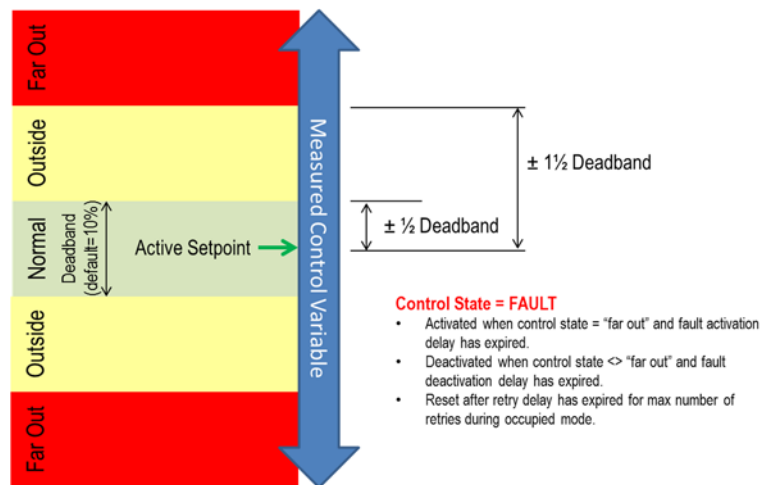
- Inactive (not in a modulating control mode)
- Normal (within/equal to active setpoint \pm 0.5 deadband)
- Outside (outside active setpoint \pm 0.5 deadband)
- Far Out (outside active setpoint \pm 1.5 deadband)
- Control Fault (Far Out for greater than specified fault activation delay period)

Active control faults are indicated on the LCD as follows:

- Outside High, + indicated after measured output
- Outside Low, - indicated after measured output
- Far Out High, ++ indicated after measured output
- Far Out Low, -- indicated after measured output

- Control Fault High, flashing ++ after measured output
- Control Fault Low, flashing -- after measured output

Figure 5-1 Control States



5.2. Mode Dependent Control Fault Operation

Note: All references regarding AI2 and AO2 for fault detection are only valid on EMOAC-5000 controllers. The EMOAC-5000 must be configured to provide an economizer fault output signal on AO2 (ECO OUT=ON) and have AI2 connected to the actuator feedback output.

5.2.1. UNOCCUPIED AIRFLOW MODE CONTROL FAULTS

5.2.1.1. Unoccupied Airflow Control Fault

An active unoccupied airflow control fault passes the economizer controller's output signal measured on AI1 to AO1 and the actuator feedback signal measured on AI2 to AO2. EMOAC modulating control is disabled (Figure 3-3).

5.2.2. MINIMUM OUTDOOR AIRFLOW MODE CONTROL FAULTS

5.2.2.1. Minimum Airflow Control Fault

An active minimum airflow control fault passes the economizer controller's output signal measured on AI1 to AO1 and the actuator feedback signal measured on AI2 to AO2. EMOAC modulating control is disabled (Figure 3-3).

5.2.2.2. CO₂ Control Fault

A CO₂ control fault only affects operation when OAC is set to CO₂.

If DCVMAX is set to NONE, an active CO₂ control fault passes the economizer controller's output signal measured on AI1 to AO1 and the actuator feedback signal measured on AI2 to AO2. EMOAC modulating control is disabled (Figure 3-3).

If DCVMAX is not set to NONE, an active CO₂ control fault maintains DCV MAX. The actuator control signal from the economizer controller measured on AI1 passes to AO2 to avoid a false fault condition (Figure 3-2).

If DCVMAX is not set to NONE and an active airflow control fault is active, an active CO₂ control fault passes the economizer controller's output signal measured on AI1 to AO1 and the actuator feedback signal measured on AI2 to AO2. EMOAC modulating control is disabled (Figure 3-3).

5.3. Control Fault Recovery

Control is restored when the active fault is not present for the specified fault deactivation delay period.

Since control is disabled when an active control fault is present, it is not likely that the fault will be cleared. The EMOAC controller allows for a user specified number of retries after a specified retry delay. The control fault is also reset whenever the mode of operation changes.

EMOAC controllers log the cumulative time the controller is in each control state in non-volatile memory. Times can be viewed by navigating through the system diagnostics menus.

Press the {ESC} and ↑ buttons simultaneously during normal operation to enter the advanced setup, tools and diagnostics menus.

6. SENSOR FAULT HANDLING

6.1. Sensor Fault Detection

The EMOAC controller has a built-in sensor diagnostic system that detects full or partial airflow sensor, CO₂ sensor or occupancy counter failure.

6.2. Sensor Fault Operation

Note: All references regarding AI2 and AO2 for fault detection are only valid on EMOAC-5000 controllers. The EMOAC-5000 must be configured to provide an economizer fault output signal (ECO OUT=ON) and have AI2 connected to the actuator feedback output.

6.2.1. AIRFLOW SENSOR FAILURE

A partial airflow sensor failure averages functioning airflow sensor nodes and does not disrupt control operation. A complete airflow sensor failure passes the economizer controller's output signal measured on AI1 to AO1 and the actuator feedback signal measured on AI2 to AO2. EMOAC modulating control is disabled (Figure 3-3).

6.2.2. DCV SENSOR FAILURE

A DCV sensor is either a CO₂ sensor or an occupancy counter. A CO₂ sensor failure only affects operation when OAC is set to CO₂ or CO₂/OAF. An occupancy counter failure only affects operation when OAC is set to COUNT.

If DCVMAX is set to NONE, a DCV sensor failure passes the economizer controller's output signal measured on AI1 to AO1 and the actuator feedback signal measured on AI2 to AO2. EMOAC modulating control is disabled (Figure 3-3).

If DCVMAX is not set to NONE, a DCV sensor failure maintains DCV MAX. The actuator control signal from the economizer controller measured on AI1 passes to AO2 to avoid a false fault condition (Figure 3-2).

If DCVMAX is not set to NONE and an active airflow control fault is active, a DCV sensor failure passes the economizer controller's output signal measured on AI1 to AO1 and the actuator feedback signal measured on AI2 to AO1. EMOAC modulating control is disabled (Figure 3-3).

6.3. Sensor Fault Recovery

Control is restored when the sensor fault is no longer present.

EMOAC controllers maintain active trouble codes and trouble history in non-volatile memory. Trouble codes and history and can be viewed by navigating through the system diagnostics menus.

Press the {ESC} and ↑ buttons simultaneously during normal operation to enter the advanced setup, tools and diagnostics menus.

7. CONTACT CLOSURE RELAY

The contact closure relay, R1, may be assigned to one or more notification alarms or the active control mode.

7.1. Notification Alarm Assignment [R1 ASGN=ALRMS, default]

The contact closure relay, R1, closes when a bound notification alarm is active. To assign the contact closure relay to notification alarms, set R1 ASNG to ALRMS (default) during hardware configuration.

Note: Individual alarms must be bound to R1 during firmware configuration for an active alarm to close the relay.

7.2. Mode Assignment [R1 ASGN=MODE]

The contact closure relay, R1, closes and can enable an external device, such as a start relay for a booster fan or exhaust fan, when the specified mode is active. To assign the contact closure relay to the active control mode, set R1 ASNG to MODE during hardware configuration. Select the desired active control mode, minimum outdoor air mode (R1 ACTMOD=MOA), economizer mode (R1 ACTMOD=ECO) or both MOA and economizer modes (R1 ACTMOD=MOAECO), that enables the contact closure relay.

8. NOTIFICATION ALARMS

EMOAC controllers have built-in notification alarms. Notification alarms are automatically displayed at position 11 on the LCD and can be individually bound to the contact closure relay, R1, when R1 ASGN is set to ALRMS. Notification alarms are also available via BACnet.

8.1. System Status Alarms

8.1.1. SYSTEM TROUBLE ALARM [TRBL ALARM]

The alarm can become active during any mode. The system trouble alarm is active when any malfunction of the controller module, airflow measuring device or installed DCV sensor is detected. The alarm is enabled by default and configured for automatic reset. Active trouble codes and trouble code history are viewed using built-in diagnostic tools.

8.2. Mode Dependent Setpoint Alarms

The following mode dependent setpoint alarms are available:

- Unoccupied Airflow Alarm
- Minimum Outdoor Airflow Alarm
- CO₂ Alarm

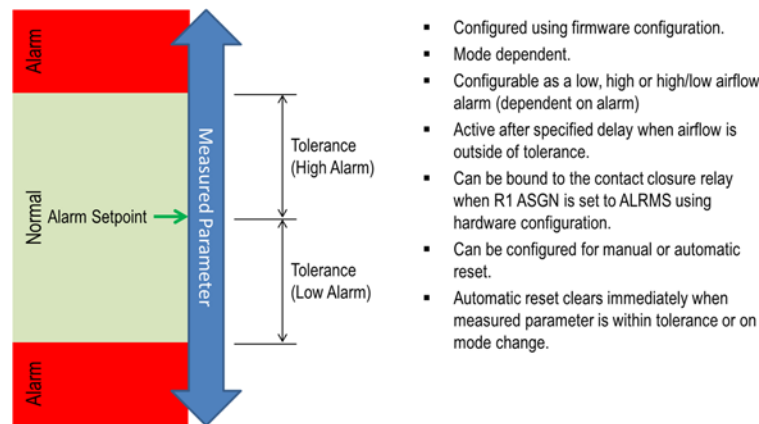
Notification alarms are disabled by default and must be enabled during firmware configuration to become active.

Notification alarms can be configured to reset automatically when the mode changes and/or alarm status is no longer active, or require manual reset. Active, manually reset, notification alarms are cleared by pressing the {ESC} button or via BACnet.

Each notification alarm has unique type (high, low or high/low), tolerance and delay parameters. Alarm history is maintained in non-volatile memory.

Notification alarm parameters can be modified during firmware configuration.

Figure 8-1 Setpoint Notification Alarms



- Configured using firmware configuration.
- Mode dependent.
- Configurable as a low, high or high/low airflow alarm (dependent on alarm)
- Active after specified delay when airflow is outside of tolerance.
- Can be bound to the contact closure relay when R1 ASGN is set to ALRMS using hardware configuration.
- Can be configured for manual or automatic reset.
- Automatic reset clears immediately when measured parameter is within tolerance or on mode change.

8.2.1. UNOCCUPIED AIRFLOW ALARM [UNOC ALARM]

The alarm can only become active during unoccupied mode when the unoccupied airflow setpoint (UNOC SET) is greater than zero. The alarm uses the unoccupied airflow setpoint as the default alarm setpoint. The alarm can be set as a high, low or high/low airflow alarm.

8.2.2. MINIMUM OUTDOOR AIRFLOW ALARM [MOA ALARM]

The alarm can only become active during MOA mode and any OAC method except when the OAC method is set to CO₂. The alarm uses the active MOA airflow setpoint (MOA SET) when the OAC method is set to FLOW, CO₂/OAF or COUNT. The alarm uses a user defined airflow setpoint when the OAC method is set to FIXED or PASS. The alarm can be set as a high, low or high/low airflow alarm.

8.2.3 CO₂ ALARM [CO₂ ALARM]

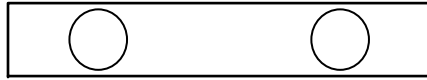
The alarm can become active during any mode and with any OAC method. A CO₂ sensor must be installed and configured for the alarm to be available. The alarm uses the CO₂ setpoint (CO₂ SET) when the OAC method is set to CO₂ or a user defined CO₂ setpoint for all other methods. The alarm is only available as a high CO₂ alarm.

EMOAC-4000 Wiring Diagram

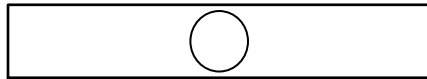
Economizer Controller (by others) Enhanced MOA Control (No Fault Signal)
 Optional DCV Configuration: RS-485 BACnet MS/TP CO₂ Sensor or Occupancy Counter

IAT THERMAL DISPERSION
 OUTDOOR AIRFLOW PROBE(S)

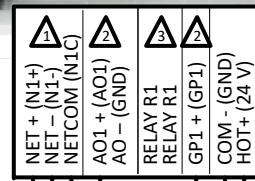
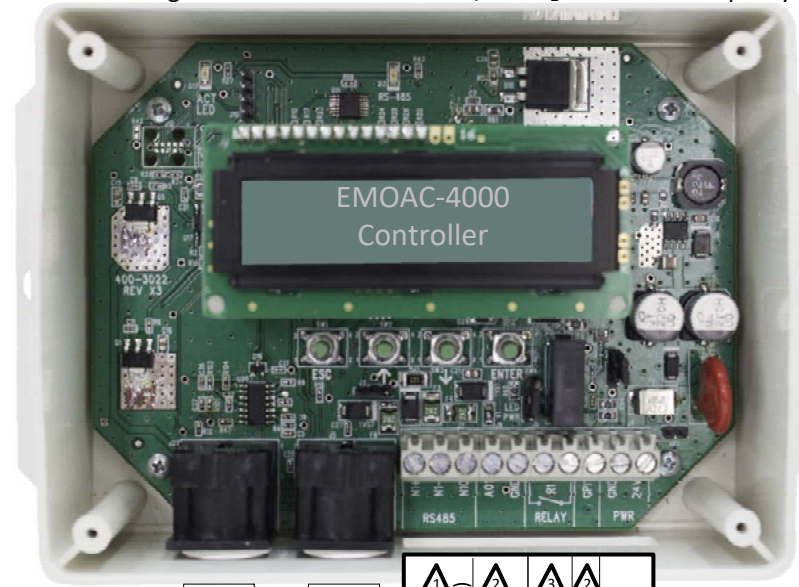
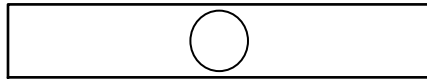
Probe #1 - 1 or 2 sensors
 (required)



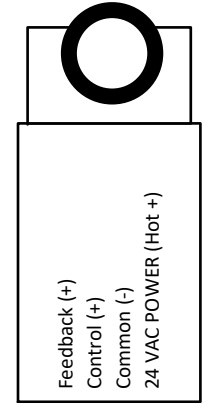
or



Probe #2 - 1 sensor
 (optional if probe 1 is one sensor)



PROPORTIONAL
 ACTUATOR
 2-10 VDC
 0-5/0-10 VDC
 4-20 mA
 (by others)



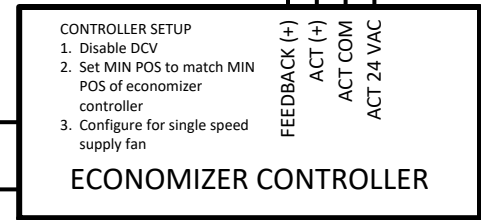
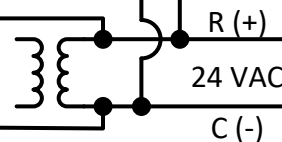
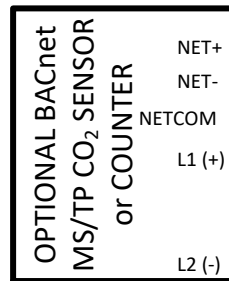
1 RS-485 may be "daisy-chained" to a remote B.A.S. BACnet objects are read-write. EMOAC controllers are a 1/4 load BACnet Master device. Set termination jumper (J3) on the EMOAC controller if it is located at the end of the RS-485 line. EMOAC controller RS-485 connections are non-isolated. Install a GreenTrol network isolator if an isolated RS-485 connection is required.

2 Actuator and/or economizer controller signal common are not required when a single transformer is provided to devices without isolated outputs.

3 N.O. contact closure relay. 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3A max. On-board jumper (J26) allows relay to drive an external LED (by others).

4 If actuator feedback is required for fault detection use the EMOAC-5000 controller.

FEP Plenum Rated
 Cable w/DIN Plug
 Included
 10ft., 25ft. or 50 ft.



EMOAC-5000 Wiring Diagram

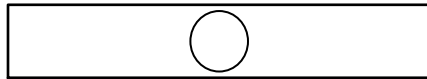
Economizer Controller (by others) Enhanced MOA Control (Fault Signal Supported)
 Optional DCV Configuration: RS-485 BACnet MS/TP CO₂ Sensor or Occupancy Counter

IAT THERMAL DISPERSION
 OUTDOOR AIRFLOW PROBE(S)

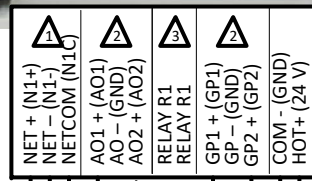
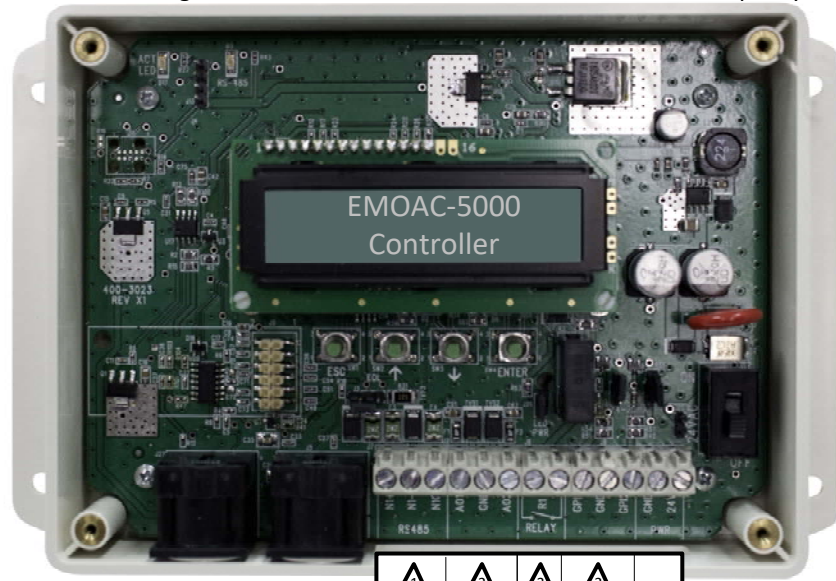
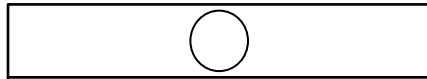
Probe #1 - 1 or 2 sensors
 (required)



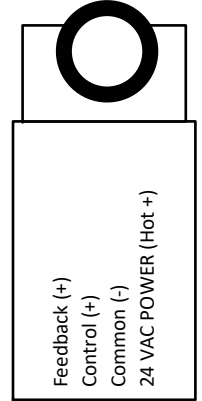
or



Probe #2 - 1 sensor
 (optional if probe 1 is one sensor)



PROPORTIONAL
 ACTUATOR
 2-10 VDC
 0-5/0-10 VDC
 4-20 mA
 (by others)

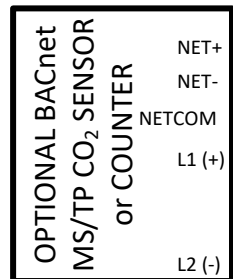
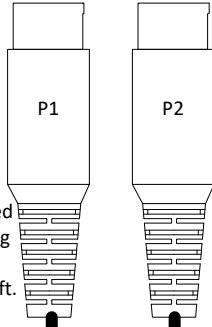


⚠️ RS-485 may be "daisy-chained" to a remote B.A.S. BACnet objects are read-write. EMOAC controllers are a ¼ load BACnet Master device. Set termination jumper (J3) on the EMOAC controller if it is located at the end of the RS-485 line. EMOAC controller RS-485 connections are non-isolated. Install a GreenTrol network isolator if an isolated RS-485 connection is required.

⚠️ Actuator and/or economizer controller signal common are not required when a single transformer is provided to devices without isolated outputs.

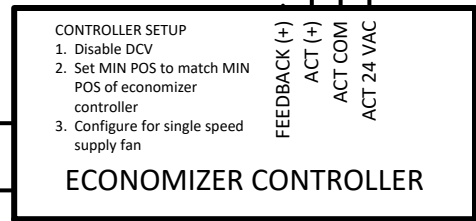
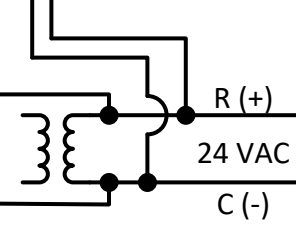
⚠️ N.O. contact closure relay. 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3A max. On-board jumper (J26) allows relay to drive an external LED (by others).

FEP Plenum Rated
 Cable w/DIN Plug
 Included
 10ft., 25ft. or 50 ft.



Required for Economizer Controller Fault Signal

Required for Economizer Controller Fault Signal



EMOAC-5000 Wiring Diagram

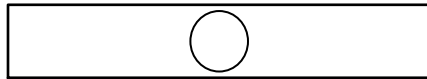
Economizer Controller (by others) Enhanced MOA Control (No Fault Signal)
Optional DCV Configuration: Analog CO₂ Sensor

IAT THERMAL DISPERSION
OUTDOOR AIRFLOW PROBE(S)

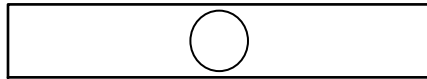
Probe #1 - 1 or 2 sensors
(required)



or



Probe #2 - 1 sensor
(optional if probe 1 is one sensor)



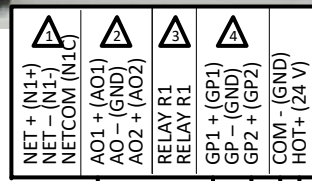
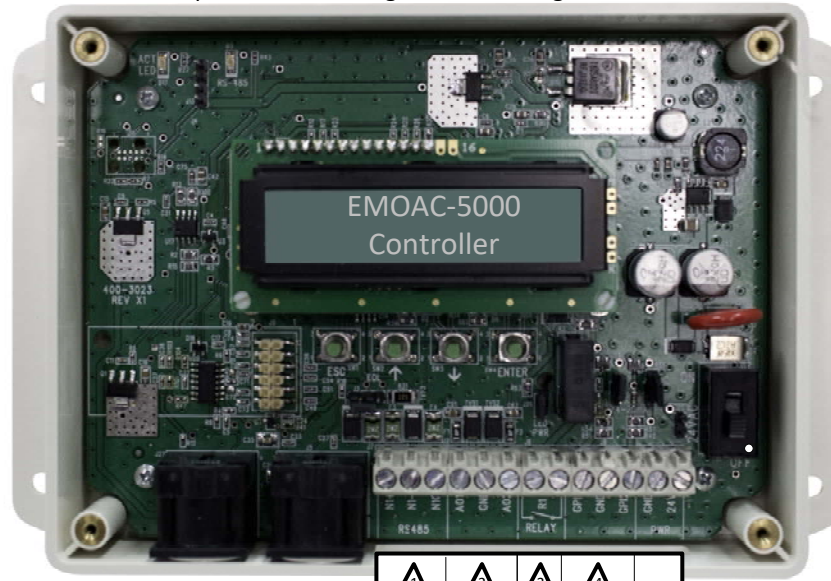
1 RS-485 may be "daisy-chained" to a remote B.A.S. BACnet objects are read-write. EMOAC controllers are a ¼ load BACnet Master device. Set termination jumper (J3) on the EMOAC controller if it is located at the end of the RS-485 line. EMOAC controller RS-485 connections are non-isolated. Install a GreenTrol network isolator if an isolated RS-485 connection is required.

2 Actuator, CO₂ sensor, and/or economizer controller signal common are not required when a single transformer is provided to devices without isolated outputs.

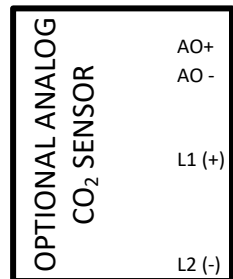
3 N.O. contact closure relay. 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3A max. On-board jumper (J26) allows relay to drive an external LED (by others).

4 Install jumper (J2) if a 4-20 mA CO₂ sensor is connected to the EMOAC-5000 controller.

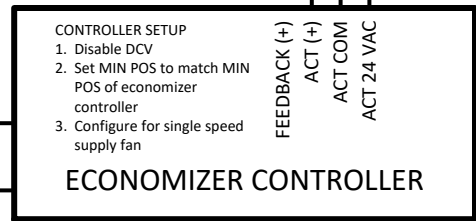
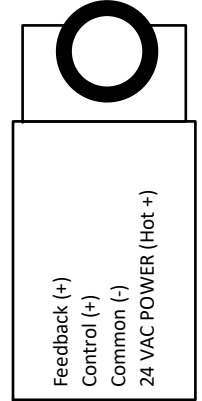
5 If actuator feedback and DCV are both required, use the EMOAC-5000 controller with an RS-485 BACnet DCV sensor (see alternate wiring diagram for EMOAC-5000 with the RS-485 DCV sensor option)



FEP Plenum Rated
Cable w/DIN Plug
Included
10ft., 25ft. or 50 ft.



PROPORTIONAL
ACTUATOR
2-10 VDC
0-5/0-10 VDC
4-20 mA
(by others)



EMOAC-5000 Wiring Diagram

Belimo ZIP Economizer Controller (by others) Enhanced MOA Control

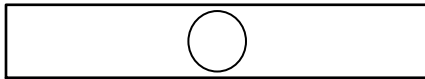
Optional DCV Configuration: RS-485 BACnet MS/TP CO₂ Sensor or Occupancy Counter

IAT THERMAL DISPERSION
OUTDOOR AIRFLOW PROBE(S)

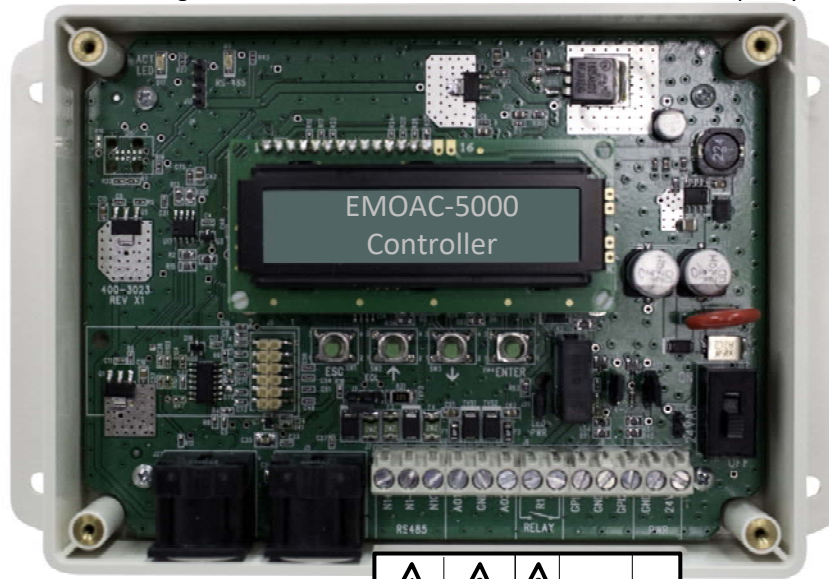
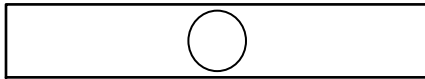
Probe #1 - 1 or 2 sensors
(required)



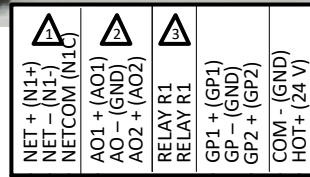
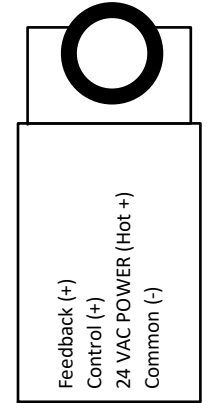
or



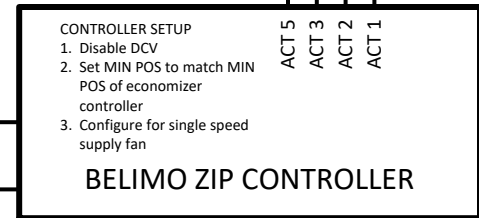
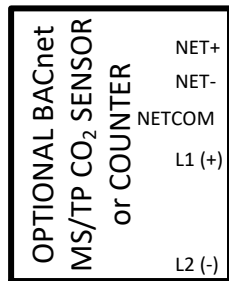
Probe #2 - 1 sensor
(optional if probe 1 is one sensor)



BELIMO
ACTUATOR
2-10 VDC



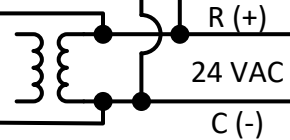
FEP Plenum Rated
Cable w/DIN Plug
Included
10ft., 25ft. or 50 ft.



⚠️ RS-485 may be "daisy-chained" to a remote B.A.S. BACnet objects are read-write. EMOAC controllers are a ¼ load BACnet Master device. Set termination jumper (J3) on the EMOAC controller if it is located at the end of the RS-485 line. EMOAC controller RS-485 connections are non-isolated. Install a GreenTrol network isolator if an isolated RS-485 connection is required.

⚠️ Actuator and/or economizer controller signal common are not required when a single transformer is provided to devices without isolated outputs.

⚠️ N.O. contact closure relay. 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3A max. On-board jumper (J26) allows relay to drive an external LED (by others).



EMOAC HARDWARE CONFIGURATION

FACTORY DEFAULT HARDWARE CONFIGURATION

N1 BACnet MS/TP Network	NONE. No MS/TP sensors or building automation system connected.
Actuator Type	2-10 VDC proportional actuator
ECO Fault Signal (EMOAC-5000 only)	ON. Actuator feedback signal and active faults passed to economizer controller.
Outdoor Airflow Sensor	Integral, -U or -T, thermal dispersion airflow/temperature probe(s) - Auto detected
Outdoor Air Intake Sensor Area	Null. MUST BE ENTERED FOR OPERATION.
CO2 Sensor	NONE
Occupancy Counter	NONE
Alarm/Mode Relay Assignment	ALRMS (assigned to active alarms bound to N.O. relay, R1)

CUSTOM HARDWARE CONFIGURATION

Open by simultaneously pressing {ESC} {ENT} during normal operation

Use ↑↓ buttons to navigate up/down menu. Press {ENT} to modify (parameter will flash). Use ↑↓ buttons to modify, {ENT} to accept, {ESC} to keep previous.

Fixed parameters (parameters that cannot be changed) will indicate "PARAMETER FIXED"

If LOCK SECURITY<->NONE using the SETUP MENU pressing enter will indicate "CONFIG LOCKED" and only parameter viewing is allowed.

Navigate entire menu to step 29 to save settings. Press {ESC} twice at any time to exit without saving changes.

ITEM #	PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	SKIP TO
1	N1 DEVICES	NONE	No BACnet MS/TP devices connected to network N1.	
		SENS	Approved MS/TP CO2 and/or Occupancy Counters connected to network N1. <i>Note: Approved sensors have network parameters factory preset and autodetected by the EMOAC controller. No configuration is required. If custom configuration of network parameters is desired (baud rate, device MAC address or device/sensor device instance numbers) select BAS rather than SENS.</i>	
		BAS	BAS MS/TP network connected to network N1 <i>Note: MS/TP network parameters should be configured by the network integrator. Choose this setting without a BAS is it is desired to modify network settings (i.e. baud rate, device MAC address, or device instance numbers of device/network sensors).</i>	
2	ACTR SGNL	0-5V	0-5 VDC actuator control signal, 0% to 100% of full span.	
		0-10V	0-10 VDC actuator control signal, 0% to 100% of full span.	
		2-10V	2-10 VDC (can drive a 4-20 mA input) actuator control signal, 0% to 100% of full span. <i>Note: Economizer controller (by others) must be set to match the control signal of the actuator.</i>	
3	ITEM 4 is only visible on the EMOAC-5000 controller.			
4	ECO FAULT	OFF	No fault signal provided to the economizer controller.	
		ON	The actuator feedback signal is passed as the economizer controller fault input unless modified by the MOAC mode or an active fault (EMOAC-5000 only). <i>Note: An analog airflow output and an analog CO2 input are not available when ECO FAULT = ACT FB. The actuator feedback signal must be connected to the EMOAC controller and not the economizer controller for proper operation.</i>	
5	OAF AREA	}	Outdoor airflow measuring device free area, in sq ft [sq m]. Important: Area is required for operation. Leave null field (default) if area is not known during configuration. The device will prompt for area prior to operation.	
6	CO2 TYP	NONE	No CO2 sensor connected.	9
		ANLG	Analog CO2 sensor connected (EMOAC-5000 only). <i>Note: An analog CO2 input is not available when ECO FAULT = ON</i>	
		MS/TP	Approved MS/TP CO2 sensor connected (N1 DEVICES = SENS or BAS).	9

EMOAC HARDWARE CONFIGURATION

7	CO2 SGNL	0-5V	0-5 VDC output CO2 sensor installed.	
		0-10V	0-10 VDC output CO2 sensor installed.	
		2-10V	2-10 VDC output CO2 sensor installed.	
		4-20mA	4-20mA (4-wire) output CO2 sensor installed. Jumper required on EMOAC PCB. <i>Note: Factory default output scaling is set to 0-2,000 ppm. The full scale reading of the CO2 sensor can be modified using advanced setup.</i>	
8	CO2 FS	2000	CO2 sensor full scale reading, 1,000 to 10,000 ppm.	
9	CNTR TYP	NONE	No occupancy counter connected.	11
		MS/TP	Approved MS/TP occupancy counter connected (N1 DEVICES = SENS or BAS).	
10	NUM CNTRS	1	Number of counters, 1 to 4. <i>Note: If more than one counter is used, the device instance number additional counters must be modified in each counter. If N1 DEV=SENS, set counter 2 DI=32, counter 3 DI=33 and counter 4 DI=34.</i>	
11	R1 ASGN	NONE	Relay R1 not assigned.	13
		ALRMS	R1 assigned to EMOAC notification alarms bound to R1.	13
		MODE	R1 assigned to the active control mode.	
12	R1 ACTMOD	MOAECO	R1 active during minimum and economizer modes.	
		MOA	R1 active during minimum outdoor air mode.	
		ECO	R1 active during economizer mode.	
13	ITEMS 15 to 27 are only visible if N1 DEVICES is equal to BAS.			
14	N1 BAUD	76800	N1 network baud rate of 76,800 bps.	
		38400	N1 network baud rate of 38,400 bps.	
		19200	N1 network baud rate of 19,200 bps.	
		9600	N1 network baud rate of 9,600 bps.	
15	N1 MAX MAST	7	N1 network max master, 0 to 127. <i>Note: Limiting MAX MAST to the actual number of devices on the network and sequentially addressing each device will limit network overhead and improve network efficiency. The default value for N1 MAX MAST assumes no building automation system is connected to the N1 MS/TP network.</i>	
16	N1 DEV MAC	1	The MAC address of this device on the N1 network, 0 to 127.	
17	DEV DI	1	The device instance number of this device on the N1 network, 0 to 4,194,302.	
18	ITEM 20 is only visible if CO2 TYP is equal to MS/TP.			
19	CO2 DI	21	The device instance number of the CO2 sensor on the N1 network, 0 to 4,194,302	
20	ITEM 22 is only visible if CNTR TYP is equal to MS/TP and NUM CNTRS is greater than or equal to 1.			
21	CNTR1 DI	31	The device instance number of counter 1 on the N1 network, 0 to 4,194,302.	
22	ITEM 24 is only visible if CNTR TYP is equal to MS/TP and NUM CNTRS is greater than or equal to 2.			
23	CNTR2 DI	32	The device instance number of counter 2 on the N1 network, 0 to 4,194,302.	
24	ITEM 26 is only visible if CNTR TYP is equal to MS/TP and NUM CNTRS is greater than or equal to 3.			
25	CNTR3 DI	33	The device instance number of counter 3 on the N1 network, 0 to 4,194,302.	
26	ITEM 28 is only visible if CNTR TYP is equal to MS/TP and NUM CNTRS is equal to 4.			
27	CNTR4 DI	34	The device instance number of counter 4 on the N1 network, 0 to 4,194,302.	
28	DONE	SAVE	Save changes and return to normal operation.	
		CANCEL	Do not save changes and return to normal operation.	
		RESET	Reset to factory default configuration and return to normal operation.	

EMOAC FIRMWARE CONFIGURATION

FACTORY DEFAULT FIRMWARE CONFIGURATION

Outdoor Air Control (OAC)	FLOW (modulating airflow setpoint outdoor airflow control when MOA mode is active)
OA Airflow Setpoint	0 cfm [lps] (simultaneously press ↑ or ↓ buttons during normal operation to modify)
Unoccupied Airflow Setpoint	0 cfm [lps]
Off-mode Operation (UN/OFF)	OFF (actuator output 0% when economizer controller is "off")
Economizer Controller Minimum Position	10%

CUSTOM FIRMWARE CONFIGURATION

Open by simultaneously pressing ↑↓ during normal operation

Use ↑↓ buttons to navigate up/down menu. Press {ENT} to modify (parameter will flash). Use ↑↓ buttons to modify, {ENT} to accept, {ESC} to keep previous.

Fixed parameters (parameters that cannot be changed) will indicate "PARAMETER FIXED"

If LOCK SECURITY<->NONE using the SETUP MENU pressing enter will indicate "CONFIG LOCKED" and only parameter viewing is allowed.

Navigate entire menu to step 39 to save settings. Press {ESC} twice at any time to exit without saving changes.

ITEM #	PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	SKIP TO
1	OAC	FLOW	Modulate to maintain a fixed, user defined, minimum airflow rate.	9
		CO2	Modulate to maintain a fixed, user defined, CO2 level.	10
		CO2/OAF	Modulate to maintain a calculated minimum airflow rate based on estimated population.	
		COUNT	Modulate to maintain a calculated minimum airflow rate based on measured population.	4
		FIXED	Maintain the fixed minimum position specified by MIN POS.	15
		PASS	Pass the economizer output signal to the actuator at all times (no control by EMOAC). <i>Note: CO2 and CO2/OAF will only be visible if a CO2 sensor was configured during hardware config. COUNT will only be visible if an occupancy counter was configured during hardware config.</i>	16
2	OA CO2	400	Outdoor air CO2 level, 300 to 700 ppm. <i>Note: Outdoor air CO2 is typically assumed since CO2 sensor technology typically is not accurate in outdoor air applications. OA CO2 can be modified via BACnet if actual CO2 levels are monitored.</i>	
3	MET	1.2	Expected occupant metabolic equivalent based on activity, 0.7 to 10 MET. <i>Note: Sedentary adults have a average MET output of 1.2. Metabolic activity can range between 0.7 (very low activity such as sleeping) to over 10 (very high activity such as jumping rope) and varies with age and diet. Occupant activity significantly affects the relationship between ventilation and indoor CO2 levels.</i>	
4	RP	18 [3.4]	Ventilation zone required airflow rate, 0 to 50 cfm/person [0 to 10 lps/person]. <i>Note: Rp is generally determined using ASHRAE Standard 62.1. The default value is based on the equivalent ventilation rate for 1,000 ppm of sedentary adults and does not meet the requirements of the Standard.</i>	
5	RA	0	Ventilation zone required airflow rate, 0 to 1 cfm/sq ft [0 to 5 lps/sq m]. <i>Note: Ra is generally determined using ASHRAE Standard 62.1. The default value does not meet the requirements of the Standard.</i>	
6	AZ	0	Ventilation zone floor area, 0 to 99,999 sq ft [0 to 9,999 sq m]. <i>Note: Az must be entered if Ra is greater than 0.</i>	
7	EZ	1	Ventilation effectiveness, 0.1 to 1.5. <i>Note: Ez is generally determined using ASHRAE Standard 62.1. It should be used when occupancy counters are used or CO2 sensors are installed in the return air stream.</i>	
8	EVZ	1	Ventilation efficiency, 0.1 to 1. <i>Note: Using an estimated value for Evz can improve DCV performance on multi-zone systems.</i>	11
9	OA SET	0	Minimum outdoor airflow setpoint, 0 to 9,999 cfm [0 to 5,000 lps]. <i>Note: The minimum outdoor air setpoint can be modified at any time during normal operation by pressing the ↑ or ↓ buttons.</i>	13

EMOAC FIRMWARE CONFIGURATION

10	CO2 SET	1000	CO2 setpoint, 500 to 2,000 ppm. <i>Note: The CO2 setpoint can be modified at any time during normal operation by pressing the ↑ or ↓ buttons.</i>	
11	DCV MIN	0	Lower ventilation rate limit during DCV, 0 to DCV MAX cfm [lps] <i>Note: DCV MIN limits the minimum ventilation rate setpoint rather than fixed damper position. Set to equal the minimum required ventilation rate or local exhaust rate, whichever is greater.</i>	
12	DCV MAX	NONE 9999	Upper ventilation rate limit during DCV, NONE or DCV MIN to 9,999 cfm [5,000 lps] <i>Note: DCV MAX limits the maximum ventilation rate setpoint rather than fixed damper position. Set to equal the ventilation required for the maximum expected population. This limit may result in higher than expected CO2 levels and activate the CO2 alarm if the CO2-DCV method uncertainly would result in over-ventilation at high occupancy levels. Setting DCV MAX to NONE will not limit ventilation and maintain the CO2 level specified.</i>	
13	UNOC SET	0	Unoccupied mode airflow setpoint, 0 to 9,999 cfm [0 to 5,000 lps]. <i>Note: The unoccupied airflow setpoint will be maintained whenever the economizer controller is in off mode and UN/OFF is set to UNOC in step 14 or via BACnet.</i>	
14	UN/OFF	OFF UNOC	The actuator output signal will be set to 0% when the economizer controller is "off". Modulate to maintain UNOC SET when the economizer controller is "off".	
15	MIN POS	10%	Minimum fixed damper position, 0% to 100% of full stroke. <i>Note: MIN POS must match the economizer controller minimum position output for proper operation. Set the economizer controller up for fixed airflow control (no DCV) and a one speed supply fan. MIN POS is also used as the default damper position during active fault conditions when UNOC or MOA modes are active.</i> <i>Tip: Find MIN POS for a specific airflow rate using the FIND MIN POS tool or read the minimum position output of the economizer controller using the READ MIN POS tool. See "Advanced Setup, Tools and Diagnostics" for more information.</i>	
16	ITEMS 17 to 21 are only visible if OAC is set to FLOW, CO2, CO2/OAF or COUNT.			
17	UNOC ALARM	OFF MAN AUTO	UNOC mode airflow notification alarm disabled. UNOC mode airflow notification alarm enabled. Manual reset required. UNOC mode airflow notification alarm enabled. Automatic reset with return to in tolerance.	23
18	R1 BIND	NO YES	Do not bind active alarm to relay, R1. Bind active alarm to relay, R1 (requires R1 ASGN=ALRMS during hardware config.).	
19	TYPE	LO HI HI/LO	Low airflow alarm. Active below SETPNT - TOL after specified DELAY. High airflow alarm. Active above SETPNT + TOL after specified DELAY. High/Low airflow alarm. Active above/below SETPNT ± TOL after specified DELAY.	
20	SETPNT	{}	Alarm setpoint, in cfm [lps]. <i>Note: The default {} value for SETPNT is UNOC SET.</i>	
21	TOL	20%	Alarm tolerance, ½ OAF PID deadband tolerance to 50%	
22	DELAY	1	Delay, 0 to 30 minutes, after alarm is "outside" of tolerance before alarm is active.	
23	ITEMS 24 to 29 are NOT visible if OAC is set to CO2 (OA airflow alarm is not available when OAC is set to CO2).			
24	OA ALARM	OFF MAN AUTO	MOA mode airflow notification alarm disabled. MOA mode airflow notification alarm enabled. Manual reset required. MOA mode airflow notification alarm enabled. Automatic reset with return to in tolerance.	30
25	R1 BIND	NO YES	Do not bind active alarm to relay, R1. Bind active alarm to relay, R1 (requires R1 ASGN=ALRMS during hardware config.).	
26	TYPE	LO HI HI/LO	Low airflow alarm. Active below SETPNT - TOL after specified DELAY. High airflow alarm. Active above SETPNT + TOL after specified DELAY. High/Low airflow alarm. Active above/below SETPNT ± TOL after specified DELAY.	
27	SETPNT	{}	Alarm setpoint, in cfm [lps]. <i>Note: The default {} value for SETPNT is MOA SET when MOAC is set to FLOW, the calculated active airflow setpoint when MOAC is set to OAF/CO2 or COUNT, or 0 when MOAC is set to FIXED or PASS.</i>	
28	TOL	15%	Alarm tolerance, ½ OAF PID deadband tolerance to 50%	
29	DELAY	1	Delay, 0 to 30 minutes, after alarm is "outside" of tolerance before alarm is active.	

EMOAC FIRMWARE CONFIGURATION

30	ITEM 31 to 36 are only visible if CO2 TYP is equal to ANLG or MS/TP (i.e. a CO2 sensor is installed).			
31	CO2 ALARM	<p style="text-align: right; color: red;">OFF</p> <p style="text-align: right;">MAN</p> <p style="text-align: right;">AUTO</p>	<p>All mode CO2 notification alarm disabled.</p> <p>All mode CO2 notification alarm enabled. Manual reset required.</p> <p>All mode CO2 notification alarm enabled. Automatic reset with return to in tolerance.</p>	36
32	R1 BIND	<p style="text-align: right; color: red;">NO</p> <p style="text-align: right;">YES</p>	<p>Do not bind active alarm to relay, R1.</p> <p>Bind active alarm to relay, R1 (requires R1 ASGN=ALRMS during hardware config.).</p>	
33	TYPE	HI	High CO2 alarm. Active below SETPNT - TOL after specified DELAY.	
34	SETPNT	{ }	<p>Alarm setpoint, in ppm.</p> <p><i>Note: The default { } value for SETPNT is CO2 SET when MOAC is set to CO2, or 1,000 when MOAC is set to FLOW, CO2/OAF, COUNT, FIXED or PASS.</i></p> <p>Important: 1,000 ppm may be exceeded whenever 18 cfm [3.4 lps] or less is provided to sedentary adults even though the ventilation rate provided may meet the requirement of ASHRAE standard 62.1.</p>	
35	TOL	15%	Alarm tolerance, ½ CO2 PID deadband tolerance to 50%	
36	DELAY	10	Delay, 0 to 30 minutes, after alarm is "outside" of tolerance before alarm is active.	
37	TRBL ALARM	<p style="text-align: right;">OFF</p> <p style="text-align: right;">MAN</p> <p style="text-align: right; color: red;">AUTO</p>	<p>System status notification alarm disabled.</p> <p>System status notification alarm enabled. Manual reset required.</p> <p>System status notification alarm enabled. Automatic reset with return to in tolerance.</p>	39
38	R1 BIND	<p style="text-align: right; color: red;">NO</p> <p style="text-align: right;">YES</p>	<p>Do not bind active alarm to relay, R1.</p> <p>Bind active alarm to relay, R1 (requires R1 ASGN=ALRMS during hardware config.).</p>	
39	DONE	<p style="text-align: right; color: red;">SAVE</p> <p style="text-align: right;">CANCEL</p> <p style="text-align: right;">RESET</p>	<p>Save changes and return to normal operation.</p> <p>Do not save changes and return to normal operation.</p> <p>Reset to factory default configuration and return to normal operation.</p>	

EMOAC CONTROLLER - ADVANCED SETUP

Open by simultaneously pressing {ESC} ↑ during normal operation. Follow navigation rules below.

↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn	↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn	↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn	↑ or ↓ Modify (Parameter Flashes)	Range/Units (if applicable)		Notes/Comments
{ENT} Move right	{ENT} Move right	{ENT} Move right	{ENT} Accept, move left	IP Min/Max	SI Min/Max	
{ESC} Exit menu	{ESC} Move left	{ESC} Move left	{ESC} Cancel, move left			
ADVANCED ↓	SYSTEM ↓	U/M=IP ↓	U/M=IP ↓			Imperial/US customary units (ft, fpm, cfm, °F)
			U/M=SI ↑			International system of units (m, m/s, lps, °C)
		AF METH=ACT ↑↓	AF METH=ACT ↓			Actual air velocity or volumetric flow
			AF METH=STD ↑			Standard (mass) air velocity or volumetric flow
		ALT=0 ↑	ALT=0 ↑↓	-200/20000 ft	-60/6000 m	Altitude
	ECONOMIZER ↑↓	ECO OFF=1 ↓	ECO OFF=1 ↑↓	0/10 %		Economizer controller off-threshold
		MIN POS TOL=10 ↑↓	MIN POS TOL=10 ↑↓	0/100 %		MIN POS tolerance (±)
		STROKE=100 ↑	STROKE=100 ↓	25/100 %		Damper stroke at full open position
	OAF SENSOR ↑↓	LCD INT=300 ↓	LCD INT=300 ↑↓	1/3000		Integration buffer size for airflow on LCD
		GAIN=1 ↑↓	GAIN=1 ↑↓			Gain adjustment for OAF flow
		OFFSET=0 ↑↓	OFFSET=0 ↑↓	±20000 cfm	±10000lps	Offset adjustment for OAF flow
		ADJUST=OFF ↑↓	ADJUST=OFF ↓			Disable offset/gain adjustments
			ADJUST=ON ↑			Enable offset/gain adjustments
		EXT CAB=0 ↑↓	EXT CAB=0 ↑	0/40 ft	0/12.2 m	Extension cable added to original flow probes
		RESET PROBES ↑	RESET=N ↓			Do not clear probe cal data
			RESET=Y ↑			Clear probe cal data and read/re-write one wire memory data

EMOAC CONTROLLER - ADVANCED SETUP

	OAF PID	↑↓	DEADBAND=10	↓	DEADBAND=10	↑↓	10/50%	Deadband (centered)
			RESPONSE=5	↑↓	RESPONSE=5	↑↓	1/10 or CUS	PID response time (recommended)
RESPONSE=CUS			P=10	↑↓	P=10	↑↓	1 to 100%	Proportional term
			I=5	↑↓	I=5	↑↓	1 to 100%	Integral term
			D=25	↑↓	D=25	↑↓	1 to 100%	Derivative term
			FLT ACT=5	↑↓	FLT ACT=5	↑↓	1/30 minutes	Delay before "far out" goes to active "fault"
			FLT DEACT=1	↑↓	FLT DEACT=1	↓	1/30 minutes	Delay after return to "outside" or "normal" to deactivate "fault"
			RETRY DEL=1	↑↓	RETRY DEL=1	↓	1/30 minutes	Delay before clearing "fault" to "normal" for control retry
			RETRIES=MAX	↑	RETRIES=MAX	↑	0/999 or MAX (no limit)	Number of retries allowed for control retry
CO2 TYPE<->NONE	CO2 PID	↑	DEADBAND=10	↓	DEADBAND=10	↑↓	10/50%	Deadband (centered)
			RESPONSE=5	↑↓	RESPONSE=5	↑↓	1/10 or CUS	PID response time (recommended)
RESPONSE=CUS			P=10	↑↓	P=10	↑↓	1 to 100%	Proportional term
			I=5	↑↓	I=5	↑↓	1 to 100%	Integral term
			D=25	↑↓	D=25	↑↓	1 to 100%	Derivative term
			FLT ACT=5	↑↓	FLT ACT=5	↑↓	1/30 minutes	Delay before "far out" goes to active "fault"
			FLT DEACT=1	↑↓	FLT DEACT=1	↓	1/30 minutes	Delay after return to "outside" or "normal" to deactivate "fault"
			RETRY DEL=1	↑↓	RETRY DEL=1	↓	1/30 minutes	Delay before clearing "fault" to "normal" for control retry
			RETRIES=MAX	↑	RETRIES=MAX	↑	0/999 or MAX (no limit)	Number of retries allowed for control retry

EMOAC CONTROLLER - TOOLS

Open by simultaneously pressing {ESC} ↑ during normal operation. Follow navigation rules below.

↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn
{ENT} Move right
{ESC} Exit menu

↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn
{ENT} Move right
{ESC} Move left

↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn
{ENT} Run tool
{ESC} Cancel, move left

Notes/Comments

ADVANCED ↓

TOOLS ↑↓

TEST ECON ↓

{RUN TOOL}

Set damper between 0 and 100% open and display airflow

FIND MIN POS ↑↓

{RUN TOOL}

Enter desired minimum nominal airflow rate to find MIN POS. Write MIN POS to memory.

READ MIN POS ↑↓

{RUN TOOL}

Read AO1 when economizer controller output is set to MIN POS. Write measured MIN POS to memory.

ECO FAULT=ON

FIND STROKE ↑↓

{RUN TOOL}

Set damper to 100% open. Read AI2 and calculate STROKE. Write STROKE to memory.

ADJUST OAF ↑

{RUN TOOL}

Run outdoor air field adjust wizard and write GAIN and OFFSET to memory.

EMOAC CONTROLLER - DIAGNOSTICS

Open by simultaneously pressing {ESC} ↑ during normal operation. Follow navigation rules below.

↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn
{ENT} Move right
{ESC} Exit menu

↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn
{ENT} Move right
{ESC} Move left

↑ or ↓ Move up/dwn
{ENT} Move right
{ESC} Move left

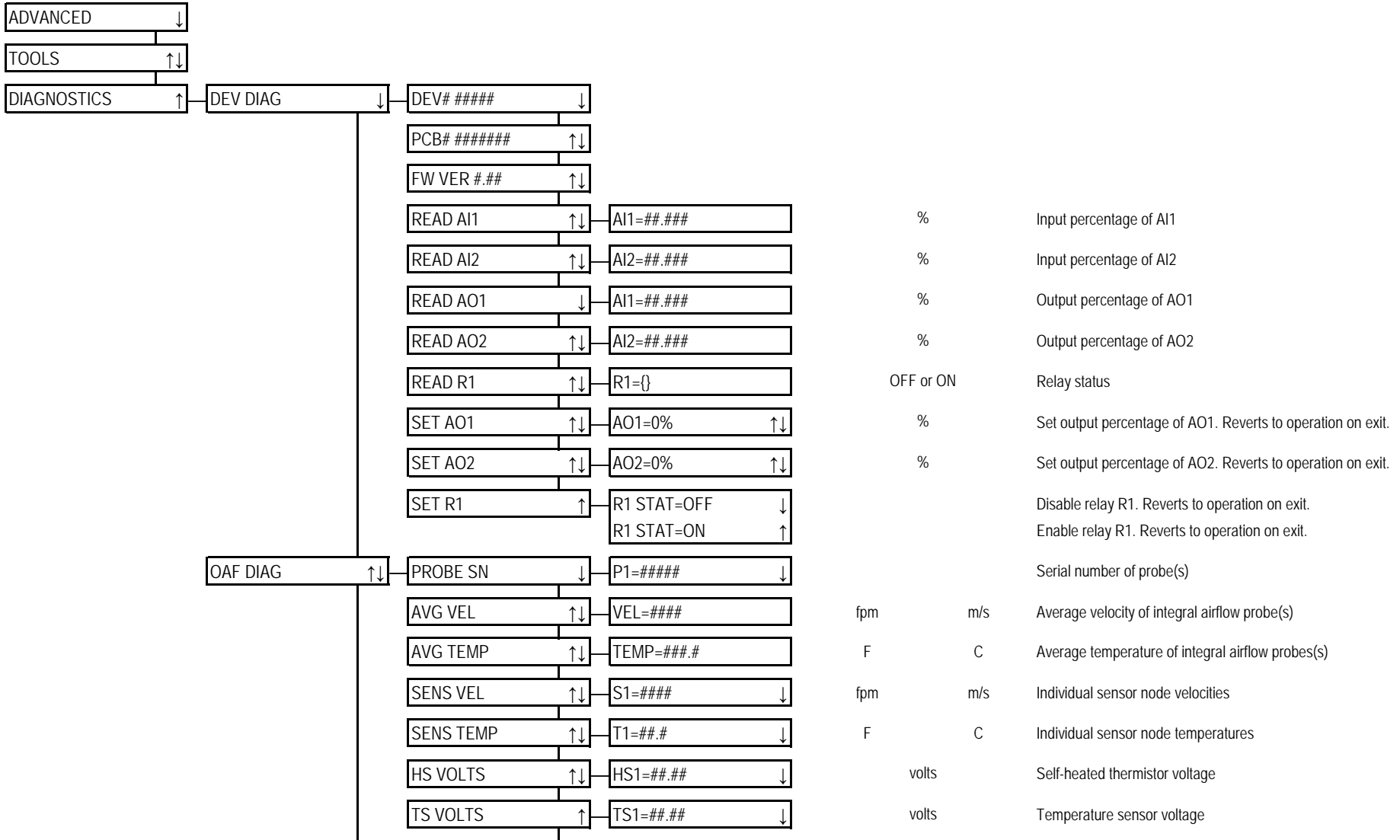
↑ or ↓ Modify/Scroll, Parameter Flashes
{ENT} Accept/Hold Last
{ESC} Cancel, move left

Range/Units (if applicable)

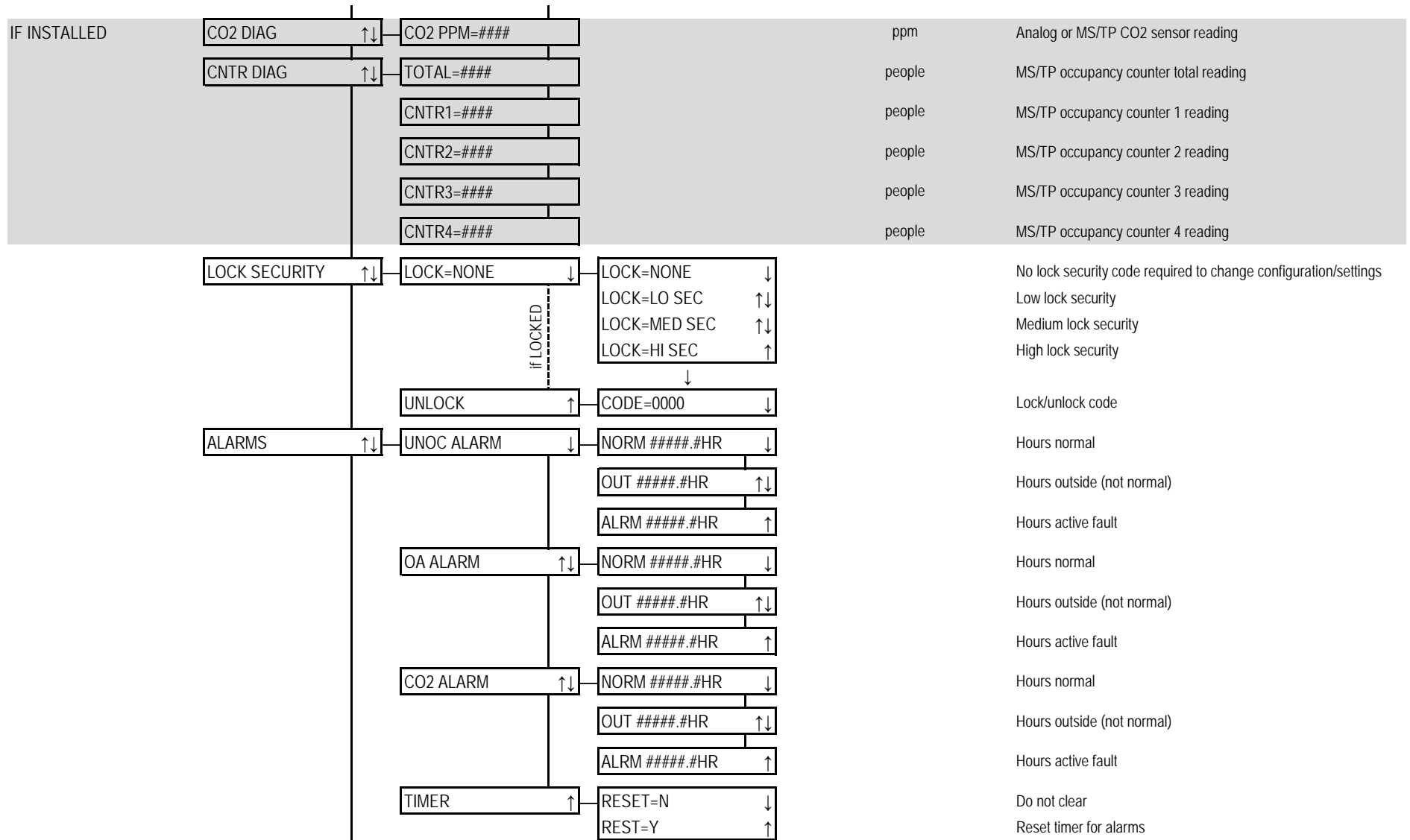
IP Min/Max

SI Min/Max

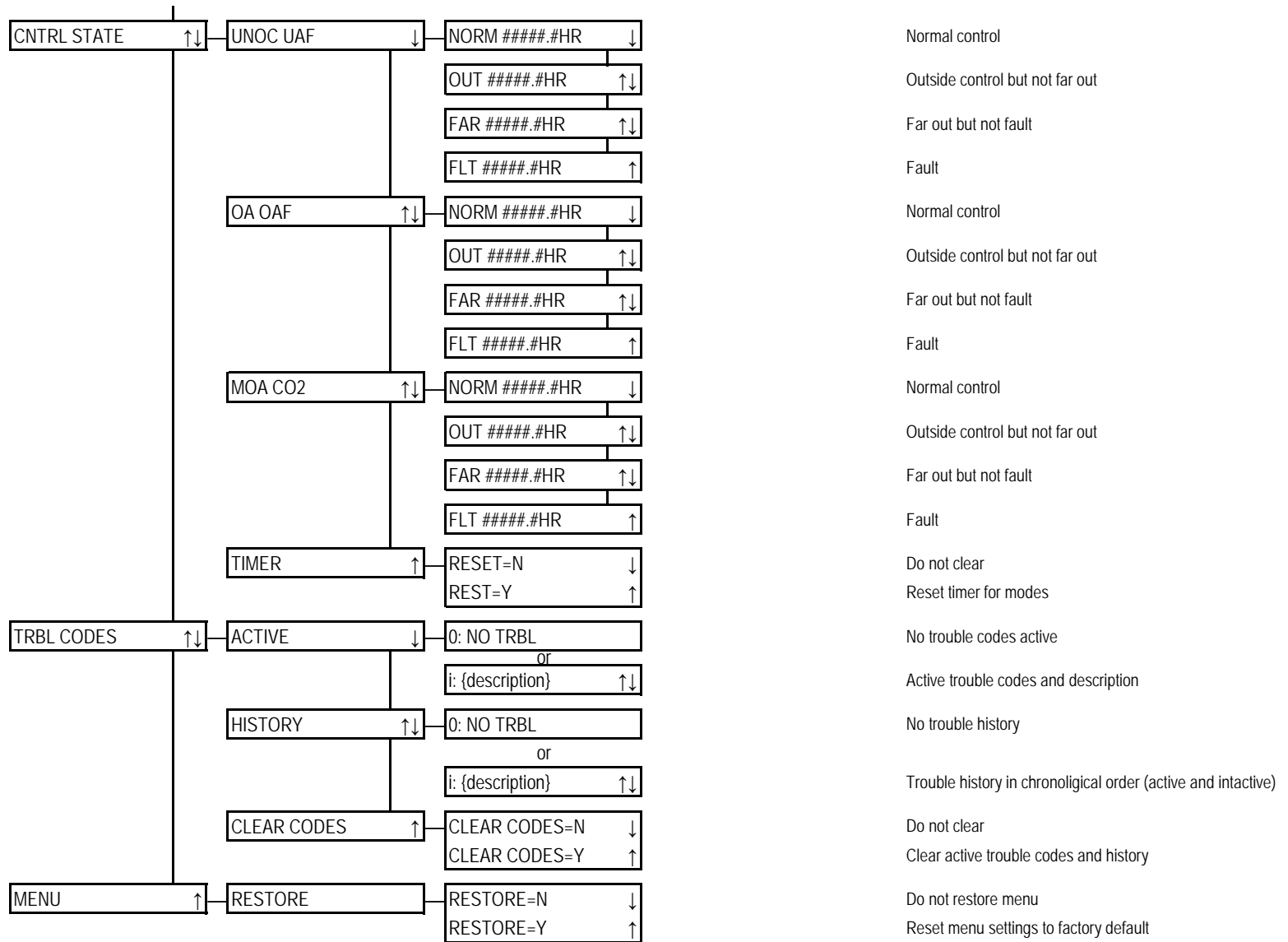
Notes/Comments



EMOAC CONTROLLER - DIAGNOSTICS



EMOAC CONTROLLER - DIAGNOSTICS



DISPLAY FUNCTION

POWER UP DISPLAY

Automatic after power up. {ESC} changes to normal or after 30 second timeout.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
	E	M	O	A	C	-	5	0	0	0							Display Series and Board Model
	F	I	R	M	W	R	E		#	#	.	#	#				Display Firmware Version
	O	A	F		P	1								#	#	#	P1 Presence: YES, NO
	O	A	F		P	2								#	#	#	P1 Presence: YES, NO
	E	C	O		F	A	U	L	T					#	#	#	ECO Fault: OFF, ON
	C	O	2		T	Y	P	E			#	#	#	#	#		CO2 Type: NONE, ANLG, MS/TP
	N	1		D	E	V	I	C	E	S				#	#	#	N1 DEVICES (N1 DEV): NONE, SENS, BAS
Visible if N1 DEV <> NONE	C	O	2		M	S	/	T	P					#	#	#	NONE, ERR or Last 4 digits of DI*
	C	N	T	R	1		M	S	/	T	P			#	#	#	NONE, ERR or Last 4 digits of DI*
	C	N	T	R	2		M	S	/	T	P			#	#	#	NONE, ERR or Last 4 digits of DI*
	C	N	T	R	3		M	S	/	T	P			#	#	#	NONE, ERR or Last 4 digits of DI*
	C	N	T	R	4		M	S	/	T	P			#	#	#	NONE, ERR or Last 4 digits of DI*
	R	1		A	S	G	N							#	#	#	R1 Assignment: ALRMS or MODE

* Notes:

NONE - Sensor not configured

ERR - Configured sensor not found when N1 DEVICES=BAS (Operate in PASS MODE if MOAC = CO2 or OAF/CO2)

ERR - Configured sensor not found after discovery delay when N1 DEVICES=SENS (Operate in PASS MODE if MOAC = CO2 or OAF/CO2)

Last 4 digits of DI - Configured sensor found

DISPLAY FUNCTION

SETPOINT DISPLAY (OAC=FLOW)

Press ↑ or ↓ arrow to enter setpoint display mode. Use ↑ or ↓ to change setpoint. Exit setpoint mode after 15 seconds.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
S	E	T	P	N	T		#	#	#	#	C	F	M	↑	↓

Display Active Setpoint

NORMAL OPERATING DISPLAY (OAC=FLOW, CO2/OAF or COUNT)

↑ or ↓ arrows changes setpoint.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
#	#	#	#	C	F	M						X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	+					X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	-					X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	+	+				X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	-	-				X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	+	+				X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	-	-				X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	??		T			X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	??		U			X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	??		M			X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	C	F	M	??		C			X	X	X	X

Display Airflow (Control state=Normal) and Mode

Display Airflow + (Control state=Outside High) and Mode

Display Airflow - (Control state=Outside Low) and Mode

Display Airflow ++ (Control state=Far Out High) and Mode

Display Airflow -- (Control state=Far Out Low) and Mode

Display Airflow ++ flashes (Control state=Active Control Fault High) and Mode

Display Airflow -- flashes (Control state=Active Control Fault Low) and Mode

Display Airflow, {?? = control state}, TRBL Alarm Active and Mode

Display Airflow, {?? = control state}, UNOC Alarm Active and Mode

Display Airflow, {?? = control state}, MOA Alarm Active and Mode

Display Airflow, {?? = control state}, CO2 Alarm Active and Mode

Note: Multiple active alarms will cycle on display. Escape clears manual active alarms.

DISPLAY FUNCTION

SETPOINT DISPLAY (OAC=CO2)

Press ↑ or ↓ arrow to enter setpoint display mode. Use ↑ or ↓ to change setpoint. Exit setpoint mode after 15 seconds.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
S	E	T	P	N	T		#	#	#	#	P	P	M	↑	↓

Display Active Setpoint

NORMAL OPERATING DISPLAY (OAC=CO2)

↑ or ↓ arrows changes setpoint.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
#	#	#	#	P	P	M						X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	P	P	M	+					X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	P	P	M	-					X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	P	P	M	+	+				X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	P	P	M	-	-				X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	P	P	M	+	+				X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	P	P	M	-	-				X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	P	P	M	??		T			X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	P	P	M	??		U			X	X	X	X
#	#	#	#	P	P	M	??		C			X	X	X	X

Display CO2 (Control state=Normal) and Mode

Display CO2 + (Control state=Outside High) and Mode

Display CO2 - (Control state=Outside Low) and Mode

Display CO2 ++ (Control state=Far Out High) and Mode

Display CO2 -- (Control state=Far Out Low) and Mode

Display CO2 ++ flashes (Control state=Active Control Fault High) and Mode

Display CO2 -- flashes (Control state=Active Control Fault Low) and Mode

Display CO2, {?? = control state}, TRBL Alarm Active and Mode

Display CO2, {?? = control state}, UNOC Alarm Active and Mode

Display CO2, {?? = control state}, CO2 Alarm Active and Mode

Note: Multiple active alarms will cycle on display. Escape clears manual active alarms.

DISPLAY FUNCTION

NORMAL OPERATING DISPLAY (OAC=FIXED or PASS)

MOAC=FIXED: Setpoint changed in SETUP CONFIG (MIN POS).

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

#	#	#	#	C	F	M							X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display airflow and Mode

#	#	#	#	C	F	M				T			X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	---	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display Airflow, TRBL Alarm Active and Mode

#	#	#	#	C	F	M				M			X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	---	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display Airflow, MOA Alarm Active and Mode

#	#	#	#	C	F	M				C			X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	---	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display Airflow, CO2 Alarm Active and Mode

Note: Multiple active alarms will cycle on display. Escape clears manual active alarms.

DISPLAY FUNCTION

DETAIL DISPLAY

Press {ENT} to show itemized, {ESC} from itemized returns to normal or after 60 second timeout.
 Display will step through the following items. Some items are OAC dependent.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

M	O	D	E										X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---

Active Mode, OFF, UNOC, MOA, ECON, FRZE

O	A	C								X	X	X	X	X	X	X
---	---	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

OAC method

D	M	P	R										#	#	#	%
---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---

Current Damper Position

S	E	T	P	N	T								#	#	#	#	%
---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---	---

Setpoint if OAC=FIXED

S	E	T	P	N	T					#	#	#	#	C	F	M
---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Setpoint if OAC=FLOW, CO2/OAF, or COUNT

O	A	F								#	#	#	#	C	F	M
---	---	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Measured airflow

S	E	T	P	N	T					#	#	#	#	P	P	M
---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Setpoint if OAC=CO2

C	O	2								#	#	#	#	P	P	M
---	---	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Display measured CO2 level (if CO installed)

P	O	P		E	S	T							#	#	#	#
---	---	---	--	---	---	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display calculated occupancy using CO2/OAF (if CO2 installed)

C	O	U	N	T	E	R							#	#	#	#
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---

Display counter occupancy (if counter installed)

Remote Displays, Alarms and Network Bridges

The GA Series converts sensor signals to visual displays, notification alarms and/or provides a bridge between analog and network devices. The series is typically an accessory to GreenTrol sensors and controllers but its flexibility and low cost make it a great solution for sensors and devices from other manufacturers.

GA-100 Analog Signal Alarm with LED Indication

The GA-100 can convert an analog signal to visible and contact closure alarm when the signal exceeds the built-in comparison threshold. It is ideal for sensors that use an analog output signal as a binary alarm signal..

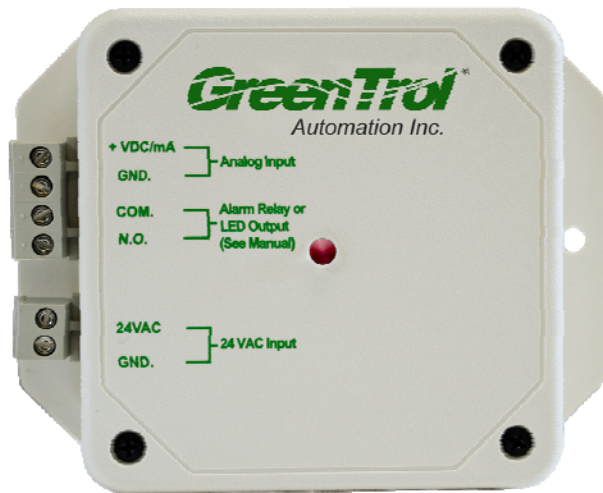


GA-200 Network Bridge with Alarm and LCD

The GA-200 is a multi-function device. It can be used to display the output of any analog or BACnet MS/TP sensor. The GA-200 can act as network bridge and convert an analog output sensor to a BACnet MS/TP or Modbus RTU sensor. The device has a built-in high, low or high/low setpoint alarm that can alarm on a physical analog input or BACnet MS/TP AI. The GA-200 can also display the physical analog input or BACnet MS/TP AI on a 16-character LCD with user defined units of measure.



Analog Signal Alarm with LED Indication



- Convert an analog signal alarm to a visible and contact closure alarm
- Input range 0-10 VDC or 4-20 mA
- Comparison threshold alarm
- Activation trigger > 3 VDC or 6 mA
- Active alarm illuminates a red LED and closes a N.O. dry contact relay
- No setup or configuration required

Functionality

Alarm: Comparison threshold alarm activates when the input signal exceeds 3 VDC or 4-20 mA

Delay: None

Reset Method: Automatic

Visual Indication: Yes, red indicating LED

Contact Closure Relay Assignment: Yes, R1

Analog Input

AI1

Type: Analog Input (AI1)

Assignment: User defined analog signal

Configurable Ranges: 0-10V or 4-20mA (4-wire)

Contact Closure Relay

R1

Type: Dry contact w/ onboard jumper to drive a remote LED

Assignment: Active alarm

Status: Normally Open (N.O.)

Rating: 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3 amp. max.

Environmental Limits, Power Requirements & Dimensions

Environmental Limits

Temperature: -20 to 120 °F [-28.9 to 48.9 °C]

Humidity: 5 to 95%

Power Requirement: 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @1.5V-A

Dimensions: 3.36H x 4.25W x 1.36D in. [85.2x108.0 x 34.5 mm]

Display, Alarm and Analog to RS-485 BACnet/Modbus Bridge



- Display the output of any analog sensor
- Read a BACnet MS/TP AI object in lieu of the physical analog input without a BAS network
- Analog input range 0-10 VDC or 4-20 mA
- 16-character alpha-numeric LCD.
- Define and display user defined input with custom units of measure
- Built-in high, low or high/low setpoint alarm with user defined tolerance and delay
- Automatic or manual alarm reset
- Active alarm is displayed on LCD, illuminates a red LED and closes a N.O. dry contact relay
- Convert the analog input to a BACnet MS/TP AI, AO or AV object or dual register Modbus value
- Make any analog sensor a network sensor
- Simple pushbutton interface does not require any proprietary hardware or software to configure or use

Functionality

Display: Display the measured analog input, AI1 (or BACnet MS/TP AI1), on the LCD with user defined units of measure

Alarm: Low and/or high user defined setpoint alarm on AI1 with user defined % of setpoint or fixed value tolerance

Delay: User defined

Reset Method: Manual or automatic

Visual Indication: Yes, LCD and red indicating LED

Network Indication: Yes

Contact Closure Relay Assignment: Yes, R1

Network Bridge Capability: Convert AI1 to a BACnet MS/TP AI, AV or AO object or dual register Modbus RTU value (high byte/low byte user definable)

User Interface

Display: 16-character alpha-numeric LCD

Navigation: 4-button interface

Analog Input

AI1

Type: Analog Input (AI1)

Assignment: User defined analog signal

Configurable Ranges: 0-10V or 4-20mA (4-wire)

Contact Closure Relay

R1

Type: Dry contact w/ onboard jumper to drive a remote LED

Assignment: Active alarm

Status: Normally Open (N.O.)

Rating: 30 VDC or 24 VAC @ 3 amp. max.

Network Connection

N1

Type: Non-isolated MS/TP BACnet master (provide an RS-485 network isolator if isolation is required) or Modbus RTU connection

Protocol: Field selectable

B.A.S. Object Read/Write Access: Yes

Device Load: 1/8 load

Supported Baud Rates: 9.6, 19.2, 38.4 and 76.8 kbaud

Environmental Limits, Power Requirements & Dimensions

Environmental Limits

Temperature: -20 to 120 °F [-28.9 to 48.9 °C]

Humidity: 5 to 95%

Power Requirement: 24 VAC (22.8 to 26.4 under load) @2.5V-A

Dimensions: 3.57H x 6.00W x 1.58D in. [90.7 x 152.4 x 40.1 mm]